



Think Investments. Think Kotak.®

SCHEME INFORMATION DOCUMENT (SID)

SECTION I

KOTAK BSE SENSEX ETF

(An open ended scheme replicating / tracking BSE Sensex Index)

Scrip code: 532985 / NSE Symbol: SENSEX1

	Scheme Riskometer	Benchmark Riskometer
This product is suitable for investors who are seeking* - Long term capital growth - Investment in stocks comprising the underlying index and endeavours to track the benchmark index, subject to tracking errors	LOW HIGH Investors understand that their principal will be at very high risk	LOW HIGH Investors understand that their principal will be at very high risk BSE SENSEX TRI

*Investors should consult their financial advisors if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them

(The above risk-o-meter is based on the scheme portfolio as on May 31, 2024. An addendum may be issued or updated in accordance with provisions of Para 17.4 of SEBI Master circular No. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023, on an ongoing basis on the website viz. www.kotakmf.com)

Continuous Offer for Units at NAV based prices

Scheme Re-opens on: June 16, 2008

Name of Mutual Fund	Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund
Name of Asset Management Company	Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Ltd CIN: U65991MH1994PLC080009
Name of Trustee Company	Kotak Mahindra Trustee Company Ltd CIN: U65990MH1995PLC090279
Registered Address of the Companies	27 BKC, C-27, G Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai - 400051
Corporate Office Address of Asset Management Company	2nd Floor, 12-BKC, Plot No. C-12, G-Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra East, Mumbai - 400 051
Website	www.kotakmf.com

The particulars of the Scheme have been prepared in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996, (herein after referred to as SEBI (MF) Regulations) as amended till date, and filed with SEBI, along with a Due Diligence Certificate from the AMC. The units being offered for public subscription have not been approved or recommended by SEBI nor has SEBI certified the accuracy or adequacy of the Scheme Information Document.

The Scheme Information Document sets forth concisely the information about the scheme that a prospective investor ought to know before investing. Before investing, investors should also ascertain about any further changes to this Scheme Information Document after the date of this Document from the Mutual Fund / Investor Service Centres / Website / Distributors or Brokers.

The investors are advised to refer to the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) for details of Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund, Standard Risk Factors, Special Considerations, Tax and Legal issues and general information on www.kotakmf.com

SAI is incorporated by reference (is legally a part of the Scheme Information Document). For a free copy of the current SAI, please contact your nearest Investor Service Centre or log on to our website.

The Scheme Information Document (Section I and II) should be read in conjunction with the SAI and not in isolation.

This Scheme Information Document is dated June 28, 2024.

BSE (“the Exchange”) Disclaimer –

BSE Ltd. (“the Exchange”) has given vide its letter dated May 6, 2008 permission to Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund to use the Exchange’s name in this Scheme Information Document as one of Stock Exchanges on which this Mutual Fund’s Units are proposed to be listed. The Exchange has scrutinized this Scheme Information Document for its limited internal purpose of deciding on the matter of granting the aforesaid permission to Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund. The Exchange does not in any manner:-

1. warrant, certify or endorse the correctness or completeness of any of the contents of the contents of this Scheme Information Document; or
2. warrant that this scheme’s unit will be listed or will continue to be listed on the Exchange; or
3. take any responsibility for the financial or other soundness of this Mutual Fund its promoters, its management or scheme or project of this Mutual Fund

and it should not for any reason be deemed or construed that this Scheme Information Document has been cleared or approved by the Exchange. Every person who desires to apply for or otherwise acquires any units of KOTAK BSE SENSEX ETF of this Mutual Fund may do so pursuant to independent inquiry, investigation and analysis and shall not have any claim against the Exchange whatsoever by reason of any loss which may be suffered by such person consequent to or in connection with such subscription/ acquisition whether by reason of anything stated or omitted to be stated herein or for any other reason whatsoever”.

Pursuant to provisions of Rajiv Gandhi Equity Savings Scheme, 2012 (RGESS) notified by the Ministry of Finance, Government of India, vide notification no. 51/2012 [F.No. 142/35/2012-TPL] dated November 23, 2012, SEBI circular no CIR/MRD/DP/32/2012 dated December 6, 2012 **and Mutual Fund notice dated January 11, 2013 Kotak BSE Sensex ETF is an eligible scheme under Rajiv Gandhi Equity Savings Scheme,2012 (RGESS).**

BSE Sensex TRI

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ABOUT RAJIV GANDHI EQUITY SAVINGS SCHEME (RGESS)

The Finance Act 2012 introduced a new section 80CCG on 'Deduction in respect of investment made under equity savings scheme' as notified by the Central Government to give tax benefits to 'New Retail Investors' who invest up to Rs. 50,000 and whose gross total annual income is less than or equal to Rs. 12 lakhs (w.e.f. from April 1, 2014 prior to that total income shall not exceed Rs. 10 lacs). Accordingly, the Ministry of Finance approved a new tax savings scheme called as Rajiv Gandhi Equity Savings Scheme, 2012 (RGESS) vide Notification no. 51/2012 F. No. 142/35/2012-TPL dated November 23, 2012.

Consequently, SEBI issued a Circular no. CIR/MRD/DP/32/2012 dated December 06, 2012 directed inter-alia Mutual Funds to take a note of RGESS notification and take necessary steps to implement the RGESS.

Salient features of the RGESS are as under:

1. RGESS is open to New Retail Investors being a resident individual, identified on the basis of their PAN. This includes those who have opened the Demat Account but have not made any transaction in equity and /or in derivatives till the date of notification of RGESS and all those account holders other than the first account holder who wish to open a fresh account.
2. The Depository shall certify the New Retail Investor status of the investor at the time of designating his demat account as demat account for the purpose of the Scheme.
3. The maximum Investment permissible for claiming deduction under RGESS is Rs. 50,000 and the investor would get a 50% deduction of the amount invested from the taxable income for that year.
4. Amongst the universe of Eligible Securities that a New Retail Investors need to invest, the Units of Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) or Mutual Fund (MF) that have RGESS Eligible Securities as their underlying and are listed and traded in the stock exchanges and settled through a depository mechanism have also been brought under RGESS.
5. To benefit the investors, the investments are allowed to be made in installments in the year in which tax claims are made.
6. The Eligible Securities brought into the demat account, as declared or designated by the New Retail Investor, will automatically be subject to lock-in during its first year unless the New Retail Investor submits a declaration (within one month from the date of transaction) in the prescribed format to the Depository Participant indicating that such securities are not to be included within the above limit of investment for claiming tax deduction.
7. The total lock-in period for investments under the RGESS would be three years including an initial blanket lock-in period of one year, commencing from the date of last purchase of securities under RGESS.
8. After the first year, investors would be allowed to trade in the securities. Investors would, however, be required to maintain their level of investment during the next two years at the amount for which they have claimed income tax benefit or at the value of the portfolio before initiating a sale transaction, whichever is less, for at least 270 days in a year.
9. The calculation of 270 days includes those days pursuant to the day on which the market value of the residual shares / Units has automatically touched the stipulated value after the date of debit.
10. The general principle under which trading is allowed is that whatever is the value of stocks / Units sold by the investor from the RGESS portfolio, RGESS compliant securities of at least the same value are credited back into the account subsequently. However, the investor is allowed to take benefits of the appreciation of his RGESS portfolio, provided its value, as on the previous day of trading, remains above the investment for which

they have claimed income tax benefit.

11. The Depository Participant shall furnish an annual statement of the Eligible Securities invested in or traded through the demat account to the investor (demat account holder).
12. In case the investor fails to meet the conditions stipulated under RGESS and the provisions laid under Section 80CCG of the Income-tax Act, 1961, the tax benefit will be withdrawn.

Note:

No deduction under section 80CCG shall be allowed from AY 2018-2019. However, an assessee who has claimed deduction under section 80CCG for AY 2017-2018 or earlier assessment year, shall be allowed deduction till AY 2019-2020, if he is otherwise eligible to claim the deduction as per the provisions of section 80CCG.

For complete details, investors are requested to read section 80CCG of the Income-tax Act, 1961 and the notification on Rajiv Gandhi Equity Savings Scheme, 2012 issued by Ministry of Finance.

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Part I. HIGHLIGHTS/SUMMARY OF THE SCHEME

Sr. No.	Title	Description
I.	Name of the scheme	Kotak BSE Sensex ETF
II.	Category of the Scheme	Other - ETFs
III.	Scheme type	An open-ended scheme replicating/ tracking BSE Sensex Index.
IV.	Scheme code	KOTM/O/O/EET/08/03/0025
V.	Investment objective	The investment objective of the scheme is to provide returns before expenses that closely correspond to the total returns of the BSE Sensex TRI subject to tracking errors. However, there is no assurance or guarantee that the investment objective of the scheme will be achieved.
VI.	Liquidity/listing details	Liquidity: The Units of the Scheme can be purchased/ redeemed on a continuous basis on the Stock Exchanges during the trading hours like any other publicly listed security. The AMC shall appoint at least two Market Makers (MMs), who are members of the Stock Exchanges, for ETFs to provide continuous liquidity on the stock exchange platform by providing two-way quotes in the units of the Scheme during trading hours. Ongoing purchases / redemptions directly from the Mutual Fund would be restricted to Market Makers and Large Investors (subject to transactions greater than INR 25 crores or such other amount as may be specified by SEBI from time to time) provided the value of units to be purchased / redeemed is in creation unit size or multiples thereof. The aforesaid limit of Rs.25 crores is not applicable for Market Makers. Market Makers / Large Investors may exchange Portfolio Deposit / cash equivalent to the portfolio deposit and applicable cash component and transaction handling charges for Purchase / Redemption of Units of the Scheme in 'Creation Unit' size or in multiples thereof directly from the Mutual Fund, as defined by the Scheme for that respective Business Day. Unit holdings in less than the Creation Unit size can normally only be sold through the secondary market, except in situations mentioned under 'Exit opportunity in case of ETF for investors other than Market Makers and Large Investors' in the SID. Depending on the market volatility, liquidity conditions and any other factors, the AMC may, at its sole discretion, decide to accept subscription/redeem Units of the Scheme either in "Cash", "in-kind"/Portfolio Deposit (through slice of the entire Portfolio excluding G-Sec, TREPS and Repo in Government Securities) or the combination of both, subject to SEBI (MF) Regulations and circulars issued thereunder from time to time

		Listing: The units of the Scheme are listed on NSE and BSE on allotment under intimation to SEBI. It may also list on any other exchanges subsequently. AMC has proposed to engage MM for creating liquidity for ETFs in the stock exchange so that investors are able to buy or redeem units on the stock exchange using the services of a stockbroker.
VII.	Benchmark (Total Return Index)	The performance of the Scheme is measured against BSE Sensex TRI (Total Return Index) Benchmark Rationale - As the Scheme is an Exchange Traded Fund and would replicate/track the securities constituting BSE Sensex Index (TRI), the said Index is most suited for comparing the performance of the Scheme.
VIII.	NAV disclosure	The NAVs of the Scheme will be calculated and disclosed on every Business Day on the website of the Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund viz www.kotakmf.com and AMFI's website www.amfiindia.com by 11.00 p.m. For further details, refer Section II.
IX.	Applicable timelines	Dispatch of redemption proceeds The Mutual Fund shall initiate payment of redemption or repurchase proceeds to the unitholders within three working days from the date of redemption or repurchase. In case of exceptional situations listed in AMFI Circular No. AMFI/35P/MEM-COR/74/2022-23 dated January 16, 2023, the scheme shall be allowed additional timelines for transfer of redemption or repurchase proceeds to the unitholders. Dispatch of IDCW The Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal (IDCW) payments shall be dispatched to the unitholders within seven working days from the record date.

X.	Plans and Options Plans/Options and sub options under the Scheme	Presently, the Scheme does not offer any Plans/Options for investment.																		
XI.	Load Structure	Exit Load: Nil																		
XII.	Minimum Application Amount/switch in	On Continuous Basis: - Ongoing purchases directly from the Mutual Fund would be restricted to Market Makers and Large Investors (subject to transactions greater than INR 25 crores or such other amount as may be specified by SEBI from time to time) provided the value of units to be purchased is in creation unit size or multiples thereof. The aforesaid limit of Rs.25 crores is not applicable for Market Makers. Market Makers / Large Investors may exchange Portfolio Deposit / cash equivalent to the portfolio deposit and applicable cash component and transaction handling charges for Purchase of Units of the Scheme in 'Creation Unit' size or in multiples thereof directly from the Mutual Fund, as defined by the Scheme for that respective Business Day. Units may be allotted only on realization of the full consideration for creation unit and at the value at which the underlying stocks for the creation unit is purchased against that purchase request. NAV for continuous offer <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Value of portfolio deposit (basket of securities) in creation unit size</td><td>1</td><td>3014802.55</td></tr> <tr> <td>Price of 1-unit portfolio creation</td><td>2</td><td>60.30</td></tr> <tr> <td>Cash Component (say)</td><td>3</td><td>1,000.00</td></tr> <tr> <td>Net Assets</td><td>4= (1+3)</td><td>30,15,802.55</td></tr> <tr> <td>No. of units in creation unit</td><td>5</td><td>50,000.00</td></tr> <tr> <td>NAV per unit</td><td>6= (4/5)</td><td>60.32</td></tr> </table> Note: - In addition to the NAV, any person transacting with the fund will have to reimburse transaction charges - brokerage, STT, NSDL charges etc. - Transaction charges payable by the investor is per creation request and will be as determined by the AMC at the time of transaction for transactions by Market Makers / large investors directly with the AMCs intra-day NAV, based on the executed price at which the securities representing the underlying index are purchased, shall be applicable along with applicable cash component and transaction charges. - The above creation unit is for 50,000 units of Kotak BSE Sensex ETF which is minimum lots size for creation. - The units are listed on NSE and BSE to provide liquidity through secondary market. It may also list on any other exchanges	Value of portfolio deposit (basket of securities) in creation unit size	1	3014802.55	Price of 1-unit portfolio creation	2	60.30	Cash Component (say)	3	1,000.00	Net Assets	4= (1+3)	30,15,802.55	No. of units in creation unit	5	50,000.00	NAV per unit	6= (4/5)	60.32
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No. of units in creation unit	5	50,000.00																		
NAV per unit	6= (4/5)	60.32																		

		subsequently. All categories of Investors may purchase the units through secondary market on any trading day. • The AMC shall appoint at least two Market Makers, who are members of the Stock Exchanges, for ETFs to provide continuous liquidity on the stock exchange platform by providing two-way quotes in the units of the Scheme during trading hours. • The AMC reserves the right to list the units of the scheme on any other exchange, in future. • Unit holdings in less than the Creation Unit size can normally only be sold through the secondary market, except in situations mentioned under 'Exit opportunity in case of ETF for investors other than Market Makers and Large Investors' in the SID. • Any Transaction placed for redemption or subscription directly with the AMC must be greater than INR 25 crores or such other amount as may be specified by SEBI from time to time and shall be at intra-day NAV based on the actual execution price of the underlying portfolio. The aforesaid threshold shall not be applicable for MMs. Switches are not allowed under the scheme.
XIII.	Minimum Additional Purchase Amount	Not Applicable
XIV.	Minimum Redemption/switch out amount	Ongoing basis: • Ongoing purchases directly from the Mutual Fund would be restricted to Market Makers and Large Investors (subject to transactions greater than INR 25 crores or such other amount as may be specified by SEBI from time to time) provided the value of units to be purchased is in creation unit size or multiples thereof. The aforesaid limit of Rs.25 crores is not applicable for Market Makers. Market Makers / Large Investors may exchange Portfolio Deposit / cash equivalent to the portfolio deposit and applicable cash component and transaction handling charges for Purchase of Units of the Scheme in 'Creation Unit' size or in multiples thereof directly from the Mutual Fund, as defined by the Scheme for that respective Business Day. Units may be allotted only on realization of the full consideration for creation unit and at the value at which the underlying stocks for the creation unit is purchased against that purchase request. • The units are listed on NSE and BSE to provide liquidity through secondary market. It may also list on any other exchanges subsequently. All categories of Investors may purchase the units through secondary market on any trading day. • The AMC will appoint Market Makers (whose name will be available on the website of the Fund www.kotakmf.com) to provide liquidity in secondary market on an ongoing basis. The Market Makers/ Large Investors would offer daily two-way quote in the market.

		The AMC reserves the right to list the units of the scheme on any other exchange, in future, subject to SEBI (MF) Regulations and circulars issued thereunder from time to time.
XV.	New Fund Offer Period This is the period during which a new scheme sells its units to the investors.	This does not apply to the scheme, as the ongoing offer of the Scheme has commenced after the NFO period, and the units are available for continuous subscription and redemption.
XVI.	New Fund Offer Price: This is the price per unit that the investors have to pay to invest during the NFO.	This does not apply to the scheme, as the ongoing offer of the Scheme has commenced after the NFO period, and the units are available for continuous subscription and redemption.
XVII.	Segregated portfolio/side pocketing disclosure	Not Applicable
XVII I	Swing pricing disclosure	Not Applicable
XIX.	Stock lending/short selling	Stock lending has been enabled in the scheme. For Details, kindly refer SAI
XX.	How to Apply and other details	Application form and Key Information Memorandum may be obtained from the offices of AMC or Investor Service Centres (ISCs)/Official Points of Acceptance (OPAs) of the Registrar or distributors or downloaded from www.kotakmf.com. Investors are also advised to refer to Statement of Additional Information before submitting the application form. The list of the Investor Service Centres (ISCs)/Official Points of Acceptance (OPAs) of the Mutual Fund will be available on the website www.kotakmf.com. All cheques should be crossed "Account Payee Only" and drawn in favour of the scheme viz: Kotak BSE Sensex ETF The AMC/ Trustee reserves the right to reject any application inter alia in the absence of fulfillment of any regulatory requirements, fulfillment of any requirements as per the SID, incomplete/incorrect documentation and not furnishing necessary information to the satisfaction of the Mutual Fund/AMC. Investors are also advised to refer to Statement of Additional Information before submitting the application form. For Further details refer section II.

XXII.	Investor services	- Contact details for general service requests: 18003091490 / 044-40229101 (Monday to Friday between 9.30am to 6.00 pm & Saturday between 9.30am to 12.30pm) https://www.kotakmf.com/feedback/customer - Contact details for complaint resolution: Ms. Sushma Mata, Investor Relations Officer Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Limited, 6th Floor, Kotak Towers, Building No.21, Infinity Park, Off: Western Express Highway Goregaon - Mulund Link Road, Malad (East), Mumbai 400097 Phone Number: 18003091490 / 044-40229101 Fax: 6708 2213 e-mail: https://info.kotakmf.com/write-to-us or WhatsApp us by sending us “Hi” at 9321884488. For portfolio valuation, give a missed call to 7039055555
XXIII	Specific attribute of the scheme (such as lock in, duration in case of target maturity scheme/close ended schemes) (as applicable)	Not Applicable
XXIV	Special product/facility available during the NFO and on ongoing basis	Not Applicable.
XXV.	Weblink	Link for Total Expense Ratio (TER) last 6 months, Daily TER as well as - https://www.kotakmf.com/Information/TER Link for scheme factsheet - https://www.kotakmf.com/Information/statutory-disclosure/information

DUE DILIGENCE BY THE ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY

It is confirmed that:

- (i) The Scheme Information Document submitted to SEBI is in accordance with the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines and directives issued by SEBI from time to time.
- (ii) All legal requirements connected with the launching of the Scheme as also the guidelines, instructions, etc., issued by the Government and any other competent authority in this behalf, have been duly complied with.
- (iii) The disclosures made in the Scheme Information Document are true, fair and adequate to enable the investors to make a well informed decision regarding investment in the Scheme.
- (iv) The intermediaries named in the Scheme Information Document and Statement of Additional Information are registered with SEBI and their registration is valid, as on date.
- (v) The contents of the Scheme Information Document including figures, data, yields etc. have been checked and are factually correct
- (vi) A confirmation that the AMC has complied with the compliance checklist applicable for Scheme Information Documents and other than cited deviations/ that there are no deviations from the regulations
- (vii) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.
- (viii) The Trustees have ensured that the Kotak BSE Sensex ETF approved by them is a new product offered by Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund and is not a minor modification of any existing scheme/fund/product.

Date: June 28, 2024

Place: Mumbai

Name: Jolly Bhatt

Designation: Compliance Officer

Part II. INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME

A. HOW WILL THE SCHEME ALLOCATE ITS ASSETS?

Instruments	Indicative allocations (% of total assets)	
	Minimum	Maximum
Stocks comprising BSE SENSEX Index*	95%	100%
Cash and debt/money market instruments	0%	5%

*Exposure to equity derivatives of the index itself or its constituent stocks may be required in certain situations wherein equity shares are unavailable, insufficient or for rebalancing in case of corporate actions for a temporary period etc. The gross position to such derivatives will be restricted to 10% of net assets of the scheme.

Money Market instruments includes commercial papers, commercial bills, treasury bills, Government securities having an unexpired maturity up to one year, call or notice money, certificate of deposit, usance bills, triparty repo and any other like instruments as specified by the Reserve Bank of India from time to time;

Subject to the Regulations and the applicable guidelines issued by SEBI, the Trustee may permit the Fund to engage in securities lending and borrowing and short selling. At present, since only lending is permitted, the Fund may temporarily lend securities held with the Custodian to reputed counter-parties or on the exchange, for a fee, subject to prudent limits and controls for enhancing returns. The Fund, as per the current regulations is allowed to lend securities subject to a maximum of 50%, in aggregate, of the net assets of the Scheme and 50% of the net assets of the Scheme in the case of a single intermediary.

As per para 12.24 of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023, the cumulative gross exposure through equity, debt, derivative positions, other permitted securities/assets and such other securities/assets as may be permitted by the Board from time to time should not exceed 100% of the net assets of the scheme.

Pursuant to para 12.25 of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023 and SEBI Letter to AMFI dated November 03, 2021, Cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days may be treated as not creating any exposure. Cash Equivalent shall consist of the following securities having residual maturity of less than 91 days:

- Government Securities;
- T-Bills; and
- Repo on Government securities.

Indicative Table (Actual instrument/percentages may vary subject to applicable SEBI circulars)

Sl. no	Type of Instrument	Percentage of exposure	Circular references*
1.	Securities Lending	Aggregate - 50% of net assets of the Scheme Single intermediary - 50% of the net assets of the Scheme	Para 12.11.2.1 of Master Circular No. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023 /74 May 19, 2023
2.	Equity Derivatives	10% of net assets of the scheme	Para 7.5 and 12.25 of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023

Portfolio Rebalancing:

Pursuant to Para 3.6.7 of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023, in case of change in constituents of the index due to periodic review, the portfolio of the scheme will be rebalanced within 7 calendar days.

Short term defensive consideration:

Subject to Para 1.14.1.2 of SEBI Master circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023 and circulars issued thereunder, the asset allocation pattern indicated above may change for a short term period on defensive considerations, keeping in view market conditions, market opportunities, applicable regulations and political and economic factors. These proportions may vary depending upon the perception of the Fund Manager, the intention being at all times to seek to protect the interests of the Unit holders. Such changes in the investment pattern will be rebalanced within 7 calendar days from the date of deviation and further action may be taken as specified under SEBI Circulars/ AMFI guidelines issued from time to time. In the event of involuntary corporate action, the scheme shall dispose the securities not forming part of the underlying index within 7 days from the date allotment/ listing.

For residual portion of 5% in asset allocation, apart from the investment restrictions prescribed under SEBI (MF) Regulations, the scheme follows certain internal norms vis-à-vis limiting exposure to a particular issuer or sector, etc. within the mentioned restrictions, and these are subject SEBI (MF) Regulations and circulars issued thereunder and to review from time to time.

B. WHERE WILL THE SCHEME INVEST?

The Scheme shall invest in the following securities as per the limits specified in the asset allocation table of Scheme, subject to SEBI (MF) Regulations.

- a. The net assets of the Scheme will be invested in stocks constituting the BSE Sensex Index and / or its exchange traded derivatives. This would be done by investing in the stocks comprising the BSE Sensex Index in approximately the same weightage that they represent in the BSE Sensex Index and / or investing in derivatives including futures contracts and options contracts on the Index.
- b. The fund may invest in debt and money market instruments, in compliance with regulations to meet liquidity and expense requirement.
- c. Money market instruments permitted by SEBI/RBI, having maturities of up to one year but not limited to:
 - Certificate of Deposits (CDs).
 - Commercial Paper (CPs)
 - Triparty repo on Government securities or treasury bills, Bills re-discounting*, as may be permitted by SEBI from time to time.
- d. Securities Lending as permitted by SEBI from time to time

C. WHAT ARE THE INVESTMENT STRATEGIES?

The Fund would invest in stocks comprising the underlying index and endeavor to track the benchmark index. The Fund may also invest in debt and money market instruments, in compliance with Regulations to meet liquidity and expense requirements.

Kotak BSE Sensex ETF endeavours to invest predominantly in stocks forming part of the underlying in the same ratio as per the index to the extent possible and to that extent follows a passive investment strategy, except to the extent of meeting liquidity and expense requirements. Events like the constituent stocks becoming illiquid in cash market, the exchange changing the constituents, a large IDCW going ex but lag in its receipts, etc tend to increase the tracking error. In such events, it may be more prudent for the fund to take exposure through derivatives of the index itself or its constituent stocks in order to minimize the long term tracking error.

The scheme may invest in another scheme of the Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund or any other Mutual Fund without charging any fees, provided that aggregate inter-scheme investment made by all schemes under the management of Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Limited or in schemes under the management of any other asset management company shall not exceed 5% of the net asset value of Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund.

Portfolio Turnover

Portfolio Turnover is a term used to measure the volume of trading that occurs in a Scheme's portfolio during a given time period. The scheme being a passively managed open-ended exchange traded fund, it is expected that there would be a number of subscriptions and redemptions on a daily basis. Hence, it is difficult to estimate with any reasonable measure of accuracy, the likely turnover in the portfolio. Generally, turnover will depend upon the extent of purchase and redemption of units and the need to rebalance the portfolio on account of change in the composition, if any, and corporate actions of securities included in the Index. The Scheme has no specific target relating to portfolio turnover.

D. HOW WILL THE SCHEME BENCHMARK ITS PERFORMANCE?

The performance of Kotak BSE Sensex ETF is benchmarked against the BSE Sensex Index (Total Return Index), the said index is most suited for comparing the performance of the Scheme.

E. WHO MANAGES THE SCHEME?

Mr. Devender Singhal and Mr. Satish Dondapati has been managing the Scheme since May 09, 2019.

Name	Age	Qualification	Business Experience	Schemes Managed
Mr. Devender Singhal	46 years	PGDM (Finance, Insurance) Mathematics (Hon) Delhi University	Mr. Devender Singhal is managing the equity funds for Kotak AMC since Aug 2015. He is managing assets across multicap and hybrid strategies. He has more than 22 years of experience in fund management and equity research of which last 15 years has been with Kotak. Prior to joining Kotak AMC, He has been part of various PMS like Kotak, Religare, Karvy and P N Vijay Financial Services.	• Kotak Multi Asset Allocator Fund of Fund-Dynamic • Kotak Nifty PSU Bank ETF • Kotak Debt Hybrid Fund • Kotak BSE Sensex ETF • Kotak Nifty Bank ETF • Kotak Nifty 50 Value 20 ETF • Kotak India Growth Fund Series 4 • Kotak Nifty IT ETF • Kotak Nifty Next 50 Index Fund • Kotak Equity Savings Fund • Kotak BSE Sensex Index Fund • Kotak Multicap Fund • Kotak Nifty Alpha 50 ETF • Kotak Nifty Midcap 50 ETF • Kotak Nifty Smallcap 50 Index Fund • Kotak Nifty 100 Low Volatility 30 ETF Fund

				• Kotak Nifty India Consumption ETF Fund • Kotak Nifty MNC ETF Fund • Kotak Nifty 200 Momentum 30 Index Fund • Kotak Nifty Financial Services Ex-Bank Index Fund • Kotak BSE Housing Index Fund • Kotak Multi Asset Allocation Fund • Kotak Consumption Fund
Mr. Satish Dondapati	44 Years	MBA (Finance)	Mr. Satish Dondapati has over 16 years of experience in ETF's. He joined Kotak AMC in March 2008 in Product's Department. Prior to joining Kotak AMC, he was in the MF Product Team of Centurion Bank Of Punjab	• Kotak BSE Sensex ETF • Kotak Nifty PSU Bank ETF • Kotak BSE Sensex ETF • Kotak Nifty Bank ETF • Kotak Nifty Sensex Value 20 ETF • Kotak Nifty IT ETF • Kotak Nifty Next 50 Index Fund • Kotak BSE Sensex Index Fund • Kotak Nifty Alpha 50 ETF • Kotak Nifty Midcap 50 ETF • Kotak Nifty 100 Low Volatility 30 ETF Fund • Kotak Nifty India Consumption ETF Fund • Kotak Nifty MNC ETF Fund • Kotak Nifty 1D Rate Liquid ETF • Kotak Nifty 200 Momentum 30 Index Fund • Kotak Nifty Financial Services Ex-Bank Index Fund • Kotak BSE Housing Index Fund • Kotak Smallcap 50 Index Fund

F. HOW IS THE SCHEME DIFFERENT FROM EXISTING SCHEMES OF THE MUTUAL FUND?

The list of existing schemes under Hybrid schemes are given below:

1. Kotak Nifty 50 Value 20 ETF
2. Kotak Nifty Alpha 50 ETF
3. Kotak Nifty Bank ETF
4. Kotak Nifty 50 ETF
5. Kotak Nifty 100 Low Volatility 30 ETF
6. Kotak Nifty India Consumption ETF
7. Kotak Nifty IT ETF
8. Kotak Nifty Midcap 50 ETF
9. Kotak Nifty MNC ETF
10. Kotak Nifty PSU Bank ETF
11. Kotak Gold ETF
12. Kotak Nifty 1D Rate Liquid ETF
13. Kotak Silver ETF

The detailed comparative table will be available in the given link:

<https://www.kotakmf.com/Information/statutory-disclosure/disclosuresrelatedtosidandkim>

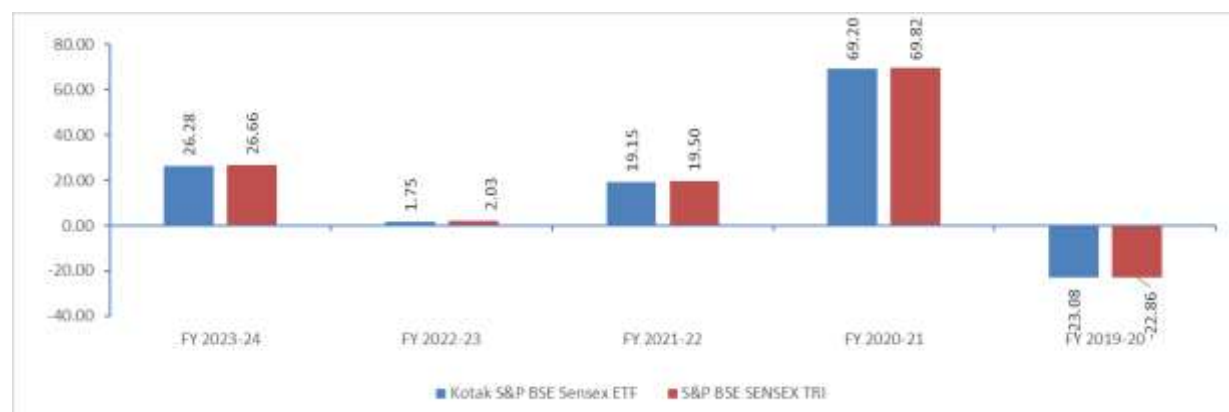
G. HOW HAS THE SCHEME PERFORMED?

Performance of the scheme as on May 31, 2024

Compounded Annualised Returns	Scheme Returns (%)	BSE Sensex Index (TRI) (%)
Returns for the last 1 year	19.22%	19.57%
Returns for the last 3 years	13.59%	13.92%
Returns for the last 5 years	14.29%	14.63%
Returns since inception	10.75%	11.74%

Since inception date is June 06, 2008. Past Performance may or may not be sustained in future,

Absolute Returns (%) for each financial year for the last 5 years



Since inception date is June 06, 2008. Past Performance may or may not be sustained in future.

H. ADDITIONAL SCHEME RELATED DISCLOSURES

- i. **Scheme's portfolio holdings:** Top 10 holdings by issuer and fund allocation will be available in the given link – <https://www.kotakmf.com/Information/statutory-disclosure/disclosuresrelatedtosidandkim>
- ii. Disclosure of name and exposure to top 7 issuers, stocks, groups and sectors as a percentage of NAV of the scheme will be available in the given link - <https://www.kotakmf.com/Information/statutory-disclosure/etfcommunication>
- iii. **Portfolio Disclosure** – The detailed portfolio and related disclosures for the scheme please refer our website <https://www.kotakmf.com/Information/forms-and-downloads>
- iv. **Portfolio Turnover Rate:** 17.19 % (As on May 31, 2024)
- v. **Aggregate investment in the Scheme by Concerned Fund Manager:** Nil

For any other disclosure w.r.t investments by key personnel and AMC directors including regulatory provisions in this regard kindly refer SAI.

- vi. **Investments of AMC in the Scheme:**
Pursuant to SEBI (Mutual Funds) (Second Amendment) Regulation 2021, AMC shall invest in the scheme based on the risk associated with the scheme as specified in para 6.9 of SEBI Master circular no SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023 read with AMFI Best Practice Guidelines Circular 135/BP/100/2022-23 dated 26th April 2022 and any other circulars issued there under, from time to time.

In addition to investments as mandated above, the AMC may invest in the Scheme subject to the SEBI (MF) Regulations. Under the Regulations, the AMC is not permitted to charge any investment management and advisory services fee on its own investment in the Scheme.

Details of Investments of AMC in the Scheme will be available in the given link.
<https://www.kotakmf.com/Information/statutory-disclosure/information>

Part III- OTHER DETAILS

A. COMPUTATION OF NAV

The AMC shall compute NAV of the Units of the Scheme will be computed by dividing the net assets of the Scheme by the number of Units outstanding on the valuation date.

The AMC shall value its investments according to the valuation norms (Valuation Policy includes computation of NAV in case of investment in foreign securities), as specified in the Eighth Schedule of the Regulations, or such guidelines / recommendations as may be specified by SEBI from time to time. The broad valuation norms are detailed in the Statement of Additional Information.

NAV of Units under the Scheme will be calculated as shown below:

NAV =	Market or Fair Value of Scheme's investments	+	Current assets including Accrued Income	-	Current Liabilities and provisions including accrued expenses
	No. of Units outstanding under the Scheme/Option.				

The NAV for the Scheme and the repurchase prices of the Units will be calculated and announced at the close of each Business Day. The NAV shall be computed up to four decimals.

The AMC may also calculate intra-day indicative NAV and publish the same on its website www.kotakmf.com. Intra-day NAV will not have any bearing on the creation or redemption of units directly with the Fund by the MM/LI. For transactions by Market Makers / large investors directly with the AMCs intra-day NAV, based on the executed price at which the securities representing the underlying index or underlying commodity(ies) are purchased / sold, shall be applicable.

Illustration for Computation of NAV:

NAV=	Market or Fair Value of Scheme's investments	+	Current assets including Accrued Income	-	Current Liabilities and provisions including accrued expenses	
	No. of Units outstanding under the Scheme/Option.					
10.109=	10,01,00,000.00	+	10,00,000.00	-	10,000.00	10,10,90,000.00
			1,00,00,000.00			1,00,00,000.00

As required under the Regulations, the asset management company shall ensure that the repurchase price of an open-ended scheme shall not be lower than 95% of the Net Asset Value.

For other details such as policies w.r.t computation of NAV, rounding off, investment in foreign securities, procedure in case of delay in disclosure of NAV etc. refer to SAI.

B. NEW FUND OFFER (NFO) EXPENSES

These expenses are incurred for the purpose of various activities related to the NFO like sales and distribution fees paid marketing and advertising, registrar expenses, printing and stationary, bank charges etc.

The New Fund Offer expenses of the scheme were borne by the AMC.

C. ANNUAL SCHEME RECURRING EXPENSES

These are the fees and expenses for operating the scheme. These expenses include Investment Management and Advisory Fee charged by the AMC, Registrar and Transfer Agents' fee, marketing and selling costs etc. as given in the table below:

The AMC has estimated that the following percentage daily net assets of the scheme will be charged to the scheme as expenses. For the actual current expenses being charged, the investor should refer to the website of the mutual fund viz. www.kotakmf.com

Expenses Structure	% of daily Net Assets
Investment Management and Advisory Fees	Upto 1.00%
Trustee fee	
Audit fees	
Custodian fees	
RTA Fees	
Marketing & Selling expense incl. agent commission	
Cost related to investor communications	
Cost of fund transfer from location to location	
Cost of providing account statements	
Costs of statutory Advertisements	
Cost towards investor education & awareness (1 bps).	
Brokerage & transaction cost over and above 12 bps and 5 bps for cash and derivative market trades resp.	
Goods and Services tax on expenses other than investment and advisory fees	
Goods and Services tax on brokerage and transaction cost	
Other Expenses (including listing expenses) *	
Maximum total expense ratio (TER) permissible under Regulation 52 (6)(b)	Upto 1.00%
Additional expenses for gross new inflows from specified cities	Upto 0.30%

In accordance with para 10.1 of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023, the B-30 incentive structure for new inflows has been kept in abeyance till the incentive structure is re-instated by SEBI.

* As permitted under the Regulation 52 of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996

The AMC shall not charge additional expenses under Regulation 52(6A)(c) in case exit load is not levied/ not applicable

The fund shall update the current expense ratios on the website www.kotakmf.com at least three working days prior to the effective date of the change. The web link for TER is www.kotakmf.com/total-expense-ratio

Illustration of impact of expense ratio on scheme's returns:

Particulars	NAV p.u. in Rs.	%
Subscription received on March 31, 2023 (A)	100.00	-
Value of Subscribed Amount before expenses as on March 31, 2022(B)	112.25	-
Expense charged by the scheme (C)	1.06	1.00%
Value of Subscribed Amount as on March 31, 2022 (Net of expenses charged) (D)	111.19	-
Net Return to investors (E) (E=D-A)	11.19	11.19%

Illustration is given to understand the impact of expense ratio on a scheme return and this should not be construed as an indicative return of the scheme. The expenses of the Direct Plan under the Scheme will be lower to the extent of distribution expenses/ commission.

In terms of the para 10.1 of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023, all fees and expenses charged in a direct plan (in percentage terms) under various heads including the investment and advisory fee shall not exceed the fees and expenses charged under such heads in a regular plan.

Additional expenses which may be charged to the Scheme:

The following additional expenses may be charged to the Scheme under Regulation 52 (6A), namely-

- Brokerage and transaction cost incurred for the purpose of execution shall be charged to the schemes (a) upto 12 bps and 5 bps for cash market transactions and derivatives transactions respectively. Any payment towards brokerage & transaction costs, over and above the said 12 bps and 5 bps for cash market transactions and derivatives transactions respectively may be charged to the Scheme within the maximum limit of Total Expense Ratio (TER) as prescribed under Regulation 52 of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996.
- Expenses not exceeding of 0.30 % of daily net assets, if the new inflows from beyond top 30 cities are at least:
 - (i) 30 % of gross new inflows in the scheme; or
 - (ii) 15 % of the average assets under management (year to date) of the scheme; whichever is higher.

Provided that if inflows from such cities is less than the higher of sub-clause (i) or sub-clause (ii), such expenses on daily net assets of the scheme shall be charged on proportionate basis.

Provided further that expenses charged under this clause shall be utilized for distribution expenses incurred for bringing inflows from such cities.

Provided further that amount incurred as expense on account of inflows from such cities shall be credited back to the scheme in case the said inflows are redeemed within a period of one year from the date of investment.

Provided further that the additional TER can be charged based on inflows only from 'retail investors' (Para 10.1.3 of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023, has defined that inflows of amount upto Rs 2,00,000/- per transaction, by individual investors shall be considered as inflows from "retail investor") from beyond top 30 cities.

Provided that the additional commission for beyond top 30 cities shall be paid as trail only.

In case inflows from beyond top 30 cities is less than the higher of (i) or (ii) above, additional TER on daily net assets of the scheme shall be charged as follows:

Daily net assets X 30 basis points X New inflows from individual investors from beyond top 30 cities

365* X Higher of (i) or (ii) above

* 366, wherever applicable.

Goods and Services tax:

Goods and Services tax on investment and advisory fees may be charged to the scheme in addition to the maximum limit of TER as prescribed in Regulation 52(6)(b). Goods and Services tax on other than investment and advisory fees, if any, shall be borne by the scheme within the maximum limit of TER as per Regulation 52.

The estimates are based on good faith for the Scheme as per the information available subject to prevailing regulations.

The aforesaid estimates are made in good faith by the Investment Manager and are subject to change inter se among the various heads of expenses and between the Plans. It may also be noted that the total expenses of the Plans will also be subject to change within the overall limits of expenses under Regulation 52. Actual expenses under any head and / or the total expenses may be more or less than the estimates. The Investment Manager retains the right to charge the actual expenses to the Fund, however the expenses charged will not exceed the statutory limit prescribed by the Regulations. There will be no sub limit on management fee, and it shall be within the overall TER specified above.

For the actual current expenses being charged, the investor may refer to the website of the mutual fund.

D. LOAD STRUCTURE

Exit Load is an amount which is paid by the investor to redeem the units from the scheme. Load amounts are variable and are subject to change from time to time. For the current applicable structure, please refer to the website of www.kotakmf.com or may call at 18003091490 or your distributor.

Type of Load	Load chargeable (as % age of NAV)
Exit	Nil

* In terms of Para 10.4 of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023, no entry load will be charged on purchase / additional purchase / switch-in. The commission as specified in aforesaid circular, if any, on investment made by the investor shall be paid by the investor directly to the Distributor, based on his assessment of various factors including the service rendered by the Distributor.

** Any exit load charged (net off Goods and Services tax, if any) shall be credited back to the Scheme.

Any imposition or enhancement of Load in future shall be applicable on prospective investments only. For any change in load structure AMC will issue an addendum and display it on the website/Investor Service Centres. In case of changes in load structure the addendum carrying the latest applicable load structure shall be attached to all KIM and SID already in stock till it is updated.

Investors may obtain information on loads on any Business Day by calling the office of the AMC or any of the Investor Service Centers. Information on applicability of loads will also be provided in the Account Statement.

As required under the Regulations, the asset management company shall ensure that the repurchase price of an open-ended scheme is not lower than 95% of the Net Asset Value.

The investor is requested to check the prevailing load structure of the scheme before investing.

Section II

I. INTRODUCTION

A. Definitions/interpretation

The details detailed definitions/ interpretations refer to the link on website of the mutual fund viz. <https://www.kotakmf.com/Information/statutory-disclosure/disclosuresrelatedtosidandkim>

B. Risk factors

Scheme Specific Risk Factors

The Scheme is subject to the principal risks described below. Some or all of these risks may adversely affect Scheme's NAV trading price, yield, total return and/or its ability to meet its objectives.

- 1) The NAV of the units is closely related to the value of stocks that form a part of the benchmark index. The value of this will react to stock market movements and may result in changes in the NAV of units under the scheme. There could also be movements in the scheme's NAV due to changes in interest rates, macro economic and political developments and over longer periods during market downturns
- 2) Liquidity Risk: Trading in Kotak BSE Sensex ETF may be halted due to market conditions or for reasons that in the view of the Exchange Authorities or SEBI, trading in Kotak BSE Sensex ETF is not advisable. There could also be trading halts caused by extraordinary market volatility and pursuant to BSE and SEBI circuit filter rules. There can be no assurance that the requirements of the exchange necessary to maintain the listing of the Kotak BSE Sensex ETF will continue to be met or will remain unchanged
- 3) Regulatory Risk: Any changes in trading regulations by the stock exchange (s) or SEBI may affect the ability of Authorised Participant to arbitrage resulting into wider premium/ discount to NAV.
- 4) Tracking error may have an impact on the performance of the scheme. However, KMAMC will endeavour to keep the tracking error as low as possible.
- 5) Market Risk: The market in general could underperform returns from the securities or other asset classes.
- 6) As the scheme proposes to invest not less than 95% of the net assets in the securities of the benchmark Index, the Scheme is a passively managed scheme and provides exposure to the benchmark and tracking its performance and yield as closely as possible. The Schemes performance may be affected by a general price decline in the stock markets. The Scheme invests in the stocks comprising the index regardless of their investment merit. The Mutual Fund does not attempt to take defensive positions in declining markets.
- 7) As the scheme proposes to invest not less than 95% of the net assets in securities comprising of BSE Sensex, any deletion of stocks from or addition to in BSE Sensex may require sudden and immediate liquidation or acquisition of such stocks at the prevailing market prices irrespective of whether valuation of stocks is attractive enough. This may not always be in the interest of unitholders.
- 8) The scheme will attract provisions of take over regulations, if it invests in more than 10% of the paid up capital of a company and therefore may not be able to accept further subscriptions.
- 9) The performance of the Sensex will have a direct bearing on the performance of the scheme. Hence any composition change by virtue of weightage or stocks selection will have an impact on the scheme.
- 10) Though Kotak BSE Sensex ETF is listed on the stock exchange, there is no assurance that an active secondary market will develop or be maintained.
- 11) Tracking error may have an impact on the performance of the scheme. However KMAMC will endeavour to keep the tracking error as low as possible.
- 12) Investors may note that even though this is an open-ended scheme, they will have to buy or sell units of the scheme on the stock exchanges where these units are listed for liquidity at the market price, subject to the rules and regulations of the exchange. Buying and selling units on stock exchange requires the investor to engage the services of a broker and are subject to payment of margins as required by the stock exchange/ broker, payment of brokerage, securities transactions tax and such other costs.
- 13) The market price of ETF units, like any other listed security, is largely dependent on two factors, viz., (1) the intrinsic value of the unit (or NAV), and (2) demand and supply of units in the market. Sizeable demand or supply of the units in Exchange may lead to market price of the units to quote at premium or

discount to NAV. However, since the eligible investors can transact with the AMC for units beyond the creation unit size there should not be a significant variance from the NAV. Hence the price of ETF is less likely to hold significant variance (large premium or discount) from the latest declared NAV all the time.

- 14) **Capital Gains Impact:** Investors who trade in Kotak BSE Sensex ETF may be subject to Long Term Capital Gains or Short-Term Capital Gains. Investors are requested to consult their tax / legal consultants before investing in the scheme.
- 15) The units will be issued only in demat form through depositories. The records of the depository are final with respect to the number of units available to the credit of unit holder. Settlement of trades, repurchase of units by the mutual fund depends up on the confirmations to be received from depository (ies) on which the mutual fund has no control.
- 16) **Tracking Error Risk:** Factors such as the fees and expenses of the Scheme, cash balance, changes to the Underlying assets and regulatory policies may affect AMC's ability to achieve close correlation with the Underlying assets of the scheme. The Scheme's returns may therefore deviate from those of its Underlying assets.

Tracking Error of ETFs is likely to be low as compared to a normal index fund. Due to the Creation / Redemption of units through the in-kind mechanism the fund can keep lesser funds in cash. Also, time lag between buying / selling units and the underlying shares is much lower. The Investment Manager would monitor the tracking error of the Scheme on an ongoing basis and would seek to minimize tracking error to the maximum extent possible. Under normal circumstances, such tracking errors are not expected to exceed 2% per annum. However, this may vary when the markets are very volatile. However, there can be no assurance or guarantee that the Scheme will achieve any particular level of tracking error relative to performance of the Underlying Index.

Risks associated with Capital Markets or Equity Markets (i.e. Markets in which Equity Shares or Equity oriented instruments are issued and traded)

- **Price fluctuations and Volatility:**

Mutual Funds, like securities investments, are subject to market and other risks and there can be neither a guarantee against loss resulting from an investment in the Scheme nor any assurance that the objective of the Scheme will be achieved. The NAV of the Units issued under the Scheme can go up or down because of various factors that affect the capital market in general, such as, but not limited to, changes in interest rates, government policy and volatility in the capital markets. Pressure on the exchange rate of the Rupee may also affect security prices.

- **Concentration / Sector Risk:**

When a Mutual Fund Scheme, by mandate, restricts its investments only to a particular sector; there arises a risk called concentration risk. If the sector, for any reason, fails to perform, the portfolio value will plummet and the Investment Manager will not be able to diversify the investment in any other sector.

- **Liquidity Risks:**

Liquidity in Equity investments may be affected by trading volumes, settlement periods and transfer procedures. These factors may also affect the Scheme's ability to make intended purchases/sales, cause potential losses to the Scheme and result in the Scheme missing certain investment opportunities. These factors can also affect the time taken by KMMF for redemption of Units, which could be significant in the event of receipt of a very large number of redemption requests or very large value redemption requests. In view of this, redemption may be limited or suspended after approval from the Boards of Directors of the AMC and the Trustee, under certain circumstances as described in the Statement of Additional Information.

- **Potential Loss associated with Securities Lending:-**

In the case of securities lending the additional risk is that there can be temporary illiquidity of the securities

that are lent out and the Fund may not be able to sell such lent-out securities, resulting in an opportunity loss. In case of a default by counterparty, the loss to the Fund can be equivalent to the securities lent.

Risks associated with Debt / Money Markets (i.e. Markets in which Interest bearing Securities or Discounted Instruments are traded)

Kotak BSE Sensex ETF invests not less than 95% its corpus in the securities representing BSE Sensex. As this scheme endeavors to earn returns that closely correspond to the total returns represented by BSE Sensex, the scheme will have insignificant cash or debt/ market investments. Therefore, the scheme is not significantly susceptible to risks associated with debt/ money markets.

Risk associated with investment in Government securities and Triparty repo on Government securities or treasury bills:

- The mutual fund is a member of securities segment and Triparty repo on Government securities or treasury bills trade settlement of the Clearing Corporation of India (CCIL). All transactions of the mutual fund in government securities and in Triparty repo on Government securities or treasury bills trades are settled centrally through the infrastructure and settlement systems provided by CCIL; thus reducing the settlement and counter party risks considerably for transactions in the said segments.
- The members are required to contribute towards margin obligation (Initial / Mark to Market etc.) as per by-laws of CCIL as also an amount as communicated by CCIL from time to time to the default fund maintained by CCIL as a part of the default waterfall (a loss mitigating measure of CCIL in case of default by any member in discharging their obligation. As per the waterfall mechanism, after the defaulter's margins and the defaulter's contribution to the default fund have been appropriated, CCIL's contribution is used to meet the losses. Post utilization of CCIL's contribution if there is a residual loss, it is appropriated from the default fund contributions of the non-defaulting members as determined by CCIL.
- Thus the scheme is subject to risk of the initial margin and default fund contribution being invoked in the event of failure of any settlement obligations. In addition, the fund contribution is allowed to be used to meet the residual loss in case of default by the other clearing member (the defaulting member).
- CCIL maintains two separate Default Funds in respect of its Securities Segment, one with a view to meet losses arising out of any default by its members from outright and repo trades and the other for meeting losses arising out of any default by its members from Triparty repo on Government securities or treasury bills trades. The mutual fund is exposed to the extent of its contribution to the default fund of CCIL, in the event that the contribution of the mutual fund is called upon to absorb settlement/ default losses of another member by CCIL, as a result the scheme may lose an amount equivalent to its contribution to the default fund.

Risks associated with Tracking errors/ difference:

Tracking error means the extent to which the NAV of the fund moves in a manner inconsistent with the movements of the benchmark index on any given day or over any given period of time due to any cause or reason whatsoever including but not limited to expenditure incurred by the scheme, IDCW payouts if any, whole cash not invested at all times as it may keep a portion of funds in cash to meet redemption etc. The tracking error i.e. the annualized standard deviation of the difference in daily returns between the underlying index or goods and the NAV of the Scheme based on past one year rolling data shall not exceed 2%. In case of unavoidable circumstances in the nature of force majeure, which are beyond the control of the AMCs, the tracking error may exceed 2% and the same shall be brought to the notice of Trustees with corrective actions taken by the AMC, if any. However, the Fund will endeavor to limit the tracking error within 2% limits. Tracking difference is the difference of return between the scheme and benchmark annualized over 1 year, 3 year, 5 years, 10 years and since inception period.

Tracking error/ difference could be the result of a variety of factors including but not limited to:

- Delay in the purchase or sale of stocks within the benchmark due to
 - Illiquidity in the stocks, circuit filters on the stocks
 - Delay in realisation of sale proceeds

- The scheme may buy or sell the stocks comprising the index at different points of time during the trading session at the then prevailing prices which may not correspond to its closing prices.
- Index providers may either exclude or include new scrips in their periodic review of the stocks that constitute the underlying index. In such situations the scheme will endeavour to rebalance the portfolio in line with the index. But may not be able to mirror the index immediately due to the available investment/reinvestment opportunity.
- The holding of a cash position and accrued income prior to distribution of income and payment of accrued expenses.
- Disinvestments to meet redemptions, recurring expenses, payouts of IDCW etc.
- Execution of large buy / sell orders
- Delay in credit of securities
- Transaction cost and recurring expenses
- Delay in realisation of Unit holders' funds
- Levy of margins by exchanges

SEBI / other Regulatory restrictions on investments and/ or divestments by the scheme / Mutual Fund, which are outside the control of AMC, which may further cause / impact the tracking error.

Risk associated with investing in other mutual fund units

Investment in units of Mutual Fund scheme involves investment risks such as trading volumes, settlement risk, liquidity risk, default risk including the possible loss of principal. As the price / value / interest rates of the underlying securities in which the mutual fund scheme invests fluctuates, the value of units of mutual fund scheme may go up or down. The value of underlying securities may be affected, inter-alia, by changes in the market, interest rates, changes in credit rating, trading volumes, settlement periods and transfer procedures; the NAV is also exposed to Price/Interest-Rate Risk and Credit Risk and may be affected inter-alia, by government policy, volatility and liquidity in the money markets and pressure on the exchange rate of the rupee. Investment in units of mutual fund scheme is also exposed to risk of suspension of subscriptions / redemptions of the units, change in fundamental attributes etc. Since the Scheme may invest in schemes of Mutual Funds, scheme specific risk factors of each such mutual fund schemes will be applicable to the Scheme portfolio.

C. Risk mitigation strategies

Type of Risks	Measures/ Strategies to control risks
Debt and Money Market instruments	• Credit Risk: Management analysis will be used for identifying company specific risks. Management's past track record will also be studied. In order to assess financial risk a detailed assessment of the issuer's financial statements will be undertaken. • Price-Risk or Interest-Rate Risk: The Scheme may primarily invest the debt portion of the portfolio in short term debt & money market instruments, units of Liquid and Overnight schemes thereby mitigating the price volatility due to interest rate changes generally associated with long-term securities. • Risk of Rating Migration: The Scheme may primarily invest the debt portion of the portfolio in short-term debt & money market instruments, units of Liquid and Overnight schemes thereby mitigating the risk of rating migration generally associated with long-term securities • Basis Risk: The debt allocation of scheme is primarily as a cash management strategy and such strategy returns are expected to reflect the very short term interest rate hence investment is done in short term debt and money market instruments. • Spread Risk: The Scheme may primarily invest the debt portion of the portfolio in short-term debt & money market instruments, units of Liquid and Overnight

	schemes thereby mitigating the risk of spread expansion which is generally associated with long-term securities • Reinvestment Risk: The debt allocation of scheme is primarily as a cash management strategy and such strategy returns are expected to reflect the very short-term interest rate hence investment is done in short term debt and money market instruments. Reinvestment risks will be limited to the extent of debt instruments, which will be a very small portion of the overall portfolio value. • Liquidity Risk: The Scheme may, however, endeavor to minimize liquidity risk by primarily investing the debt portion of the portfolio in relatively liquid short-term debt & money market instruments, units of Liquid and Overnight schemes.
Government securities and Triparty repo on Government securities or treasury bills:	As a member of securities segment and Triparty repo segment, maintenance of sufficient margin is a mandatory requirement. CCIL monitors these on a real time basis and requests the participants to provide sufficient margin to enable the trades etc. Also, there are stringent conditions / requirements before registering any participants by CCIL in these segments. Since settlement is guaranteed the loss on this account could be minimal though there could be an opportunity loss.
Units of mutual fund schemes	Mutual Fund portfolios are generally well diversified and typically endeavor to provide liquidity on a T+1/T+2 basis and aim to mitigate any risks arising out of underlying investments. Commodity ETF's are quite liquid as they can either be created / redeemed with the fund house or traded on the exchange.
Tracking errors	Over a short period, the Scheme may carry the risk of variance between portfolio composition and Benchmark. The objective of the Scheme is to closely track the performance of physical gold prices over the same period, subject to tracking error. The Scheme would endeavor to maintain a low tracking error by actively aligning the portfolio in line with the Index.

The measures mention above is based on current market conditions and may change from time to time based on changes in such conditions, regulatory changes and other relevant factors. Accordingly, our investment strategy, risk mitigation measures and other information contained herein may change in response to the same.

II. INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME:

A. Where will the scheme invest

Where will the scheme invest	Definitions
Equity and equity related securities including convertible bonds and debentures and warrants carrying the right to obtain equity shares;	Equity shares is a security that represents ownership interest in a company.
	Equity related instruments include convertible debentures, convertible preference shares, warrants carrying the right to obtain equity shares, equity derivatives and such other instrument as may be specified by the Board from time to time.
	Derivative is a financial instrument whose value is based upon the value of an underlying equity shares or indices. The equity derivatives may be in the following form:
	Futures - Futures Contract means a legally binding agreement to buy or sell the underlying security / indices on a future date at an agreed price. Options - Options Contract is a type of Derivatives Contract which gives the buyer/holder of the contract the right (but not the obligation) to buy/sell the underlying asset at a predetermined price within or at end of a specified period. The buyer / holder of the option purchases the right from the seller/writer for a consideration which is called the premium. The seller/writer of an option is obligated to settle the option as per the terms of the contract when the buyer/holder exercises his right. The underlying asset could include securities, an index of prices of securities etc.
Securities created and issued by the Central and State Governments and/or repos/reverse repos in such Government Securities as may be permitted by RBI (including but not limited to coupon bearing bonds, zero coupon bonds and treasury bills)	Government Security (G-Sec) is a tradeable instrument issued by the Central Government or the State Governments. It acknowledges the Government's debt obligation. They are generally long term with maturity of one year or more. In India, the Central Government issues both, treasury bills and bonds or dated securities while the State Governments issue only bonds or dated securities, which are called the State Development Loans (SDLs). G-Secs carry practically no risk of default and, hence, are called risk-free gilt-edged instruments. Repos / Reverse Repos enables collateralized short term borrowing and lending through sale/purchase operations in the such government securities.

Money market instruments permitted by SEBI/RBI, having maturities of up to one year but not limited to: • Certificate of Deposits (CDs). • Commercial Paper (CPs) • Tri-party Repo, Bills re-discounting, as may be permitted by SEBI from time to time. • Repo of corporate debt securities	• “Certificate of Deposit” or “CD” is issued by Scheduled Commercial Banks (SCBs) and All-India Financial Institutions. There is a term period of 7 days to 1 year for CDs that are issued by SCBs, whereas the term period ranges from 1 year to 3 years for CDs issued by financial institutions. CDs are usually issued at a discounted rate and redeemed at par. • "Commercial Paper" or "CP" is a short-term instrument issued by corporates and financial institutions. CPs are usually issued at a discounted rate and redeemed at par. The tenor of CP ranges from 7 days to 1 year. • Treasury bills or T-bills, which are money market instruments, are short term debt instruments issued by the Government of India and are presently issued in three tenors, namely, 91 day, 182 day and 364 day. Treasury bills are zero coupon securities and pay no interest. Instead, they are issued at a discount and redeemed at the face value at maturity. • Triparty Repo (TREPS) is a type of repo contract where a third entity (apart from the borrower and lender), called a Tri-Party Agent, acts as an intermediary between the two parties to the repo to facilitate services like collateral selection, payment and settlement, custody and management during the life of the transaction. • Repos / Reverse Repos enables collateralized short term borrowing and lending through sale/purchase operations in debt instruments (including corporate bonds). • Bills Re-discounting is an instrument where a financial institution discounts the bills of exchange that it has discounted previously with another financial institution.
Securities Lending & Borrowing as permitted by SEBI from time to time	Securities Lending and Borrowing is a process through which shares or stocks are lent or borrowed from other investors or financial firms at a specified time and price.

Overview of Debt Market and Money Markets

The Indian Debt Market has grown in size substantially over the years. The Reserve Bank of India has been taking steps to make the Indian Debt Market efficient and vibrant. Broadly, the debt market is divided in two parts viz. the Money Market and the Debt market. Money market instruments have a tenor of less than one year while debt market instruments have a tenor of more than one year. Money market instruments are typically commercial paper, certificates of deposit, treasury bills, trade bills, repos, interbank call deposit receipts etc. Debt market comprises typically of securities issued by Governments (Central and State), Banks, Financial Institutions, and Companies in the private and public sector, Corporations, Statutory Bodies etc.

The money markets in India essentially consist of the call money market (i.e. market for overnight and term money between banks and institutions), repo transactions (temporary sale with an agreement to buy back the securities at a future date at a specified price), commercial papers (CPs, short term unsecured promissory notes, generally issued by corporates), certificate of deposits (CDs, issued by banks) and Treasury Bills / Cash Management Bills (issued by RBI). In a predominantly institutional market, the key money market players are banks, financial institutions, insurance companies, mutual funds, primary dealers and corporates. In money market, activity levels of the Government and nongovernment debt vary from time to time. Instruments that comprise a major portion of money market activity include but not limited to:

- Overnight Call
- Tri-party Repo
- Repo/Reverse Repo Agreement
- Treasury Bills / Cash Management Bills
- Government securities with a residual maturity of < 1 year.
- Commercial Paper
- Certificate of Deposit

The debt securities are mainly traded over the telephone directly or through brokers or through Request for Quote (RFQ) platform set up by exchanges. Such trades are reported in reporting platforms set up by FIMMDA/CCIL/Exchanges and settled through the exchanges. The National Stock Exchange of India has a separate trading platform called the Wholesale Debt Market segment where trades put through member brokers are reported.

RBI has introduced the Negotiated Dealing System (NDS) platform for screen-based trading in Government Securities (Gsecs) and Treasury Bills/Cash Management Bills. Most of the market participants are now operating through NDS. RBI also facilitates trades in Tri-party Repo (TREP) in Gsecs through TREPS i.e. Tri-party Repo Dealing System and Market repos in Gsecs through Clearcorp Repo Order Matching System (CROMS).

Promoted by major banks and financial institutions, The Clearing Corporation of India Ltd. (CCIL) was incorporated on April 30, 2001. The CCIL guarantees the settlement of all trades executed through NDS. The clearing and settlement risks viz., Counter party Credit Risk and Operational Risk are mitigated by CCIL thereby facilitating a smooth settlement process.

The following table gives approximate yields prevailing as on 24.06.2024 on some of the money and debt market instruments. These yields are indicative and do not indicate yields that may be obtained in future as interest rates keep changing.

Instrument	Yield Range (% per annum)
Inter-bank Call Money	6.60-6.65
91 Day Treasury Bill	6.83-6.85
364 Day Treasury Bill	6.98-7.00
P1+ Commercial Paper 90 Days	7.12-7.15
3-Year Government of India Security	6.95-6.97
5-Year Government of India Security	6.97-6.99
10-Year Government of India Security	6.97-7.00

Generally, for instruments issued by a non-Government entity, the yield is higher than the yield on a Government Security with corresponding maturity. The difference, known as credit spread, depends on the credit rating of the entity. Investors must note that the yields shown above are the yields prevailing on June 24, 2024 and they are likely to change consequent to changes in economic conditions and RBI policy.

B. What are the investment restrictions?

The following investment limitations and other restrictions, inter-alia, as contained in the Trust Deed and the Regulations apply to the Scheme:

1. The Fund shall buy and sell securities only against deliveries. In no case shall the Fund engage in short selling, carry forward transactions or Badla financing. Provided that the Fund may enter into derivatives transactions for the purpose of hedging and portfolio balancing in accordance with the guidelines issued by SEBI.
2. A scheme may invest in another scheme, under the same AMC or any other mutual fund provided that the aggregate inter-scheme investments made by all schemes under the same AMC or any other mutual fund shall not exceed 5% of the net assets of the Fund or any other limit as prescribed by the Regulations from time to time. The AMC is not permitted by the Regulations to charge any investment management and advisory services fee on such investments.
3. Pending deployment of funds of a scheme in terms of investment objectives of the scheme, a mutual fund may invest them in short term deposits of schedule commercial banks, subject to Para 12.16 and Para 4.5 of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023, as may be amended from time to time. The AMC shall not charge any investment management and advisory fees for parking of funds in such short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks for the scheme.
4. The Scheme shall not make any investment in:
 - any unlisted security of an associate or group company of the Sponsor; or
 - any security issued by way of private placement by any associate or group company of the Sponsor; or
 - the listed securities of group companies of the Sponsor in excess of 25% of its net assets.
5. The Scheme shall not invest in any Fund of Funds Scheme.
6. As per Clause 1 of the Seventh Schedule of MF Regulation, the Scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its NAV in debt instruments comprising money market instruments and non-money market instruments issued by a single issuer which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency authorised to carry out such activity under the Act. Such investment limit may be extended to 12% of the NAV of the scheme with the prior approval of the Board of Trustees and the Board of directors of the asset management company.

Within the limits specified in clause 1 of the Seventh Schedule of MF Regulation, a mutual fund scheme shall not invest more than:

- a. 10% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated AAA issued by a single issuer; or
- b. 8% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated AA issued by a single issuer; or
- c. 6% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated A and below issued by a single issuer.

The above investment limits may be extended by up to 2% of the NAV of the scheme with prior approval of the Board of Trustees and Board of Directors of the AMC, subject to compliance with the overall 12% limit specified in clause 1 of the Seventh Schedule of MF Regulation.

The long term rating of issuers shall be considered for the money market instruments. However, if there is no long term rating available for the same issuer, then based on credit rating mapping of Credit Rating Agency (CRAs) between short term and long term ratings, the most conservative long term rating shall be taken for a given short term rating

Provided that such limit shall not be applicable for investments in Government Securities, treasury bills and triparty repo on Government securities or treasury bills.

Provided further that investments within such limit can be made in mortgaged backed securitised debt which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency registered with the Board.

Provided further that such limit shall not be applicable for investments in case of debt exchange traded funds or such other funds as may be specified by the Board from time to time.

Considering the nature of the Scheme, investments in such instruments will be permitted up to 5% of its Net Assets.

7. In accordance with the guidelines as stated under Para 12.1 of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 202, investments in unrated debt and money market instruments, other than government securities, treasury bills, derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps (IRS), Interest Rate Futures (IRF), etc. by mutual fund schemes shall be subject to the conditions as specified in the said circular:
 - a. Investments should only be made in such instruments, including bills re-discounting, usance bills, etc., that are generally not rated and for which separate investment norms or limits are not provided in SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, 1996 and various circulars issued thereunder.
 - b. Exposure of mutual fund schemes in such instruments, shall not exceed 5% of the net assets of the schemes.
 - c. All such investments shall be made with the prior approval of the Board of AMC and the Board of trustees.
8. Debentures, irrespective of any residual maturity period (above or below one year), shall attract the investment restrictions as applicable for debt instruments as specified under Clause 1 and 1 A of Seventh Schedule to the Regulations as stated under Para 12.1 of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023.
9. Investments of the Scheme, together with the investments of other schemes of the Fund in share capital of any company shall not exceed 10% of that company's paid-up capital carrying voting rights. Provided, investment in the asset management company or the trustee company of a mutual fund shall be governed by clause (a), of sub-regulation (1), of regulation 7B
For the purpose of determining the above limit, gross long position, which will be a combination of positions of the underlying securities and stock derivatives, will be considered.
10. The Scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its Net Assets in the equity or equity related instruments of any company.
Provided that the limit of 10% shall not be applicable for investments in case of index fund or sector or industry specific scheme.
11. All investments by a mutual fund scheme in equity shares and equity related instruments shall only be made provided such securities are listed or to be listed.
12. The mutual fund shall get the securities purchased / transferred in the name of the fund on account of the concerned scheme, where investments are intended to be of long term nature.

In terms of the Para 3.4 of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023, the Index shall comply with the following portfolio concentration norms:

- a) The Index shall have a minimum of 10 stocks as its constituents.
- b) No single stock shall have more than 25% weight in the Index.
- c) The weightage of the top three constituents of the Index, cumulatively shall not be more than 65% of the Index.
- d) The individual constituent of the Index shall have a trading frequency greater than or equal to 80% and an average impact cost of 1% or less over previous six months.

The Scheme shall monitor compliance with the aforesaid norms by the Index at the end of every calendar quarter. Further, the updated constituents of the Index shall be made available on the website of the Fund.

The Scheme shall endeavour to follow the guidelines prescribed under Para 3.4 and Para 3.6 of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023 and circular issued thereunder from time to time.

Accordingly, the underlying Index shall ensure that such index complies with the aforesaid norms.

Modifications, if any, in the Investment Restrictions on account of amendments to the Regulations shall supersede/override the provisions of the Trust Deed.

All investment restrictions shall be applicable at the time of making investment.

C. Fundamental Attributes

Following are the fundamental attributes of the schemes, in terms of Regulation 18 (15A) of SEBI (MF) Regulations:

- (i) Type of the scheme: As mentioned under the heading “Type of the Scheme” of Part I – Sr. No. III
- (ii) Investment Objective: As mentioned under the heading “Investment Objective” of Part I – Sr. No. V
- (iii) Investment Pattern: As mentioned under the heading “How will the scheme allocate its assets” of Part II – A
- (iv) Terms of Issue:
 - a. Liquidity provisions such as listing, repurchase, redemption. Investors may refer Part I and Section II under ‘Other Scheme Specific Disclosures’ for detailed information on listing, repurchase and redemption.
 - b. Aggregate fees and expenses charged to the scheme. Investors may refer Part III ‘Other Details’.
 - c. Any safety net or guarantee provided – Not Applicable

In accordance with Regulation 18(15A) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations, the trustees shall ensure that no change in the fundamental attributes of any scheme, the fees and expenses payable or any other change which would modify the scheme and affect the interest of the unit holders is carried out by the asset management company, unless it complies with sub-regulation (26) of regulation 25 of these regulations.

In accordance with Regulation 25(26) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations, the asset management company shall ensure that no change in the fundamental attributes of any scheme or the trust, fees and expenses payable or any other change which would modify the scheme and affect the interest of unit holders, shall be carried out unless,

- SEBI has reviewed and provided its comments on the proposal.
- A written communication about the proposed change is sent to each unit holder and an advertisement is issued in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of region where the Head Office of the mutual fund is situated; and
- The Unitholders are given an option for a period of 30 calendar days to exit at the prevailing Net Asset Value without any exit load

D. Index Methodology:

The performance of Kotak BSE Sensex ETF is benchmarked against the BSE Sensex (TRI)

About BSE SENSEX Index TRI

It is designed to measure the performance of the 30 largest, most liquid and financially sound companies across key sectors of the Indian economy that are listed at BSE.

It can be used for variety of purposes such as benchmarking fund portfolios, launching of Index funds, ETF and structured products and also for research purposes.

Index Re-Balancing:

Index is re-balanced on semi-annual basis. i.e. June and December

Selection Criteria:

- i. All companies meeting the eligibility factors are ranked based on their average six-month float adjusted market capitalization. The top 75 are identified.
- ii. All companies meeting the eligibility factors are ranked again based on their average six-month total market capitalization. The top 75 are identified.
- iii. All companies identified based on steps 1 and 2 are then combined and sorted based on their annualized traded value. Companies with a cumulative annualized traded value greater than 98% are excluded.
- iv. The remaining companies are then sorted by average six-month float-adjusted market capitalization. Companies with a weight of less than 0.5% are excluded.
- v. The remaining companies from step 4 are then ranked based on their average six-month float adjusted market capitalization, and are selected for index inclusion according to the following rules:
 - a. The top 21 companies (whether a current index constituent or not) are selected for index inclusion with no sector consideration.
 - b. Existing constituents ranked 22 – 39 are selected in order of highest rank until the target constituent count of 30 is reached.
 - c. If after this step the target constituent count is not achieved, then non-constituents ranked 22 – 30 are selected by giving preference to those companies whose common India Industry Classification Structure macro-economic indicator is underrepresented in the index as compared to the macro-economic indicator representation in the BSE AllCap.
 - d. If after this step, the target constituent count is still not achieved, non-constituents are selected in order of highest rank until the target constituent count is reached.

Annualized traded value is calculated by taking the median of the monthly medians of the daily traded values over the six-month period. The annualization is calculated using 250 trading days in a year.

All additions and deletions are made at the discretion of index committee

Index Eligibility Criteria:

The index is derived from the constituents of the BSE 100. The inclusion of DVRs in the index will result in more than 30 stocks in the index. However, the number of companies in the index remains fixed at 30. Stocks in the eligible universe must satisfy the following eligibility factors in order to be considered for index inclusion:

Listing History. Stocks must have a listing history of at least six months at BSE.

Trading Days. The stock must have traded on every trading day at BSE during the six-month reference period.

Derivative Linkage. Stock must have a derivative contract.

Multiple Share Classes. DVRs satisfying the above eligibility criteria are aggregated with the company's common stock and index construction is done based on the aggregated company data as detailed below.

Constituent Weighting:

Index constituents are weighted based on their float-adjusted market capitalization

Index Constituents and weightages (as on 31st May, 2024)

SR. No	Stock Name	Weights
1	BAJAJ FINANCE LIMITED	2.20%
2	STATE BANK OF INDIA	3.76%
3	TITAN COMPANY LIMITED	1.60%
4	HDFC BANK LTD.	13.74%
5	INFOSYS LTD.	5.93%

6	JSW STEEL LTD.	0.99%
7	KOTAK MAHINDRA BANK LTD.	2.84%
8	RELIANCE INDUSTRIES LTD.	11.66%
9	TATA STEEL LTD.	1.61%
10	LARSEN & TOUBRO LTD.	5.12%
11	MAHINDRA & MAHINDRA LTD.	2.84%
12	TATA MOTORS LTD.	1.96%
13	HINDUSTAN UNILEVER LTD.	2.46%
14	NESTLE INDIA LTD.	0.99%
15	ASIAN PAINTS LTD.	1.53%
16	ITC LTD.	4.71%
17	WIPRO LTD.	0.73%
18	SUN PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRIES	1.86%
19	ICICI BANK LTD.	9.28%
20	INDUSIND BANK LTD.	1.13%
21	AXIS BANK LTD.	3.90%
22	HCL TECHNOLOGIES LTD.	1.65%
23	BHARTI AIRTEL LTD.	4.11%
24	MARUTI SUZUKI INDIA LTD.	2.03%
25	ULTRATECH CEMENT LTD.	1.35%
26	TATA CONSULTANCY SERVICES LTD.	4.44%
27	NTPC LTD.	2.01%
28	TECH MAHINDRA LTD.	0.91%
29	POWER GRID CORPORATION OF INDI	1.67%
30	BAJAJ FINSERV LTD.	0.98%

The average impact cost for individual constituent of the index:

The average impact cost for individual constituent of the BSE Sensex index is **0.02%** as on 31st May 2024.

Index Service Provider

Asia Index Pvt. Ltd is a wholly owned of BSE Ltd, Asia's oldest stock exchange and home to the iconic SENSEX index - a leading indicator of Indian equity market performance. We combine benchmarks and market intelligence. We are committed to processes, policies, and procedures that are aligned with industry's best practices as well as rules and regulations impacting our business.

For more information, please visit: <https://www.asiaindex.co.in/index.html>

E. Principles of incentive structure for market makers

Performance based incentives as and when offered to market maker, shall be disclosed as per SEBI Circular. The same shall be charged within the permissible TER limit.

F. Other Scheme Specific Disclosures:

Listing and transfer of units	Listing: The units of the Scheme are listed on NSE and BSE on allotment under intimation to SEBI. It may also list on any other exchanges subsequently. AMC has proposed to engage MM for creating liquidity for ETFs in the stock exchange so that retail investors (investors other than MM and Large Investors) are able to buy or redeem units on the stock exchange using the services of a stockbroker. Transfer of Units: Not Applicable
Dematerialization of units	1. Units of the Scheme will be available in Dematerialized (electronic) form in addition to the account statement. 2. The applicant under the Scheme will be required to have a beneficiary account with a Depository Participant of NSDL/CDSL and will be required to indicate in the application the Depository Participants (DP's) name, DP ID Number and the beneficiary account number of the applicant. 3. Units of the Scheme will be issued, traded and settled compulsorily in dematerialized form.
Minimum Target amount (This is the minimum amount required to operate the scheme and if this is not collected during the NFO period, then all the investors would be refunded the amount invested without any return.)	Not Applicable since it is an ongoing scheme.
Maximum Amount to be raised (if any)	Not Applicable since it is an ongoing scheme.
Dividend Policy (IDCW)	The Scheme does not offer any Plans/Options for investment. The AMC/Trustee reserve the right to introduce Option(s) as may be deemed appropriate at a later date.
Allotment (Detailed procedure)	The AMC/ Trustee reserves the right to reject any application inter alia in the absence of fulfillment of any regulatory requirements, fulfillment of any requirements as per the SID, incomplete/incorrect documentation and furnishing necessary information to the satisfaction of the Mutual Fund/AMC and subject to SEBI (MF) Regulations and circulars issued thereunder from time to time. Allotment of units and dispatch of allotment advice to FPI will be subject to RBI approval if required. Investors who have applied in non-depository mode will be entitled to receive the account statement of units within 5 Business Days of the closure of the NFO Period (since the investor can transact only through the exchange after NFO period, they need to convert the units in demat form).

	For applicants applying through the ASBA mode, on intimation of allotment by CAMS to the banker the investors account shall be debited to the extent of the amount due thereon. On allotment, units will be credited to the Investor's demat account as specified in the ASBA application form. The Units of the Scheme held in the dematerialised form will be fully and freely transferable (subject to lock-in period, if any and subject to lien, if any marked on the units) in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 1996 as may be amended from time to time and as stated in Para 14.4.4 of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023. Further, for the procedure of release of lien, the investors shall contact their respective DP. Also, when a person becomes a holder of the units by operation of law or upon enforcement of pledge, then the AMC shall, subject to production/submission of such satisfactory evidence, which in its opinion is sufficient, effect the transfer, if the intended transferee is otherwise eligible to hold the units.
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Refund	If application is rejected, full amount will be refunded within 5 working days of closure of NFO. If refunded later than 5 working days @ 15% p.a. for delay period will be paid and charged to the AMC.
Who can invest This is an indicative list and investors shall consult their financial advisor to ascertain whether the scheme is suitable to their risk profile.	The following are eligible to apply for purchase of the Units: • Resident Indian Adult Individuals, either singly or jointly (not exceeding three). • Parents/Lawful guardians on behalf of Minors. • Companies, corporate bodies, registered in India. • Registered Societies and Co-operative Societies authorised to invest in such Units. • Public sector undertakings, public/Statutory corporations subject to general or specific permissions granted to them by the Central/State governments from time to time. • Religious and Charitable Trusts under the provisions of 11(5) of the Income Tax Act, 1961 read with Rule 17C of the Income Tax Rules, 1962. • Trustees of private trusts authorised to invest in mutual fund schemes under their trust deeds. • Partner(s) of Partnership Firms. • Association of Persons or Body of Individuals, whether incorporated or not. • Hindu Undivided Families (HUFs). • Banks (including Co-operative Banks and Regional Rural Banks) and Financial Institutions and Investment Institutions. • Non-Resident Indians/Persons of Indian origin resident abroad (NRIs) on full repatriation or non-repatriation basis. • Other Mutual Funds registered with SEBI. • Foreign Portfolio Investors (FPIs) or sub-accounts of FPI's registered with SEBI. • International Multilateral Agencies approved by the Government of India. • Army/Navy/Air Force, Para-Military Units and other eligible institutions. • Scientific and Industrial Research Organizations. • Provident/Pension/Gratuity and such other Funds as and when permitted to invest. • Public Financial Institution as defined under the Companies Act 2013. • Foreign Portfolio Investor • Universities and Educational Institutions. • Other schemes of Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund may, subject to the conditions and limits prescribed in the SEBI Regulations and/or by the Trustee, AMC or Sponsor, subscribe to the Units under the Scheme.

	The list given above is indicative and the applicable law, if any, shall supersede the list.
Who cannot invest	Acceptance of Subscriptions from U.S. Persons and Residents of Canada w.e.f. November 17, 2016: - The Scheme shall not accept subscriptions from U.S. Persons and Residents of Canada, except where transaction request received from Non – resident Indian (NRIs) / Persons of Indian Origin (PIO) who at the time of investment are present in India and submit physical transaction request along with such declarations / documents as may be prescribed by Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Ltd and Kotak Mahindra Trustee Company Ltd. The AMC shall accept such investments subject to the applicable laws and such other terms and conditions as may be notified by the AMC/ Trustee Company. The investor shall be responsible for complying with all the applicable laws for such investments. The AMC reserves the right to put the transaction request on hold/reject the transaction request, or reverse the units allotted, as the case may be, as and when identified by the AMC, which are not in compliance with the terms and conditions notified in this regard. The Trustee/AMC reserves the right to change/modify the provisions mentioned above at a later date.
How to Apply and other details	For Market Makers & Large Participants Application form and Key Information Memorandum may be obtained from the offices of AMC or Investor Service Centres (ISCs)/Official Points of Acceptance (OPAs) of the Registrar or distributors or downloaded from www.kotakmf.com. Investors are also advised to refer to Statement of Additional Information before submitting the application form. The list of the Investor Service Centres (ISCs)/Official Points of Acceptance (OPAs) of the Mutual Fund will be available on the website www.kotakmf.com. Purchase from Stock Exchanges (applicable for Market Makers, Large Investors and other investor). An investor can buy units of the Scheme on a continuous basis on the national stock exchange and other recognised stock exchanges where the Scheme units are listed and traded like any other publicly traded securities at prices which may be close to the actual NAV of the Scheme. There is no load for investors transacting on the stock exchange. However, there would be cost of brokerage and other transactions costs (like stamp duty) payable to broker or sub-broker of the exchange.

	The AMC/ Trustee reserves the right to reject any application inter alia in the absence of fulfillment of any regulatory requirements, fulfillment of any requirements as per the SID, incomplete/incorrect documentation and not furnishing necessary information to the satisfaction of the Mutual Fund/AMC. Any application may be accepted or rejected at the sole and absolute discretion of the Trustee. All cheques and drafts should be crossed "Account Payee Only" and drawn in favour the scheme name in which investment is intended to be made. The investors can submit the Application forms and Key Information Memorandum (along with transaction slip)/ forms for redemption/ switches at the branches of AMC or Investor Service Centres (ISCs)/Official Points of Acceptance (OPAs) of the Registrar (CAMS) or distributors or on the website of Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund (www.kotakmf.com). Investors are also advised to refer to Statement of Additional Information before submitting the application form. For Further details refer section II.
The policy regarding reissue of repurchased units, including the maximum extent, the manner of reissue, the entity (the scheme or the AMC) involved in the same.	Not Applicable
Restrictions, if any, on the right to freely retain or dispose of units being offered.	Units which are held in demat form shall be freely transferable under the depository system.
Cut off timing for subscriptions/ redemptions/ switches This is the time before which your application (complete in all respects) should reach the official points of acceptance.	For Purchase/ Redemption directly from the fund on any business day: - upto 3.00 p.m. on a business day, the NAV of such business day. - After 3.00 p.m. on a business day, the NAV of the following business day. Pursuant to para 3.6.2 of SEBI Master Circular No. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023 dated May 23, 2022, the aforesaid cut off timing shall not be applicable for direct transaction with AMCs by MM and other eligible investors. Technical issues when transactions are processed through online facilities/ electronic modes. The time of transaction done through various online facilities / electronic modes offered by the AMC, for the purpose of determining the applicability of NAV, would be the time when the request for purchase / SIP/ sale / switch

	of units is received in the servers of AMC/RTA. In case of transactions through online facilities / electronic modes, there may be a time lag of few seconds or upto 1-7 banking days between the amount of subscription being debited to investor's bank account and the subsequent credit into the respective Scheme's bank account. This lag may impact the applicability of NAV for transactions where NAV is to be applied, based on actual realization of funds by the Scheme. Under no circumstances will Kotak Asset Management Company Limited or its bankers or its service providers be liable for any lag / delay in realization of funds and consequent pricing of units. The AMC has the right to amend cut off timings subject to SEBI (MF) Regulations for the smooth and efficient functioning of the Scheme. Representation of SIP transaction which have failed due to technical reasons will also follow same rule.
Minimum amount for purchase/redemption/switches (mention the provisions for ETFs, as may be applicable, for direct subscription/redemption with AMC.	Minimum Purchase Amount: • Ongoing purchases / redemptions directly from the Mutual Fund would be restricted to Market Makers and Large Investors (subject to transactions greater than INR 25 crores or such other amount as may be specified by SEBI from time to time) provided the value of units to be purchased / redeemed is in creation unit size or multiples thereof. The aforesaid limit of Rs.25 crores is not applicable for Market Makers. • Market Makers / Large Investors may exchange Portfolio Deposit / cash equivalent to the portfolio deposit and applicable cash component and transaction handling charges for Purchase / Redemption of Units of the Scheme in 'Creation Unit' size or in multiples thereof directly from the Mutual Fund, as defined by the Scheme for that respective Business Day. • The units would be listed on NSE and BSE to provide liquidity through secondary market. All categories of Investors may purchase the units through secondary market on any trading day. The AMC will appoint Market Makers to provide liquidity in secondary market on an ongoing basis. The Market Makers would offer daily two-way quote in the market. Minimum Redemption Amount: All investors including Market Makers, Large Investors and other investors may sell their units in the stock exchange(s) on which these units are listed on all trading days of the stock exchange Mutual Fund will repurchase units from Market Makers on any business day in creation size units. In certain circumstances, the AMC may allow Large investors to sell units in creation unit size directly to the AMC at applicable

	NAV and other transaction handling charges. In case a Redemption / Switch-out request received is for both, a specified rupee amount and a specified number of Units of the respective Plan(s)/ Option(s), the specified amount will be considered the definitive request. In case the value / number of available units held in the Unit holder's folio / account under the Plan / Option of the Scheme is less than the amount / number of units specified in the redemption / switch-out request, then the available units/ amount available in the respective Scheme(s)/ Plan(s)/ Option(s) transaction shall be processed.
Accounts Statements	The depository participant with whom the unitholder has a depository account will send a statement of transactions in accordance with the byelaws of the depository which will contain the details of transaction of units. Allotment of units and dispatch of Allotment Advice to FIIs will be subject to RBI approval, if required. Units allotted under this scheme are transferable subject to the provisions of the Depositories Act, SEBI (Depository and Depository Participant) Regulations, 1996 and other applicable provisions. Note: The fund house may not furnish separate accounts statement to the unitholders since the statement of accounts furnished by depository participant will contain the details of transactions in these units. Pursuant to Para 14.4 of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023, the investor whose transaction has been accepted by Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Ltd. / Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund shall receive the following: 1. The AMC shall send an allotment confirmation specifying the units allotted by way of email and/or SMS within 5 Business Days of receipt of valid application/transaction to the Unit holders registered e-mail address and/ or mobile number (whether units are held in demat mode or in account statement form). 2. The holding(s) of the beneficiary account holder for units held in demat mode will be shown in the statement issued by respective Depository Participants (DPs) periodically. 3. A consolidated account statement (CAS) for each calendar month on or before 15th of the succeeding month shall be sent by email (wherever investor has provided email id) or physical account statement where investor has not provided email id., across the schemes of the mutual funds,

	to all the investors in whose folio(s) transaction(s) has/have taken place during the month. The same shall be sent by the AMC or by the Agencies appointed by the AMC for non demat unit holders. 4. For the purpose of sending CAS, common investors across mutual funds shall be identified by their Permanent Account Number (PAN). 5. The CAS will not be received by the investors for the folio(s) not updated with PAN details. The Unit holders are therefore requested to ensure that the folio(s) are updated with their PAN and email id. Such investors will get monthly account statement from Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund in respect of transactions carried out in the schemes of Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund during the month. 6. Pursuant to SEBI Circular no. CIR /MRD /DP /31/2014 dated November 12, 2014 requiring Depositories to generate and dispatch a single consolidated account statement for investors having mutual fund investments and holding demat accounts, the following modifications are made to the existing guidelines on issuance of CAS. ▪ Such Investors shall receive a single Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) from the Depository. ▪ Consolidation shall be done on the basis of Permanent Account Number (PAN). In case of multiple holding, it shall be PAN of the first holder and pattern of holding. ▪ In case an investor has multiple accounts across two depositories, the depository with whom the Demat account has been opened earlier will be the default depository which will consolidate the details across depositories and MF investments and dispatch the CAS to the investor. ▪ The CAS will be generated on monthly basis. ▪ If there is any transaction in any of the Demat accounts of the investor or in any of his mutual fund folios, depositories shall send the CAS within fifteen days from the month end. In case, there is no transaction in any of the mutual fund folios and demat accounts, then CAS with holding details shall be sent to the investor on half yearly basis. ▪ The dispatch of CAS by the depositories shall constitute compliance by Kotak AMC/ Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund with the requirements under Regulation 36(4) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996
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	▪ Further, a consolidated account statement shall be sent by Depositories every half yearly (September/March), on or before 21st day of succeeding month, providing the following information: - holding at the end of the six month - The amount of actual commission paid by AMCs/Mutual Funds (MFs) to distributors (in absolute terms) during the half-year period against the concerned investor's total investments in each MF scheme. The term 'commission' here refers to all direct monetary payments and other payments made in the form of gifts / rewards, trips, event sponsorships etc. by AMCs/MFs to distributors. Further, a mention may be made in such CAS indicating that the commission disclosed is gross commission and does not exclude costs incurred by distributors such as Goods and Services tax (wherever applicable, as per existing rates), operating expenses, etc. The scheme's average Total Expense Ratio (in percentage terms) along with the break up between Investment and Advisory fees, Commission paid to the distributor and Other expenses for the period for each scheme's applicable plan (regular or direct or both) where the concerned investor has actually invested in 7. Such half-yearly CAS shall be issued to all MF investors, excluding those investors who do not have any holdings in MF schemes and where no commission against their investment has been paid to distributors, during the concerned half-year period. 8. In case of a specific request is received from the investors, Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Ltd./ Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund will provide the physical account statement to the investors. 9. For Unitholders who have provided an e-mail address in KYC records, the CAS will be sent by e-mail. 10. Any discrepancy in the Account Statement should be brought to the notice of the Fund/AMC immediately. Contents of the Account Statement will be deemed to be correct if no error is reported within 30 days from the date of Account Statement. Half Yearly Account Statement: • Asset management company will send consolidated account statement every half yearly (September/ March), on or before twenty first day of succeeding month, detailing holding at the end of the six months, across all schemes of all mutual funds, to all such investors in whose folios no transaction has taken place during that period. The Account Statement shall
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	reflect the latest closing balance and value of the Units prior to the date of generation of the account statement. • The Account Statement shall reflect - holding at the end of the six months - The amount of actual commission paid by AMCs/Mutual Funds (MFs) to distributors (in absolute terms) during the half-year period against the concerned investor's total investments in each MF scheme. The term 'commission' here refers to all direct monetary payments and other payments made in the form of gifts / rewards, trips, event sponsorships etc. by AMCs/MFs to distributors. Further, a mention may be made in such CAS indicating that the commission disclosed is gross commission and does not exclude costs incurred by distributors such as Goods and Services tax (wherever applicable, as per existing rates), operating expenses, etc. • The scheme's average Total Expense Ratio (in percentage terms) along with the break up between Investment and Advisory fees, Commission paid to the distributor and Other expenses for the period for each scheme's applicable plan (regular or direct or both) where the concerned investor has actually invested in Such half-yearly CAS shall be issued to all MF investors, excluding those investors who do not have any holdings in MF schemes and where no commission against their investment has been paid to distributors, during the concerned half-year period. • The account statements in such cases may be generated and issued along with the Portfolio Statement or Annual Report of the Scheme. • Alternately, soft copy of the account statements shall be mailed to the investors' e-mail address, instead of physical statement, if so mandated. "Transaction" shall include purchase, redemption, switch, Payout of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option (IDCW), Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option (IDCW), systematic investment plan, systematic withdrawal plan, systematic transfer plan and bonus transactions.
Dividend/ IDCW	The Scheme does not offer any Plans/Options for investment. The AMC/Trustee reserve the right to introduce Option(s) as may be deemed appropriate at a later date.
Redemption	MM/LI may submit Redemption request transaction form prescribed by the AMC enclosed with redemption request slip used in the depository system duly acknowledged by the depository participant with which MM/LI has a depository account.

	Redemption proceeds in the form of basket of securities included in the underlying Index in the same proportion will be credited to the designated DP account of the MM/LI. Any fractions in the number of securities transferable to MM/LI will be rounded off to the lower integer and the value of the fractions will be added to the cash component payable. Applicable cash component will be recovered along with necessary transaction handling charges Payment of proceeds in cash: The Fund at its discretion may accept the request of MM/LI for payment of redemption proceeds in cash in creation unit size or in multiples thereof. Such investors shall submit Redemption request transaction form prescribed by the AMC enclosed with redemption request slip used in the depository system duly acknowledged by the depository participant with which MM/LI has a depository account. whereupon the Fund will arrange to sell underlying portfolio securities on behalf of the investor. Accordingly, the sale proceeds at the actual execution price of the underlying portfolio, after adjusting necessary transaction handling charges/costs and applicable cash component, will be remitted to the investor. The number of Units so redeemed will be subtracted from the unitholder's account balance (DP) and a statement to this effect will be issued to the unitholder by depository. Redemption cheques will generally be sent to the Unitholder's address, (or, if there is more than one joint holder, the address of the first-named holder) when the unit balance is confirmed with the records of the depository, not later than 3 (Three) Working Days from the date of receipt of redemption requests. In accordance to Para 14.1 and 14.2 of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023, in exceptional situations mentioned below, the scheme shall be allowed additional timelines for transfer of redemption or repurchase proceeds to the unitholders.						
	<table><tr><th>Sr. No.</th><th>Exceptional Situations</th><th>Additional Timelines allowed</th></tr><tr><td>(i)</td><td>Payment of redemption proceeds through physical instruments (cheque / DD) where electronic fund transfer is not possible (such as old / non-Core Banking account / IFSC non-available records / IMPS failed records for reasons</td><td>Additional 2 working days</td></tr></table>	Sr. No.	Exceptional Situations	Additional Timelines allowed	(i)	Payment of redemption proceeds through physical instruments (cheque / DD) where electronic fund transfer is not possible (such as old / non-Core Banking account / IFSC non-available records / IMPS failed records for reasons	Additional 2 working days
Sr. No.	Exceptional Situations	Additional Timelines allowed					
(i)	Payment of redemption proceeds through physical instruments (cheque / DD) where electronic fund transfer is not possible (such as old / non-Core Banking account / IFSC non-available records / IMPS failed records for reasons	Additional 2 working days					

		like name mismatch*, technical error / Investor Bank not participating in Electronic Fund transfers or failure of electronic credit for any reason which are at the bank's end. <i>* Name mismatch typically occurs where the bank account is held jointly, but the 1st holder in MF Folio may not be first holder in the bank account or the investor's name in MF folio and his/her bank account may not be exactly identical e.g., MF folio is held by A+B, but the bank account is in the name of B +A; OR the name as per bank a/c & MF folio are recorded a bit differently e.g.,</i> <i>(i) Given Name + Middle Name + Surname</i> <i>(ii) Given Name + Surname</i> <i>(iii) Surname + Given Name etc.</i> <i>Note: When payment is made through cheque / DD, the investor's bank account details registered with the RTA shall be printed on the cheque/DD, so that the amount is paid only through the investor's bank account to mitigate the risk of fraudulent encashment.</i>	
	(ii)	On such days, where it is a bank holiday in some or all the states, but a business day for the stock exchanges.	Additional 1 working day following the bank holiday(s) in the State where the investor has bank account.

	(iii)	Exceptional circumstances such as sudden declaration of a business day as a holiday or as a non- business day due to any unexpected reason / Force Majeure events.	In all such exceptional situations, the timelines prescribed in SEBI circular dated November 25, 2022 shall be counted from the date the situation becomes normal.
	(iv)	In all such cases where a request for Change of Bank account has been received just prior to (upto 10 days prior) OR simultaneously with redemption request.	In all such cases, the AMCs / RTAs can make the redemption payment after the cooling off period of 10 days from the date of receipt of COBM. The redemption transaction shall be processed as per the applicable NAV on the basis time stamp. The credit may either be given in the existing bank account or the new bank account post due diligence within 1 working day after cooling off period.
	(v)	Need for additional due diligence in instances such as Transmission reported in one fund, but not in the current fund, proceedings by Income Tax authorities, Folio under lock/bank lien etc.	Additional 3 working days
Redemption proceeds may also be paid to the Unitholder in any			

	other manner like through ECS, direct credit, RTGS, etc as the AMC may decide, from time to time, for the smooth and the efficient functioning of the Scheme. Note: The mutual fund will rely on the address and the bank account details recorded in the depository system. Any changes to the address and bank account details can be made only through the depository system.
Bank Mandate	As per the directives issued by SEBI it is mandatory for an investor to declare his/her bank account number. To safeguard the interest of Unitholders from loss or theft of their refund orders/redemption cheques, investors are requested to provide their bank details in the Application Form. In case an existing Unitholder is submitting a request for Change in his Bank Details, he needs to submit an old and new bank account. In absence of the same, the request for Change in Bank Mandate is liable to be rejected. Investors have an option of registering their bank accounts, by submitting the necessary forms & documents. At the time of redemption, investors can select the bank account to receive the amount.
Delay in payment of redemption / repurchase proceeds/dividend	The Asset Management Company shall be liable to pay interest to the unitholders at rate as specified vide clause 14.2 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023 by SEBI for the period of such delay
Unclaimed Redemption and Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal Amount	In accordance with Para 14.3 of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023, the unclaimed Redemption amount and IDCW amount that are currently allowed to be deployed by the Mutual Fund only in call money market or money market Instruments, shall also be allowed to be invested in a separate plan of only Overnight scheme / Liquid scheme / Money Market Mutual Fund scheme floated by Mutual Funds specifically for deployment of the unclaimed amounts. Provided that such schemes where the unclaimed redemption and IDCW amounts are deployed shall be only those Liquid scheme / Money Market Mutual Fund schemes which are placed in A-1 cell (Relatively Low Interest Rate Risk and Relatively Low Credit Risk) of Potential Risk Class matrix as per para 17.5 of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023. AMCs shall not be permitted to charge any exit load in this plan and TER (Total Expense Ratio) of such plan shall be capped as per the TER of direct plan of such scheme or at 50bps whichever is lower. Investors who claim these amounts

	during a period of three years from the due date shall be paid initial unclaimed amount along with the income earned on its deployment. Investors who claim these amounts after 3 years, shall be paid initial unclaimed amount along with the income earned on its deployment till the end of the third year. After the third year, the income earned on such unclaimed amounts shall be used for the purpose of investor education. AMC shall play a proactive role in tracing the rightful owner of the unclaimed amounts considering the steps suggested by regulator vide the referred circular.
Disclosure w.r.t investment by minors	As per Para 17.6 of SEBI Master Circular No. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023 read with SEBI Circular dated May 12, 2023, the following Process for Investments in the name of a Minor through a Guardian will be applicable: - Payment for investment by any mode shall be accepted from the bank account of the minor, parent or legal guardian of the minor, or from a joint account of the minor with parent or legal guardian. For existing folios, the AMCs shall insist upon a Change of Pay-out Bank mandate before redemption is processed. - Redemption proceeds shall be credited only in verified bank account of the minor, i.e the account the minor may hold with the parent/legal guardian after completing KYC formalities. - Upon the minor attaining the status of major, the minor in whose name the investment was made, shall be required to provide all the KYC details, updated bank account details including cancelled original cheque leaf of the new account. No further transactions shall be allowed till the status of the minor is changed to major. - AMCs shall build a system control at the account set up stage of Systematic Investment Plan (SIP), Systematic Transfer Plan (STP) and Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP) on the basis of which, the standing instruction is suspended when the minor attains majority, till the status is changed to major. Please refer SAI for detailed process on investments made in the name of a Minor through a Guardian and Transmission of Units.
Creation unit size	Creation Unit is fixed number of units of the Scheme, which is exchanged for a basket of securities underlying the index called the Portfolio Deposit and a Cash Component equal to the value of 50,000 units of the Scheme or cash equal to the value of 50,000 units of the scheme. For redemption of units it is vice versa i.e. fixed number of units of Scheme are exchanged for Portfolio Deposit and Cash Component or cash equal to the value of 50,000 units of the scheme.

	The Portfolio Deposit and Cash Component will change from time Each creation unit consists of 50,000 units of Kotak BSE Sensex ETF. Each unit of Kotak BSE Sensex ETF will be approximately equal to 1/1000th of the value of the BSE Sensex. The creation unit size may be changed by the AMC at their discretion and the notice of the same shall be published on AMC’s website.				
Example for Calculation of the allotment price and the units receivable by the investor on allotment	Security	Quantity	Price	Value	Weight (%)
	Asian Paints Ltd.	20	3163.55	63271.00	1.88
	Bajaj Finserv Ltd.	25	1635.80	40895.00	1.17
	Bajaj Finance Ltd.	13	8098.40	105279.20	2.85
	Bharti Airtel Ltd	118	955.45	112743.10	3.18
	HCL Technologies Ltd.	50	1245.75	62287.50	1.74
	HDFC Bank Ltd.	353	1538.60	543125.80	15.34
	Hindustan Unilever Ltd.	41	2555.95	104793.95	3.01
	ICICI Bank Ltd.	326	952.65	310563.90	8.81
	IndusInd Bank Ltd.	30	1421.15	42634.50	1.22
	Infosys Ltd.	167	1493.65	249439.55	7.04
	ITC Ltd.	414	448.25	185575.50	5.24
	JSW Steel Ltd.	44	776.85	34181.40	0.97
	Kotak Mahindra Bank Ltd.	67	1771.10	118663.70	3.35
	Larsen And Toubro Ltd.	56	3088.75	172970.00	4.93
Mahindra &	45	1556.15	70026.75	1.97	

	Mahindra Ltd.				
	Maruti Suzuki India Limited	7	10409.95	72869.65	1.83
	Nestle India Ltd.	2	23198.00	46396.00	1.09
	National Thermal Power Corporation Limited	222	238.60	52969.20	1.50
	Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd.	214	198.50	42479.00	1.19
	RELIANCE INDUSTRIES LTD.	161	2345.00	377545.00	10.69
	State Bank of India	180	588.30	105894.00	2.98
	Sun Pharmaceuticals Industries Ltd.	50	1128.60	56430.00	1.61
	Tech Mahindra Ltd.	29	1231.25	35706.25	1.01
	Tata Consultancy Services Ltd.	48	3610.20	173289.60	4.88
	Tata Motors Ltd.	83	633.85	52609.55	1.50
	Tata Steel Ltd.	377	124.95	47106.15	1.33
	Titan Company Ltd.	19	3279.70	62314.30	1.81
	Ultratech Cement Ltd.	5	8328.50	41642.50	1.27
	Axis Bank Ltd.	132	1019.30	134547.60	3.82
	Wipro Ltd.	65	421.00	27365.00	0.78

			0	
	Amount collected (Rupees)	A	1,000,000,000.00	
	NAV	B	352.61	
	Units allotted say	$C = (A/B)$	2,836,011.33	
	Portfolio Value	D	352.256	
	Cash Component	$E = B - D$	0.35	
	Actual Inv in stocks say	$F = C * D$	999,002,007.61	
	Balance cash for expenses say	$G = C * E$	997,992.39	
	The number of units cannot be fractional and will be rounded off to the earlier decimal but this will be done investor wise and not just at the scheme level.			
	Suppose an investor invests (in Rupees)	A	20,000,000.00	
	Cost per unit (Allotment Price)	B	352.61	
	Units allotted rounded off	$C = A/B$	56,617.0000	
	Value of units allotted	$D = B * C$	19,963,720.37	
	Balance fractional units refunded to investor (Rs)	$E = A - D$	36,279.63	
	Also, the incidental expenses of brokerage, STT, STP charges and NSDL charges would be recovered from the investor.			
Procedure for Purchase and Redemption of Units	The following three types of investors may subscribe to the units of the scheme. There are some restrictions on their dealing with the Fund directly during the continuous offer as explained below: Market Makers (MM): MM is an entity engaged by AMC to provide continuous liquidity on the stock exchange platform. MM may buy and redeem units in creation unit size or in multiples thereof directly from the Fund on any business day. AMCs shall facilitate in-kind creation and redemption of units of ETFs (including Debt ETFs) by MMs on a best effort basis. Large Investors (LI): LI may buy and redeem units in transaction value greater than Rs.25 crores or such other amount as may be specified by SEBI from time to time and in creation unit size or in multiples thereof directly from the Fund on any business day as and when permitted by the AMC.			

	3. Other Investors: Investors other than MM and LI may buy or sell units of the ETF Scheme from the stock market only, on an ongoing basis except in situations mentioned under 'Exit opportunity in case of ETF for investors other than Market Makers and Large Investors' in the SID. <u>Market Making Settlement Process</u> i) Market making settlement process would enable net settlement between cash leg of transactions in units of ETF by the MM and consequent transaction in underlying basket by the ETF. ii) MMs shall be permitted to transact in the basket of securities underlying the ETF against equivalent transactions in units of ETFs and transfer the net obligation of such transactions to the ETF for unit creation or redemption. The AMCs shall be allowed to create or redeem units of ETFs without upfront payment of 100% value of such units or upfront delivery of such units by the MMs, respectively. iii) The above mechanism shall be permitted subject to equivalent transactions in units and underlying basket for the same settlement cycle and confirmation of both the legs by the Custodian. iv) For the above mechanism ETFs shall be allowed to buy or sell their own units, without the same forming part of the asset allocation of the scheme v) Facilitation of the above mechanism for equity ETFs shall be at the discretion of the AMC. 1. Requirement of Demat account for investing in the scheme. The applicant under the Scheme will be required to have a beneficiary account with a Depository Participant of NSDL/CDSL and will be required to indicate in the application the Depository Participants (DP's) name, DP ID Number and the beneficiary account number of the applicant. 2. Procedure for Purchase/Redemption of Units directly from the Fund: Only Market Makers/Large Investors can purchase or redeem unit directly from the Fund as per the procedure given below: a. Creation/Redemption of units in Creation Unit Size by Exchanging Portfolio Deposit The Fund creates / redeems the scheme units in large size known as "Creation Unit". The value of the "Creation Unit" of the ETF Scheme or in multiple
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	thereof called as the “Portfolio Deposit” and a “Cash Component” which will be exchanged for corresponding number of units. The Portfolio Deposit and Cash Component may change from time to time and will be announced by Fund on its website. Portfolio deposit shall be made into a pre-designated depository account. AMC may, at its sole discretion, create units of the Scheme in ‘Creation Unit’ size in “Cash”. Large investors may buy and redeem units in transaction value greater than Rs.25 crores or such other amount as may be specified by SEBI from time to time and in creation unit size directly from the Fund. b. Procedure for Creating Scheme’s units in Creation Unit Size <u>Subscription in-kind (portfolio deposit)</u> MM/LI may deposit requisite basket of securities comprising underlying benchmark constituting the Portfolio Deposit and Cash component. The requisite securities constituting the Portfolio Deposit have to be transferred to the designated depository account of the scheme while the Cash Component along with transaction handling charges has to be paid to the AMC based on the request by MM/LI by way of a cheque or any other mode of payment. The AMC will have the corresponding number of units credited to the depository account of the MM/LI. <u>Subscription in cash</u> Subscription of the ETF Units in Creation Unit Size may be made by MM / LI on payment of requisite Cash (through cheque or other modes of payment), as determined by the AMC equivalent to the cost incurred towards the purchase of predefined basket of securities that represent the Underlying Index (i.e. Portfolio Deposit), Cash Component and transaction handling charges, if any. Units may be allotted only on realization of the full consideration for creation unit and at the value at which the underlying stocks for the creation unit is purchased against that purchase request. The AMC will have the corresponding number of units credited to the depository account of the MM/LI. c. Procedure for Redeeming Scheme’s units in Creation Unit Size <u>Redemption in-kind (portfolio deposit):</u> MM/LI may submit Redemption request transaction form prescribed by the AMC enclosed with redemption request slip used in the depository system duly acknowledged by the depository participant with
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	which MM/LI has a depository account. Redemption proceeds in the form of basket of securities included in the underlying index in the same proportion will be credited to the designated DP account of the MM/LI. Any fractions in the number of securities transferable to MM/LI will be rounded off to the lower integer and the value of the fractions will be added to the cash component payable. Applicable cash component will be recovered along with necessary transaction handling charges. <u>Redemption in cash:</u> The Fund at its discretion may accept the request of MM/LI for payment of redemption proceeds in cash in creation unit size or in multiples thereof. Such investors shall submit Redemption request transaction form prescribed by the AMC enclosed with redemption request slip used in the depository system duly acknowledged by the depository participant with which MM/LI has a depository account. whereupon the Fund will arrange to sell underlying portfolio securities on behalf of the investor. Accordingly, the sale proceeds at the actual execution price of the underlying portfolio, after adjusting necessary transaction handling charges/costs and applicable cash component, will be remitted to the investor. The number of Units so redeemed will be subtracted from the unitholder's account balance (DP) and a statement to this effect will be issued to the unitholder by depository. d. Redemption method: • Unitholder (large investor or authorized participant) may submit to any of the offices of AMC Redemption request Form enclosed with a copy of redemption request duly acknowledged by the depository participant. • The depository participant will process the request and forward the same to Registrar to the Scheme in the normal course. • The time taken for confirmation of repurchase of units is dependent upon the timelines and procedures of depositories. • Redemption proceeds in the form of Portfolio of securities will be transferred to the demat account of the unit holder within three days of confirmation with the depository records or the sale proceeds at the actual execution price of the underlying portfolio, after adjusting necessary transaction
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	handling charges/costs and applicable cash component, will be remitted to the unit holder. e. Buying /Selling through the Stock Exchange Buying / Selling units on the stock exchange is just like buying / selling any other normal listed securities. If an investor has bought units, an investor has to pay the purchase amount to the broker / sub-broker such that the amount paid is realised before the funds pay-in day of the settlement cycle on the exchange. If an investor has sold units, an investor has to deliver the units to the broker/sub-broker before the securities pay-in day of the settlement cycle on the exchange. The units (in case of units bought) and the funds (in the case of units sold) are paid out to the broker on the payout day of the settlement cycle on the exchange. The trading member would pay the money or deliver the units to the investor in accordance with time prescribed by the stock exchange regulations. If an investor has bought units, he should give standing instructions for ‘Delivery-In’ to his/her DP for accepting units in his/her beneficiary account. An investor should give the details of his/her beneficiary account and the DP-ID of his/her DP to his/her trading member. The trading member will transfer the units directly to his/her beneficiary account on receipt of the same from exchange’s clearing corporation. An investor who has sold units should instruct his/her Depository Participant (DP) to give ‘Delivery Out’ instructions to transfer the units from his/her trading member through whom he/she have sold the units. The details of the pool A/c of his/her trading member to which the units are to be transferred, unit quantity etc. should be mentioned in the delivery out instructions given by him/her to the DP. The instructions should be given well before the prescribed securities pay-in day. SEBI has advised that the delivery out instructions should be given atleast 24 hours prior to the cut off time for the prescribed securities pay in to avoid any rejection of instructions due to data entry errors, network problems, etc. f. Exit opportunity in case of ETF for investors other than Market Makers and Large Investors: Investors other than Market Makers and Large Investors can directly approach the AMC for redemption of units of ETFs, for transaction of upto INR 25 crores or such other amount as may be specified by SEBI from time to time without any exit load or such other amount as may
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	be specified by SEBI from time to time, in case of the following scenarios: a. Traded price (closing price) of the ETF units is at discount of more than 1% to the day end NAV for 7 continuous trading days, or b. No quotes are available on stock exchanges for 3 consecutive trading days, or c. Total bid size on the exchange is less than half of creation units size daily, averaged over a period of 7 consecutive trading days. In such a scenario valid application received from investors for redemption upto 3 p.m. on any trading day, shall be processed by the AMC at the closing NAV of the day. Such instances shall be tracked by the AMC on an ongoing basis and incase if any of the above mentioned scenario arises the same shall be disclosed on the website of the AMC. The above procedure relating to purchase and sale of units by different types of investors/participants in the scheme is tabulated for easy reference															
	<table><tr><th>Type of investor and transaction details</th><th>Sale of units by Mutual Fund</th><th>Redemption of units by unit holders</th></tr><tr><td>During Continuous offer</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Market Maker/ Authorized Participants</td><td>Any business day in creation unit or in multiples thereof * Size at applicable NAV and transaction handling charges.</td><td>Any business day in creation unit or in multiples thereof * Size</td></tr><tr><td>Large Investor</td><td></td><td>Any business day in creation unit or in multiples thereof * Size (Any Transaction placed for redemption or subscription directly with the AMC must be greater than INR 25 crores or such other amount as may be specified by SEBI from time to time.)</td></tr><tr><td>Other investors</td><td>Any business day in creation unit or in multiples thereof * Size at applicable NAV and transaction handling</td><td>Only through stock</td></tr></table>	Type of investor and transaction details	Sale of units by Mutual Fund	Redemption of units by unit holders	During Continuous offer			Market Maker/ Authorized Participants	Any business day in creation unit or in multiples thereof * Size at applicable NAV and transaction handling charges.	Any business day in creation unit or in multiples thereof * Size	Large Investor		Any business day in creation unit or in multiples thereof * Size (Any Transaction placed for redemption or subscription directly with the AMC must be greater than INR 25 crores or such other amount as may be specified by SEBI from time to time.)	Other investors	Any business day in creation unit or in multiples thereof * Size at applicable NAV and transaction handling	Only through stock
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		charges. (Any Transaction placed for redemption or subscription directly with the AMC must be greater than INR 25 crores or such other amount as may be specified by SEBI from time to time) Only through stock exchange	exchange
	Role of Market Maker	Gives two way quotes in the secondary market. Stands as a seller for a buy order.	Gives two-way quotes in the secondary market. Stands as a buyer against a sell order.
	Role of large investor	Only an investor – no other role in the scheme operations.	-

III. OTHER DETAILS

A. Periodic Disclosures

Monthly and Half yearly Disclosures: Portfolio / Financial Results This is a list of securities where the corpus of the scheme is currently invested. The market value of these investments is also stated in portfolio disclosures.	The Mutual Funds/ AMCs, shall disclose portfolio (along with ISIN) as on monthly, half-yearly basis for all the schemes on the website of the Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund viz. www.kotakmf.com and on the website of AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) within 10 days from the close of each month/ half-year respectively in a user-friendly and downloadable spreadsheet format. The link for the mentioned disclosures – • https://www.kotakmf.com/Information/forms-and-downloads • https://www.kotakmf.com/Information/statutory-disclosure/information In accordance with Para 5.1 and 5.3 of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023, unitholders whose e-mail addresses are registered, Mutual Funds/AMC shall send the details of the scheme portfolio including the scheme risk-o-meter, name of benchmark and risk-o-meter of benchmark while communicating the fortnightly, monthly and half-yearly statement of scheme portfolio via email within 5 days of every fortnight for debt schemes, 10 days from the close of each month for other schemes and 10 days from the close of half-year for all schemes. AMCs shall provide a link to investors to their registered email to enable the investor to directly view/download only the portfolio of schemes subscribed by the said investor. The Mutual Fund / AMC shall provide a physical copy of statement of its scheme portfolio, without charging any cost, on specific request received from a unit holder. An advertisement shall be published every half-year disclosing the hosting of the half-yearly statement of the schemes on website of Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund and on the website of AMFI and the modes such as SMS, telephone, email or written request (letter) through which a unitholder can submit a request for a physical or electronic copy of the statement of scheme portfolio. Such advertisement shall be published in the all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi.
Half Yearly Results	The soft copy of unaudited financial results shall within one month from the close of each half year i.e. 31st of March and the 30th of September, be hosted on the website kotakmf.com and will be sent to AMFI for posting on its website www.amfiindia.com. The link for the mentioned disclosures – https://www.kotakmf.com/Information/statutory-disclosure/financials Also, an advertisement of hosting of the unaudited results shall be published in one English daily newspaper circulating in the whole of India and in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated.
Annual Report	Pursuant to Regulation 56 of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 read with Para 5.4 of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023 and SEBI Mutual Fund

	(Second Amendment) Regulation 2018, the scheme wise annual report or abridged summary thereof will be hosted on the website in machine readable format of Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund viz. www.kotakmf.com and on the website of AMFI, immediately after approval in Annual General Meetings within a period of four months, from the date of closing of the financial year (31st March). The AMCs shall display the link prominently on the website of the Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund viz. www.kotakmf.com and make the physical copies available to the unitholders, at their registered offices at all times. Unit holders whose e-mail addresses are not registered will have to specifically 'opt in' to receive physical copy of scheme wise annual report or abridged summary thereof. The unit holders may request for a physical copy of scheme annual reports at a nominal price and the text of the relevant scheme by writing to the Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Ltd. / Investor Service Centre / Registrar & Transfer Agents. The Mutual Fund / AMC shall provide a physical copy of abridged report of the annual report, without charging any cost, on specific request received from a unit holder. An advertisement shall be published every year disclosing the hosting of the scheme wise annual report on website of Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund and on the website of AMFI and the modes such as SMS, telephone, email or written request (letter) through which a unitholder can submit a request for a physical or electronic copy of the scheme wise annual report or abridged summary thereof. Such advertisement shall be published in the all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi. The link for the mentioned disclosures - https://www.kotakmf.com/Information/statutory-disclosure/financials
Scheme Summary Document (SSD)	In accordance with SEBI letter dated December 28, 2021 and AMFI emails dated March 16, 2022 and March 25, 2022, Scheme summary document for all schemes of Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund in the requisite format (pdf, spreadsheet and machine readable format) shall be uploaded on a monthly basis i.e. 15th of every month or within 5 working days from the date of any change or modification in the scheme information on the website of Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund i.e. www.kotakmf.com, AMFI i.e. www.amfiindia.com and Registered Stock Exchanges i.e. National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited.
Risk-o-meter	In accordance with Para 17.4 of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023. The Risk-o-meter shall have following six levels of risk: - Low Risk - Low to Moderate Risk - Moderate Risk - Moderately High Risk - High Risk and - Very High Risk The evaluation of risk levels of a scheme shall be done in accordance with the aforesaid circular.

	Any change in risk-o-meter shall be communicated by way of Notice cum Addendum and by way of an e-mail or SMS to unitholders. The risk-o-meter shall be evaluated on a monthly basis and the risk-o-meter alongwith portfolio disclosure shall be disclosed on the AMC website as well as AMFI website within 10 days from the close of each month. Portfolio disclosure along with risk o meter details will be available at www.kotakmf.com and on the website of AMFI (www.amfiindia.com)
Tracking Error and Tracking Difference	In accordance with para 3.6.3 of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023: • The tracking error i.e. the annualized standard deviation of the difference in daily returns between underlying index and the NAV of the Scheme, is based on past one year rolling over data shall not exceed 2%. The disclosure regarding the same shall be made on monthly basis on the website of the Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund viz. www.kotakmf.com. • In case of unavoidable circumstances in the nature of force majeure which are beyond the control of the AMC, the tracking error may exceed 2%, for which approval of Board of AMC and Trustees shall be taken and the same shall prominently be disclosed on the website of the Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund viz. www.kotakmf.com. Along with tracking error, tracking difference i.e. the annualized difference of daily returns between the index or goods and the NAV of the ETF/ Index Fund shall also be disclosed on the website of the AMC viz. www.kotakmf.com and AMFI, on a monthly basis, for tenures 1 year, 3-year, 5 year, 10 year and since the date of allotment of units.

B. Transparency/NAV Disclosure (Details with reference to information given in Section I)

The Kotak BSE Sensex ETF units are listed on BSE and all purchase and sale of units by investors other than Market Makers and Large Investors will be done on the stock exchange. The NAV has a reference value for investors and will be useful for Market Makers for offering quotes on the Stock Exchange.

The NAVs of the Scheme will be calculated and disclosed on every Business Day on the website of the Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund viz www.kotakmf.com and AMFI's website www.amfiindia.com by 11.00 p.m. Unitholders may avail the facility to receive the latest available NAVs through SMS by submitting a specific request in this regard to the AMC/Mutual Fund.

Delay in uploading of NAV beyond 11.00 p.m. on every business day shall be explained in writing to AMFI. In case the NAVs are not available before the commencement of business hours on the following business day due to any reason, a press release for revised NAV shall be issued.

The portfolio of the scheme (alongwith ISIN) shall also be disclosed on the website of Mutual Fund (kotakmf.com) and on the website of AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) on a monthly and half-yearly basis within 10 days from the close of each month/ half-year respectively in a user-friendly and downloadable spreadsheet format.

The AMC may also calculate intra-day indicative NAV i.e. the per unit NAV based on the current market value of its portfolio during the trading hours of the Scheme. The same shall be disclosed on a continuous basis on the Stock Exchange(s), and updated within a maximum time lag of 15 seconds from underlying market. Intra-day indicative NAV will not have any bearing on the creation or redemption of units directly with the Fund by the MM/LI.

For transactions by Market Makers / large investors directly with the AMCs intra-day NAV, based on the executed price at which the securities representing the underlying index or underlying commodity(ies) are purchased / sold, shall be applicable along with applicable cash component and transaction charges.

C. Transaction charges and stamp duty

- (a) Transaction Charges - Pursuant to Para 10.5 of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023, transaction charge per subscription of Rs. 10,000/- and above be allowed to be paid to the distributors of the Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund products. Investors are requested to note that no transaction charges shall be deducted from the investment amount given by the investor for all transactions / applications (including SIP's) received through the distributors (i.e. in Regular Plan) and full investment amount (subject to deduction of statutory charges, if any) will be invested in the Scheme.
- (b) Stamp Duty - Pursuant to Notification No. S.O. 4419(E) dated December 10, 2019 and Notification No. G.S.R 226 (E) dated March 30, 2020 issued by Department of Revenue, Ministry of Finance, Government of India, read with Part I of Chapter IV of Notification dated February 21, 2019 issued by Legislative Department, Ministry of Law and Justice, Government of India on the Finance Act, 2019 and clarification letter no : SEBI/IMD/DF2/OW/P/2020/11099/1 issued by Securities and Exchange Board of India dated June 29, 2020, a stamp duty @ 0.005% would be levied on all applicable mutual fund transactions.

Accordingly, pursuant to levy of stamp duty, the number of units allotted on purchase transactions to the unitholders would be reduced to that extent.

Details regarding transaction charges and stamp duty refer to SAI.

D. Associate Transactions-

Please refer to Statement of Additional Information (SAI)

E. Taxation-

TDS and Taxability applicable in case of Dividend distributed to Unit holders

	TDS Rates			Taxability
	Threshold limit	Section	Base Rate	Base rate
RESIDENT				
Resident Unit Holder	Rs.5,000	194K	10%	Slab rates plus applicable surcharge and cess (Refer Note 1)
NON-RESIDENT UNIT HOLDERS (subject to DTAA benefits)				
(1)FII/FPI	NILs	196D r.w.s 115AD(1)(a)(i)	20% plus applicable surcharge and cess (Refer note 1)	20% plus applicable surcharge and cess (Refer Note 1)
(2) Foreign company/corporates				

Purchase in Indian Rupees	NIL	196A	20% plus applicable surcharge and cess (Refer note 1)	40% plus applicable surcharge and cess (Refer Note 1)
Purchase in Foreign Currency	NIL	196A r.w.s 115A	20% plus applicable surcharge and cess (Refer note 1)	20% plus applicable surcharge and cess (Refer Note 1)
(3) Others				
Purchase in Indian Rupees	NIL	196A	20% plus applicable surcharge and cess (Refer note 1)	At slab rates applicable plus applicable surcharge and cess (Refer Note 1)
Purchase in Foreign Currency	NIL	196A r.w.s 115A	20% plus applicable surcharge and cess (Refer note 1)	20% plus applicable surcharge and cess (Refer Note 1)

Taxability applicable in case of Capital Gains to Unit holders

Unit Holders		
Taxation	Resident	Non resident (Including FPI)
Short Term Capital Gain	15% plus applicable surcharge & HE cess (Refer note 1)	15% plus applicable surcharge & HE cess (Refer note 1)
Long Term Capital Gain (Refer note 2 below)	10% without indexation benefit and without foreign currency conversion benefit plus applicable surcharge & HE cess (Refer note 1)	10% (without indexation & without foreign currency fluctuation benefit) plus applicable surcharge & HE cess (Refer note 1)

Note (1) : The above rates would be increase by surcharge of:

In case of foreign companies;

2% where the total income exceeds Rs. 10,000,000 but less than / equal to Rs. 100,000,000

5% where the total income exceeds Rs. 100,000,000

In case of resident domestic corporate unit holders;

7% where the total income exceeds Rs. 10,000,000 but less than / equal to Rs. 100,000,000 or

12% where the total income exceeds Rs. 100,000,000

10% where domestic company is eligible & exercises the option granted u/s 115BAA or 115BAB of the Act.

In case of non-corporate resident unit holders being partnership firms covered under Indian Partnership Act, 1932/ Limited liability partnership covered under Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008:

- 12% where the total income exceeds Rs.10,000,000

In case of resident and non-resident non-corporate unit holders being individual, HUF, AOP, BOI ,artificial juridical person and FII/FPI in form of individual, HUF, AOP, BOI, artificial juridical person (old regime of taxation);

Income		Surcharge Rates	
Total Income	Other Income (i.e Income other than Capital gains covered under section 111A, section 112A, section 112, 115AD(1)(b)& company dividend)	Other Income (i.e Income other than Capital gains covered under section 111A, section 112A, section 112, 115AD(1)(b)& company dividend).	Capital gains covered under section 111A, section 112A, section 112,&115AD(1)(b)& company dividend.
Upto 50 Lakh		Nil	Nil
More than 50 Lakh up to 1 Cr		10%	10%
More than 1 Cr but up to 2Cr		15%	15%
More than 2 Cr	Up to 2 cr	15%	15%
	More than 2 cr but up to 5 cr	25%	15%
	More than 5Cr	37%	15%

In case of resident and non-resident non-corporate unit holders being individual, HUF, AOP, BOI, artificial juridical person and FII/FPI in form of individual, HUF, AOP, BOI, artificial juridical person (opting tax regime u/s 115BAC of the Act);

Income		Surcharge Rates	
Total Income	Other Income (i.e Income other than Capital gains covered under section 111A, section 112A, section 112, 115AD(1)(b)& company dividend)	Other Income (i.e Income other than Capital gains covered under section 111A, section 112A, section 112, 115AD(1)(b)& company dividend).	Capital gains covered under section 111A, section 112A, section 112,&115AD(1)(b)& company dividend.
Upto 50 Lakh		Nil	Nil
More than 50 Lakh up to 1 Cr		10%	10%
More than 1 Cr but up to 2Cr		15%	15%

More than 2 Cr	Up to 2 cr	15%	15%
	More than 2 cr	25%	15%

Further, an additional cess of 4% (Health & education Cess on income-tax) would be charged on the amount of tax inclusive of surcharge as applicable, for all unit holders.

Further, the rates stated above for Non-residents are further subject to DTAA benefits, if applicable.

Note 2) :**Long term capital gain**:- Any transfer of *equity oriented fund units*(refer Note 3) on or after 1 April 2018, shall not be exempt under section 10(38).

Long term capital gains in excess of Rs. 1 lakh shall be taxable @ 10% plus surcharge (as per note 1) plus health & education cess @ 4%.

The capital gain will be computed without giving effect to the 1st and 2nd proviso to section 48 in the manner laid down under the section i.e. without indexation benefit and without foreign currency conversion benefit

Cost for units acquired prior to 1 Feb 2018 and sold on or after 1 April 2018 will be computed as under:

Higher of:

Cost of acquisition or

Lower of:

FMV of asset on 31 Jan 2018

Full value of consideration accruing as a result of transfer

Note 3) equity oriented fund" means a fund set up under a scheme of a mutual fund specified under clause (23D) of section 10 and,—

(i) in a case where the fund invests in the units of another fund which is traded on a recognised stock exchange,—
(A) a minimum of ninety per cent of the total proceeds of such fund is invested in the units of such other fund; and
(B) such other fund also invests a minimum of ninety per cent of its total proceeds in the equity shares of domestic companies listed on a recognised stock exchange; and

(ii) in any other case, a minimum of sixty-five per cent of the total proceeds of such fund is invested in the equity shares of domestic companies listed on a recognised stock exchange:

Provided that the percentage of equity shareholding or unit held in respect of the fund, as the case may be, shall be computed with reference to the annual average of the monthly averages of the opening and closing figures;

Note 4) Under section 10(23D) of the Income tax Act, 1961, income earned by a Mutual Fund registered with SEBI is exempt from income tax.

Note 5) Since, the scheme in this SID, qualify as an equity oriented fund, Securities Transaction tax is payable by the unit holders on redemption / repurchase of units by the Fund at 0.001% of sale/redemption value. The STT is payable by the seller and is not deductible while computing Capital gains income.

For details on taxation please refer to the clause on Taxation in the SAI.

F. Rights of Unitholders- Please refer to SAI for details.

G. List of official points of acceptance: <https://www.kotakmf.com/Information/statutory-disclosure/disclosuresrelatedtosidandkim>

H. Penalties, Pending Litigation or Proceedings, Findings of Inspections or Investigations for Which Action May Have Been Taken or is in The Process Of Being Taken By Any Regulatory Authority

The detailed data in respect of penalties, pending litigations, findings of inspection or investigation is available at <https://www.kotakmf.com/Information/statutory-disclosure/disclosuresrelatedtosidandkim>

Notes:

1. Further, any amendments / replacement / re-enactment of SEBI Regulations subsequent to the date of the Scheme Information Document shall prevail over those specified in this Document.
2. The Trustees have ensured that the Scheme approved by them is a new product offered by Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund and is not a minor modification of any existing scheme/fund/product.
3. **Notwithstanding anything contained in the Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.**

**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors,
Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Limited
(Investment Manager of Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund)**

Sd/-

Place: Mumbai

Date: June 28, 2024

**Ms. Jolly Bhatt
Compliance Officer**

Mutual Fund investments are subject to market risks, read all scheme related documents carefully.