## SCHEME INFORMATION DOCUMENT



# Franklin Asian Equity Fund

Sponsor

An open ended equity scheme following Asian (excluding Japan) equity theme

Fund Name	Product Labeling This product is suitable for investors who are seeking*					
	Nature of scheme & indicative time horizon	Brief about the investment objective & kind of product	Level of risk (Based on portfolio as on September 30, 2023)	Level of risk of primary benchmark (Based on portfolio as on September 30, 2023)		
Franklin Asian Equity Fund (FAEF)  Primary Benchmark: MSCI Asia (ex- Japan) Standard Index	Long term capital appreciati on	A fund that invests in stocks of Asian companies / sectors (excluding Japan)	Riskometer  Investors understand that their principal will be at Very High risk	Riskometer  Investors understand that their principal will be at Very High risk		

<sup>\*</sup>Investors should consult their financial advisers if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them.

Please refer to our website (<a href="https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/downloadsServlet/pdf/product-labels-ig9o5k7l">https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/downloadsServlet/pdf/product-labels-ig9o5k7l</a>) or latest Risk-o-meters of scheme and primary benchmark calculated in accordance with Para 5.16 and 17.4 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023.

#### **CONTINUOUS OFFER**

Offer for units on an ongoing basis at NAV based prices

Mutual Fund : Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund

Asset Management Company : Franklin Templeton Asset Management (India) Pvt. Ltd.

CIN - U67190MH1995PTC093356

Trustee Company : Franklin Templeton Trustee Services Pvt. Ltd.

CIN - U65991MH1995PTC095500 Templeton International, Inc. (USA)

Address : One International Centre, Tower 2, 12th and 13th Floor,

Senapati Bapat Marg, Elphinstone Road (West), Mumbai

400013

Website : www.franklintempletonindia.com

The particulars of the Scheme have been prepared in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996, as amended till date, and filed with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI), along with a Due Diligence Certificate from the AMC. The units being offered for public subscription have not been approved or recommended by SEBI nor has SEBI certified the accuracy or adequacy of the Scheme Information Document.

The Scheme Information Document (SID) sets forth concisely the information about the scheme that a prospective investor ought to know before investing. Please retain this SID for future reference. Before investing, investors should also ascertain about any further changes to this SID after the date of this Document from the Mutual Fund / Investor Service Centres / Website / Distributors or Brokers.

This SID shall remain effective until a 'material change' (other than a change in fundamental attributes and within the purview of the SID) occurs and thereafter changes shall be filed with SEBI and communicated to the investors or publicly notified by advertisements in the newspapers, subject to the applicable Regulations.

The investors are advised to refer to the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) for details of Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund, Tax and Legal issues and general information available on our website www.franklintempletonindia.com.

The SAI is incorporated by reference (is legally a part of the Scheme Information Document). For a free copy of the current SAI, please contact your nearest Franklin Templeton Investor Service Centre or log on to our website.

The Scheme Information Document should be read in conjunction with the SAI and not in isolation.

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# 01. HIGHLIGHTS / SUMMARY OF THE SCHEME

01. HIGHLIGHTS / SUMN Name of the Scheme	Franklin Asian Equity Fund (FAEF)
Nature of the Scheme	An open ended equity scheme following Asian (excluding Japan) equity
ratare or the ouncine	theme
Scheme Code	FTMF/O/E/THE/07/08/0027
Investment Objective	To provide medium to long term appreciation through investments
•	primarily in Asian Companies / sectors (excluding Japan) with long term
	potential across market capitalisation.
Plans & Options	Growth Plan
	IDCW Plan (with Reinvestment and Payout Options)
	Direct – Growth Plan  Direct – IDCW Plan (with Reinvestment and Reveut Ontions)
	Direct – IDCW Plan (with Reinvestment and Payout Options)  All the plans have a common portfolio. The face value of the Units is
	Rs.10 each.
	The investors must clearly indicate the Plan and Option (Growth or IDCW
	/ Reinvestment or Payout) in the relevant space provided for in the
	Application Form. In the absence of such instruction, it will be assumed
	that the investor has opted for the <b>Default Plan</b> which shall be <b>Direct</b>
	Plan and Default Option, which shall be:
	<ul> <li>Growth in case Growth or IDCW is not indicated</li> <li>Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal</li> </ul>
	option in case Payout of Income Distribution cum capital
	withdrawal option or Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum
	capital withdrawal option is not indicated.
	Please refer to page 34 for details on Default Plan/Option.
	The Trustee / AMC reserve the right to alter / vary the default plan /
	option, after giving notice.
Minimum Amount	Subscription: Fresh Purchase - Rs.5,000/ Additional Purchase -
	Rs.1,000/
	<b>Systematic Investment Plan (SIP)</b> – Rs. 500 <b>Redemption:</b> Rs.1,000/ The amount for subscription, SIP and redemption in excess of the
	minimum amount specified above is any amount in multiple of Re. 1/
Pricing for on going	Ongoing subscriptions / purchases will be at Applicable NAV, subject to
subscription	applicable load
Redemption Price	Redemptions / repurchases will be done at the Applicable NAV, subject to
	applicable load
Load Structure*	Entry: In accordance with the SEBI guidelines, no entry load will be
	charged by the Mutual Fund.  Exit: In respect of each purchase of Units - 1% if the Units are
	redeemed/switched- out within one year from the date of allotment
Liquidity	The Scheme is open for repurchase/redemption on all Business Days.
	The redemption proceeds will be despatched to the unitholders within the
	regulatory time limit of 3 working days of the receipt of the valid
	redemption request at the Official Points of Acceptance of Transactions
	(OPAT) of the Mutual Fund. In case of exceptional situations, additional
	time for redemption payment may be taken. This shall be in line with AMFI letter dated January 16, 2023.
Benchmark	MSCI Asia (ex-Japan) Standard Index
Transparency /	The NAV will be calculated for every Business Day and can be
Disclosure	viewed on www.franklintempletonindia.com and www.amfiindia.com.
	NAV will be calculated up to four decimal places using standard
	rounding criteria.
	The Fund would disclose the half-yearly and annual results as per
	the SEBI Regulations.
	The Making Found shall Produce the color of
	The Mutual Fund shall disclose the scheme portfolios as on the last day of the month/ as on the last day of every half year ended March.
	day of the month/ as on the last day of every half year ended March
	day of the month/ as on the last day of every half year ended March and September on www.franklintempletonindia.com and
	day of the month/ as on the last day of every half year ended March

<sup>\*</sup>The Trustee / AMC reserve the right to modify / change the load structure on a prospective basis.

#### 02. INTRODUCTION

### A. RISK FACTORS

#### STANDARD RISK FACTORS

- Investment in Mutual Fund Units involves investment risks such as trading volumes, settlement risk, liquidity risk, default risk including the possible loss of principal.
- As the price / value / interest rates of the securities in which the scheme invests fluctuates, the value of your investment in the scheme may go up or down.
- Past performance of the sponsors / the asset management company / mutual fund does not indicate
  or guarantee the future performance of the scheme of the mutual fund.
- There is no assurance or guarantee that the objective of the mutual fund will be achieved.
- Franklin Asian Equity Fund is only the name of the scheme and do not in any manner indicate either the quality of the scheme or its future prospects and returns.
- The Sponsor is not responsible or liable for any loss resulting from the operation of the Scheme beyond the initial contribution of Rs.1 lakh made by it towards setting up the Fund.
- Investors in the Scheme are not being offered any guaranteed / assured returns.
- There is no guarantee or assurance on the frequency or quantum of Income Distribution cum capital
  withdrawal (which shall be at the discretion of the AMC/Trustee and also depend on the availability of
  adequate distributable surplus) although there is every intention to declare the same in respective
  IDCW Plan.

#### SCHEME SPECIFIC RISK FACTORS

- 1. The performance of the scheme may be affected by the corporate performance, macro-economic factors, changes in Government policies, general levels of interest rates and risk associated with trading volumes, liquidity and settlement systems in the securities markets.
- 2. Low trading volumes, settlement periods and transfer procedures may restrict the liquidity of the scheme's investments. Transacting may become difficult due to extreme volatility in the market resulting in constriction in volumes. Additionally, changes in the SEBI/ RBI regulations/Guidelines may have an adverse impact on the liquidity of the scheme. Different segments of the Indian financial markets have different settlement periods, and such period may be extended significantly by unforeseen circumstances. The length of time for settlement may affect the Scheme in the event the Scheme has to meet an inordinately large number of redemption requests. In addition, the Trustee, at its sole discretion, reserves the right to limit or withdraw sale and/or repurchase/redemption and/or switching of the units in the scheme (including any one of the Plans of the scheme) temporarily or indefinitely under certain circumstances. For details refer the Section 'Suspension of sale of units' and 'Suspension of redemption of units'. The scheme will retain certain investments in cash or cash equivalent for the day to day liquidity requirements.

## Risks associated with equity investment

- 3. Market Risk: The scheme proposes to invest in equity and equity-related securities. Prices, trading volumes, settlement periods and transfer procedures may restrict liquidity of investments in equity and equity-related securities. Market risk is a risk which is inherent to an equity investment.
- 4. Liquidity Risk: Risk will be monitored in terms of the number of days it takes to liquidate every stock in the portfolio assuming a share of the average volume traded over the previous one year. Efforts would be made to keep the average liquidation period under prudent limits prescribed internally. While securities that are listed on the stock exchange carry lower liquidity risk, the ability to sell these investments may be limited by overall trading volumes of the stock exchanges.
- 5. While mid cap and small cap stocks give one an opportunity to go beyond the usual large blue chip stocks and present possible higher capital appreciation, it is important to note that mid/small cap stocks can be riskier and more volatile on a relative basis. Therefore, the risk levels of investing in small cap and mid cap stocks is more than investing in stocks of large well-established companies. Please note that over a time these two categories have demonstrated different levels of volatility and investment returns and it is important to note that generally, no one class consistently outperforms the others. While smaller and medium size companies may offer substantial opportunities for capital appreciation, they also involve substantial risks. Historically, these companies have been more volatile in price than larger company securities, especially over the short term. Among the reasons for the greater price volatility are the less certain growth prospects of smaller companies, the lower degree of liquidity in the markets for such securities, and the greater sensitivity of smaller companies to changing economic conditions. Smaller companies carry large amount of liquidity risk compared to the Large Cap companies, as the ability to sell is limited by overall trading volume in the securities, which it invests.

In addition, smaller companies may lack depth of management, be unable to generate funds

necessary for growth or development, or be developing or marketing new products or services for which markets are not yet established and may never become established. They could also suffer from disadvantages such as - outdated technologies, lack of bargaining power with suppliers, low entry barriers and inadequate management depth. Overall, the risks of investing in medium / small companies are (a) transparency/liquidity levels may not be at par with established, large companies; (b) corporate governance may be an issue with some companies; and (c) they may not be resilient enough to withstand shocks of business/economic cycles.

6. Securities which are not quoted on the stock exchanges are inherently illiquid in nature and carry a larger liquidity risk in comparison with securities that are listed on the exchanges or offer other exit options to the investors, including put options. This may, however, increase the risk of the portfolio. Additionally, the liquidity and valuation of the Scheme's investments due to its holdings of unlisted securities may be affected if they have to be sold prior to the target date of disinvestment.

#### Risks associated with debt investment

- 7. Interest rate risk: This risk results from changes in demand and supply for money and other macroeconomic factors and creates price changes in the value of debt instruments. Consequently, the Net Asset Value of the scheme may be subject to fluctuation. Changes in the interest rates may affect the Scheme's Net Asset Value as the prices of securities generally increase as interest rates decline and generally decrease as interest rates rise. Prices of long term securities generally fluctuate more in response to interest rate changes than do short-term securities. Indian debt markets can be volatile leading to the possibility of price movements up or down in fixed income securities and thereby possible movements in the NAV. This may expose the scheme to possible capital erosion.
- 8. Credit risk or default risk: This refers to the risk that an issuer of a fixed income security may default (i.e. will be unable to make timely principal and interest payments on the security). Default risk / credit risk arises due to an issuer's inability to meet obligations on the principal repayment and interest payments. Because of this risk corporate debentures are sold at a yield above those offered on Government Securities, which are sovereign obligations and free of credit risk. Normally the value of a fixed income security will fluctuate depending upon the changes in the perceived level of credit risk as well as any actual event of default. The greater the credit risk, the greater the yield required for someone to be compensated for the increased risk.
- 9. Market risk: This risk arises due to price volatility due to such factors as interest sensitivity, market perception or the credit worthiness of the issuer and general market liquidity, change in interest rate expectations and liquidity flows. Market risk is a risk which is inherent to investments in securities. This may expose the scheme to possible capital erosion.
- 10. Reinvestment risk: This risk refers to the interest rate levels at which cash flows received for the securities in the Scheme are reinvested. Investments in debt instruments are subject to reinvestment risks as interest rates prevailing on interest or maturity due dates may differ from the original coupon of the bond, which might result in the proceeds being invested at a lower rate. The additional risk from reinvestment is the "interest on interest" component. The risk is that the rate at which interim cash flows can be reinvested may be lower than that originally assumed.
- 11. Liquidity or Marketability Risk: This refers to the ease with which a security can be sold at or near to its valuation yield-to-maturity (YTM). The primary measure of liquidity risk is the spread between the bid price and the offer price quoted by a dealer. Liquidity risk today is a characteristic of the Indian fixed income market.
- 12. Certain fixed income securities give an issuer the right to call its securities, before their maturity date, in periods of declining interest rates. The possibility of such pre-payment risk may force the fund to reinvest the proceeds of such investments in securities offering lower yields, thereby reducing the fund's interest income.
- 13. The scheme may invest in non-publicly offered debt securities. This may expose the scheme to liquidity risks.
- 14. Different types of securities in which the scheme would invest as given in the Scheme Information Document carry different levels and types of risks. Accordingly the scheme's risk may increase or decrease depending upon its investment pattern. e.g. corporate bonds carry a higher amount of risk than Government securities. Further even among corporate bonds, bonds which are AAA rated are comparatively less risky than bonds which are AA rated.
- 15. Money market securities, while fairly liquid, lack a well-developed secondary market, which may restrict the selling ability of the scheme.

## Risks associated with Securitised Debt

16. Different types of Securitised Debts in which the scheme would invest carry different levels and types of risks. Accordingly the scheme's risk may increase or decrease depending upon its investments in Securitised Debts. e.g. AAA securitised bonds will have low Credit Risk than a AA securitised bond. Credit Risk on Securitised Bonds may also depend upon the Originator, if the Bonds are issued with Recourse to Originator. A Bond with Recourse will have a lower Credit Risk than a Bond without

Recourse. Underlying Assets in Securitised Debt may be the Receivables from Auto Finance, Credit Cards, Home Loans or any such receipts. Credit risk relating to these types of receivables depends upon various factors including macro-economic factors of these industries and economies. To be more specific, factors like nature and adequacy of property mortgaged against these borrowings, loan agreement, mortgage deed in case of Home Loan, adequacy of documentation in case of Auto Finance and Home Loan, capacity of borrower to meet its obligation on borrowings in case of Credit Cards and intentions of the borrower influence the risks relating to the assets (borrowings) underlying the Securitised Debts. Holders of Securitised Assets may have Low Credit Risk with Diversified Retail Base on Underlying Assets, especially when Securitised Assets are created by High Credit Rated Tranches. Risk profiles of Planned Amortisation Class Tranches (*PAC*), Principal Only Class Tranches (*PO*) and Interest Only Class Tranches (IO) will also differ, depending upon the interest rate movement and Speed of Pre-payments. A change in market interest rates/prepayments may not change the absolute amount of receivables for the investors, but affects the reinvestment of the periodic cash flows that the investor receives in the securitised paper.

- 17. Presently, secondary market for securitised papers is not very liquid. There is no assurance that a deep secondary market will develop for such securities. This could limit the ability of the investor to resell them. Even if a secondary market develops and sales were to take place, these secondary transactions may be at a discount to the initial issue price due to changes in the interest rate structure
- 18. Securitised transactions are normally backed by pool of receivables and credit enhancement as stipulated by the rating agency, which differ from issue to issue. The Credit Enhancement stipulated represents a limited loss cover to the Investors. These Certificates represent an undivided beneficial interest in the underlying receivables and there is no obligation of either the Issuer or the Seller or the originator, or the parent or any affiliate of the Seller, Issuer and Originator. No financial recourse is available to the Certificate Holders against the Investors' Representative. Delinquencies and credit losses may cause depletion of the amount available under the Credit Enhancement and thereby the Investor Payouts may get affected if the amount available in the Credit Enhancement facility is not enough to cover the shortfall. On persistent default of an Obligor to repay his obligation, the Seller may repossess and sell the underlying Asset. However many factors may affect, delay or prevent the repossession of such Asset or the length of time required to realize the sale proceeds on such sales. In addition, the price at which such Asset may be sold may be lower than the amount due from that Obligor.

#### Risks associated with derivatives

- 19. Derivatives are high risk, high return instruments as they may be highly leveraged. A small price movement in the underlying security could have a large impact on their value and may also result in a loss. The risks associated with the use of derivatives are different from or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments.
- 20. Derivative products are leveraged instruments and can provide disproportionate gains as well as disproportionate losses to the investor. Execution of such strategies depends upon the ability of the fund manager to identify such opportunities. Identification and execution of the strategies to be pursued by the fund manager involve uncertainty and decision of fund manager may not always be profitable. No assurance can be given that the fund manager will be able to identify or execute such strategies.
- 21. Interest rate swaps and Forward Rate Agreement require the maintenance of adequate controls to monitor the transactions entered into, the ability to assess the risk that the derivative adds to the portfolio and the ability to forecast failure of another party (usually referred to as the "counter-party") to comply with the terms of the derivatives contract. Other risks in using derivatives include the risk of mis-pricing or improper valuation of derivatives, the credit risk where the danger is that of a counterparty failing to honour its commitment, liquidity risk where the danger is that the derivative cannot be sold at prices that reflect the underlying assets, rates and indices, and price risk where the market price may move in adverse fashion.
- 22. In case of buying options either call/put, the maximum loss would be the premium paid in case of options expiring out of the money.
- 23. The risks associated with futures are similar to those associated with equity investments. Additional risks could be on account of illiquidity and potential mis–pricing of the futures and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices.
- 24. The Long position in the Nifty will have as much loss as the gain in the short portfolio if hedged completely and would be vice versa if we were holding long portfolio, short Index.
- 25. While Futures markets are typically more liquid than the underlying cash market, there can be no assurance that ready liquidity would exist at all points in time for scheme to purchase or close out a specific futures contract.
- 26. The Scheme may find it difficult or impossible to execute derivative transactions in certain circumstances. For example, when there are insufficient bids or suspension of trading due to price

limit or circuit breakers, the Scheme may face a liquidity issue.

27. The Stock Exchange may impose restrictions on exercise of options and may also restrict the exercise of options at certain times in specified circumstances and this could impact the value of the portfolio.

# Risks associated with Securities Lending

28. Engaging in securities lending is subject to risks related to fluctuations in collateral value and settlement/liquidity and counter party risks. The risks in lending portfolio securities, as with other extensions of credit, consist of the failure of another party, in this case the approved intermediary, to comply with the terms of agreement entered into between the lender of securities i.e. the Scheme and the approved intermediary. Such failure to comply can result in the possible loss of rights in the collateral put up by the borrower of the securities, the inability of the approved intermediary to return the securities deposited by the lender and the possible loss of any corporate benefits accruing to the lender from the securities deposited with the approved intermediary. The Mutual Fund may not be able to sell such lent securities and this can lead to temporary illiquidity.

#### Risks associated with Short-selling of Securities

29. Purchasing a security entails the risk of the security price going down. Short selling of securities (i.e. sale of securities without owning them) entails the risk of the security price going up there by decreasing the profitability of the short position. Short selling is subject to risks related to fluctuations in market price, and settlement/liquidity risks. If required by the Regulations, short selling may entail margin money to be deposited with the clearing house and daily mark to market of the prices and margins. This may impact fund pricing and may induce liquidity risks if the fund is not able to provide adequate margins to the clearing house. Failure to meet margin requirements may result in penalties being imposed by the exchanges and clearing house.

#### Risks associated with overseas investment

- 30. To the extent the assets of the scheme are invested in overseas financial assets, there may be risks associated with currency movements, restrictions on repatriation and transaction procedures in overseas market. Further, the repatriation of capital to India may also be hampered by changes in regulations or political circumstances as well as the application to it of other restrictions on investment. In addition, country risks would include events such as introduction of extraordinary exchange controls, economic deterioration, bi-lateral conflict leading to immobilisation of the overseas financial assets and the prevalent tax laws of the respective jurisdiction for execution of trades or otherwise.
- 31. **Currency Risk:** The fund may invest in overseas mutual fund / foreign securities as permitted by the concerned regulatory authorities in India. Since the assets will be invested in securities denominated in foreign currencies, the Indian Rupee equivalent of the net assets, distributions and income may be adversely affected by changes/fluctuations in the value of the foreign currencies relative to the Indian Rupee.
- 32. **Country Risk:** The Country risk arises from the inability of a country, to meet its financial obligations. It is the risk encompassing economic, social and political conditions in a foreign country, which might adversely affect foreign investors' financial interests.
- 33. Risk factors associated with processing of transaction through Stock Exchange Mechanism. The trading mechanism introduced by the stock exchange(s) is configured to accept and process transactions for mutual fund units in both Physical and Demat Form. The allotment and/or redemption of Units through NSE and/or BSE or any other recognised stock exchange(s), on any Business Day will depend upon the modalities of processing viz. collection of application form, order processing/settlement, etc. upon which the AMC has no control. Moreover, transactions conducted through the stock exchange mechanism shall be governed by the operating guidelines and directives issued by respective recognized stock exchange(s).
- 34. Risk factors associated with investment in Tri-Party Repo

All transactions of the mutual fund in government securities and in Tri-party Repo trades are settled centrally through the infrastructure and settlement systems provided by Clearing Corporation of India (CCIL). This reduces the settlement and counterparty risks considerably.

Mutual funds are member of securities segment and Triparty Repo trade settlement of CCIL. The members are required to contribute an amount from time to time to the default fund maintained by CCIL as a part of the default waterfall (a loss mitigating measure of CCIL in case of default by any member in settling transactions routed through CCIL). As per the waterfall mechanism, after the defaulter's margins and the defaulter's contribution to the default fund have been appropriated, CCIL's contribution is used to meet the losses. Post utilization of CCIL's contribution if there is a residual loss, it is appropriated from the default fund contributions of the non-defaulting members. Thus, the scheme is subject to risk of the initial margin and default fund contribution being invoked in the event of failure of any settlement obligations. Additionally, the fund contribution is allowed to meet the residual loss in case of default by the other clearing member (the defaulting member). CCIL maintains two separate

Default Funds with respect to the Securities Segment. One with a view to meet losses arising out of any default by its members from outright and repo trades and the other for meeting losses arising out of any default by its members from Triparty Repo trades.

Therefore, mutual fund is exposed to the extent of its contribution to the default fund of CCIL, in the event that the contribution of the mutual fund is called upon to absorb settlement/default losses of another member by CCIL, as a result the scheme may lose an amount equivalent to its contribution to the default fund.

#### **Risk Mitigation Factors:**

#### **Equity:**

- Liquidity Risk: The fund will try to maintain a proper asset-liability match to ensure redemption payments are made on time and not affected by illiquidity of the underlying stocks.
- Concentration Risk: The scheme will endeavour to have a well-diversified equity portfolio comprising stocks across various sectors of the economy. This would aid in managing concentration risk and sector-specific risks.
- Generally, diversification across market cap segments also aids in managing volatility and ensuring adequate liquidity at all times.
- Derivatives Risk: The fund will endeavour to maintain adequate controls to monitor the derivatives transactions entered into.

#### Debt

- Interest Rate Risk: The Fund seeks to mitigate this risk by keeping the maturity of the scheme in line with the interest rate expectations.
- Credit risk or default risk: The Fund will endeavour to minimise Credit/Default risk by primarily
  investing in medium-high investment grade fixed income securities rated by SEBI registered credit
  rating agencies. Historical default rates for investment grade securities (BBB and above) have been
  low.
- Reinvestment Risk: Reinvestment risks will be limited to the extent of coupons received on debt instruments, which will be a very small portion of the portfolio value.
- The scheme may take positions in interest rate derivatives to hedge market/interest rate risks.
- Liquidity or Marketability Risk: The fund will endeavour to minimise liquidity risk by investing in securities having a liquid market.

#### **B. REQUIREMENT OF MINIMUM NUMBER OF INVESTORS**

The Scheme/Plan shall have a minimum of 20 investors and no single investor shall account for more than 25% of the corpus of the Scheme/Plan(s). In case the Scheme / Plan(s) does not have a minimum of 20 investors in the stipulated period, the provisions of Regulation 39(2)(c) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations would become applicable automatically without any reference from SEBI and accordingly the Scheme / Plan(s) shall be wound up and the units would be redeemed at applicable NAV. The two conditions mentioned above shall be complied within each subsequent calendar quarter, on an average basis, as specified by SEBI. If there is a breach of the 25% limit by any investor over the quarter, a rebalancing period of one month would be allowed and thereafter the investor who is in breach of the rule shall be given 15 days notice to redeem his exposure over the 25 % limit. Failure on the part of the said investor to redeem his exposure over the 25% limit within the aforesaid 15 days would lead to automatic redemption by the Mutual Fund on the applicable Net Asset Value on the 15th day of the notice period. The Fund shall adhere to the requirements prescribed by SEBI from time to time in this regard.

#### **C. SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS**

- Investment decisions made by the Investment Manager will not always be profitable or prove to be correct. Accordingly, the scheme is not intended as a complete investment program.
- A Unitholder may invest in the scheme and acquire a substantial portion of the scheme units. The
  repurchase of units by the Unitholder may have an adverse impact on the units of the scheme,
  because the timing of such repurchase may impact the ability of other Unit holders to repurchase their
  units
- Prospective investors should review / study this Scheme Information Document carefully and in its
  entirety and shall not construe the contents hereof or regard the summaries contained herein as
  advice relating to legal, taxation, or financial/ investment matters and are advised to consult their own
  professional advisor(s) as to the legal or any other requirements or restrictions relating to the
  subscription, gifting, acquisition, holding, disposal (sale, transfer, switch or redemption or conversion
  into money) of Units and to the treatment of income (if any), capitalization, capital gains, any

distribution, and other tax consequences relevant to their subscription, acquisition, holding, capitalization, disposal (sale, transfer, switch or redemption or conversion into money) of Units within their jurisdiction / of nationality, residence, domicile etc. or under the laws of any jurisdiction to which they or any managed Funds to be used to purchase/gift Units are subject, and (also) to determine possible legal, tax, financial or other consequences of subscribing / gifting to, purchasing or holding Units before making an application for Units.

- Neither this Scheme Information Document nor the units have been registered in any jurisdiction. The distribution of this Scheme Information Document in certain jurisdictions may be restricted or subject to registration requirements and, accordingly, persons who come into possession of this Scheme Information Document in certain jurisdictions are required to inform themselves about, and to observe, any such restrictions. No person receiving a copy of this Scheme Information Document or any accompanying application form in such jurisdiction may treat this Scheme Information Document or such application form as constituting an invitation to them to subscribe for Units, nor should they in any event use any such application form, unless in the relevant jurisdiction such an invitation could lawfully be made to them and such application form could lawfully be used without compliance with any registration or other legal requirements.
- No person has been authorised to give any information or to make any representations not confirmed in this Scheme Information Document in connection with this Offer or the issue of Units, and any information or representations not contained herein must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the Mutual Fund, the Investment Manager. Neither the delivery of this Scheme Information Document nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that the information contained herein is correct as of the date of receipt of this document. The Investor is requested to check the credentials of the individual/firm he/she is entrusting his/her application form and payment to, for any transaction with the Fund. The Fund/Trustee or the AMC shall not be responsible for any acts done by the intermediaries representing or purportedly representing such investor.
- The AMC has obtained a certificate from SEBI to act as a Portfolio Manager under Securities and Exchange Board of India (Portfolio Managers) Rules and Regulations, 1993, vide registration No.INP000000464 and commenced the activity. The AMC has also obtained a No-Objection letter from SEBI under Regulation 24(2) of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 for commencing the Portfolio Managers activity. SEBI has accorded its no objection for providing non-binding investment advisory services to the group/ subsidiaries of the sponsor company for Franklin Templeton group, which are established outside India and invest in securities as FIIs or sub-accounts. The AMC has policies and systems in place to ensure that there is no conflict of interest between the aforesaid activities and to handle if any unavoidable conflict of interest, as envisaged in Regulation 24 of the SEBI (MF) Regulations, arises.

#### **D. DEFINITIONS**

For the purpose of this Scheme Information Document, unless the context otherwise requires, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

Applicable NAV	"Applicable NAV" is the Net Asset Value per unit applicable for the transaction (subscription / redemption / switch) based on the day and time on which the application is accepted at any ISC / Collection Centre, as evidenced by the electronic date / time stamp affixed at the ISC or Collection Centre.
Business Day	<ul> <li>A day other than:</li> <li>(i) Saturday and Sunday;</li> <li>(ii) a day on which BSE Ltd. (BSE) and / or the National Stock Exchange of India Ltd. (NSE) are closed for business;</li> <li>(iii) a day on which normal business could not be transacted due to storms, floods, bandhs, strikes or such other events as the AMC may specify from time to time;</li> <li>(iv) a day on which sale and repurchase of units is suspended by the AMC;</li> <li>(v) A day on which register of unitholders is closed;</li> <li>(vi) a day which is a holiday/non-working day at an ISC or a Collection Centre. However, it will be non business day for that location only.</li> <li>The AMC reserves the right to declare any day as a Business Day or otherwise at any or all ISCs or Collection Centres.</li> <li>Further, in case in of FAEF, the AMC also reserves the right to declare any</li> </ul>

	day as a Nan Business Day for the Coheme if any of the relevant averages
	day as a Non-Business Day for the Scheme if any of the relevant overseas
CDSC	stock exchanges are closed for business.  Contingent Deferred Sales Charge
Entry / Sales Load	Load on subscriptions / purchases
Exit / Redemption	Load on redemption / repurchase other than CDSC
Load	Load on redemption / reputchase other than oboo
Equity related instruments	Equity related instruments include convertible debentures, convertible preference shares, warrants carrying the right to obtain equity shares, equity derivatives and such other instrument as may be specified by the Board from time to time
ISC	Investor Service Centre of the Asset Management Company
Collection Centres	The location (other than ISC) that is declared as an official point of acceptance for all transactions but where no Investor or Distributor services are offered. These locations would only accept and acknowledge transactions as per SEBI guidelines.
Foreign Securities	Depository Receipts (DR) / Foreign Currency Convertible Bond (FCCB) issued by Indian companies, shares of different classes / stocks / warrants / DRs of overseas companies, foreign debt securities (short term as well as long term debt instruments — convertible or non convertible), foreign government securities, units/securities issued by overseas mutual funds or unit trusts, overseas exchange traded funds (ETFs), foreign derivatives and such other overseas financial assets/instruments as may be permitted by SEBI/RBI/other regulatory authorities from time to time.
Franklin Templeton	Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund, Franklin Resources Inc. and its subsidiary
Investments/	and associate entities including their employees, directors and key
Franklin Templeton	managerial persons.
Eligible Investment Amount	The maximum amount that can be invested, by all the schemes of Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund in Foreign Securities, calculated based on the cost of investments in Foreign Securities as per the RBI Circular AP (DIR) Series Circular No. 12 dated September 26, 2007 read with Para 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023, that currently permits the Fund to invest only up to US\$1 billion in Foreign Securities and up to US\$ 300 million in ETFs The Eligible Investment Amount may change in case the aforesaid limits are revised by SEBI/RBI from time to time.
Market	Market value of the listed company, which is calculated by multiplying its current
Capitalisation	market price by number of its shares outstanding.
Money Market Instruments	Commercial papers, commercial bills, treasury bills, Government securities having an unexpired maturity up to one year, call or notice money, certificate of deposit, usance bills, (repos / reverse repos), TREPs and any other like instruments as specified by the Reserve Bank of India from time to time
NAV	Net Asset Value of the Units of the Scheme
SAI	Statement of Additional Information of Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund
Scheme Information	The document issued by Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund offering units of the
Document	Scheme
Repo / Reverse	Sale/Purchase of Government Securities as may be allowed by RBI from time
Repo	to time with simultaneous agreement to repurchase/resell them at a later date.
Scheme	Franklin Asian Equity Fund
Unit	The interest of an investor, which consists of, one undivided shares in the Net Assets of the Scheme
Unitholder	A person holding Units in the Scheme
	1 1

Words and expression used but not defined in this Scheme Information Document shall have the same meaning respectively assigned to them under the Statement of Additional Information.

In this SID, all references to "U.S.\$" or "\$" are to United States of America Dollars and "Rs." are to Indian Rupees.

### **E. DUE DILIGENCE CERTIFICATE**

### It is confirmed that:

- i. the Scheme Information Document forwarded to SEBI is in accordance with the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines and directives issued by SEBI from time to time.
- ii. all legal requirements connected with the launching of the scheme as also the guidelines, instructions, etc., issued by the Government and any other competent authority in this behalf, have been duly complied with.
- the disclosures made in the Scheme Information Document are true, fair and adequate to enable the investors to make a well informed decision regarding investment in the scheme.
- iv. the intermediaries named in the Scheme Information Document and Statement of Additional Information are registered with SEBI and their registration is valid, as on date.

Sd/-Saurabh Gangrade Compliance Officer

Date: October 31, 2023

Place: Mumbai

#### 03. INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME

#### A. NAME & TYPE OF THE SCHEME

Franklin Asian Equity Fund, an open-ended equity scheme following Asian (excluding Japan) equity theme

#### **B. INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES**

The Scheme seeks to provide medium to long term appreciation through investments primarily in Asian Companies/sectors (excluding Japan) with long term potential across market capitalisation.

#### C. ASSET ALLOCATION PATTERN

Under normal market circumstances, the investment range would be as follows:

Instruments	Risk Profile	As % of Net Assets #	
		(Min. – Max.)	
<b>Equities and Equity Linked instruments</b>	Medium to High	80% - 100%	
<ul> <li>Domestic securities</li> </ul>		0% - 20%	
<ul> <li>Foreign Securities<sup>®</sup></li> </ul>		80% - 100%	
<b>Domestic Debt securities* and Money</b>	Low to Medium	0% - 20%	
Market Instruments			

@ including investments in units/securities of overseas mutual funds/unit trusts and such other foreign securities/ instruments as may be permitted by SEBI/RBI upto the limit specified for applicable asset class in the asset allocation table above.

# exposure in derivatives up to a maximum of 50%

\*including securitised debt up to 20%

The scheme would predominantly invest in Foreign Securities of Asian companies (excluding Japan) and other companies that are benefiting from growth in Asian economies.

The fund managers will follow an active investment strategy taking defensive/aggressive postures depending on opportunities available at various points in time.

A maximum of 40% of net assets may be deployed in securities lending and the maximum single party exposure may be restricted to 10% of net assets outstanding at any point of time.

^ Presently, Securities lending and borrowing (SLB) is an Exchange traded product. Counterparty is not known for transactions carried out under SLB segment and they are guaranteed by Clearing Corporations and hence do not carry any counter party risk. Accordingly, single party exposure limit will not apply to trades on Stock Exchange platform. Single party exposure limits can only apply in case of OTC (over the counter) trades where counterparty can be identified.

The scheme may enter into derivatives in line with the guidelines prescribed by SEBI from time to time. The scheme may take exposure in derivatives up to a maximum of 50% of its AUM. The exposure limit per scrip/instrument shall be to the extent permitted by the SEBI Regulation for the time being in force. These limits will be reviewed by the AMC from time to time.

It must be clearly understood that the percentages stated above are only indicative and not absolute and that they can vary substantially (subject to and within the maximum limits prescribed above) depending upon the perception of the Investment Manager, the intention being at all times to seek to protect the interests of the Unit holders. The asset allocation pattern described above may alter from time to time on a short-term basis on defensive considerations (As per Para 1.14.1.2.b of SEBI Master circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023), keeping in view market conditions, market opportunities, applicable regulations and political and economic factors (i.e., for reasons other than downgrade in rating) and would, in such cases, shall be rebalanced within 30 calendar days from date of deviation. However, if the asset allocation pattern is to be altered for other reasons, as this is a fundamental attribute, the procedure outlined in the paragraph on fundamental attributes below, shall be followed.

#### Portfolio Rebalancing

In the event of deviations the portfolio will be rebalanced as per Para 2.9 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023. In the event of deviation from mandated asset allocation mentioned in the Scheme Information Document (SID) due to passive breaches (occurrence of instances not arising out of omission and commission of AMCs), rebalancing period shall be 30 Business Days. Where the portfolio

is not rebalanced within 30 Business Days justification in writing, including details of efforts taken to rebalance the portfolio shall be placed before the Investment Committee. The Investment committee shall then decide on the course of action. The Investment Committee, if so desires, can extend the timelines up to sixty (60) business days from the date of completion of mandated rebalancing period. However, at all times the portfolio will adhere to the overall investment objectives of the Scheme.

All the reporting and disclosure requirements as mentioned in Para 2.9 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023 shall be complied with. This includes disclosure to investors in case the AUM of deviated portfolio is more than 10% of the AUM of main portfolio of scheme.

NOTE: The investment under Direct Plans shall have the same portfolio as that of the plan/option under which it is introduced, and hence the same investment objectives and investment pattern as that of the existing respective Scheme/Scheme Portfolio.

### D. WHERE WILL THE SCHEME INVEST

Subject to the SEBI Regulations and the asset allocation pattern mention above for the respective scheme, the Scheme may invest in various types of instruments including, but not limited to, any of the following:

- (a) Equity and Equity related instruments
- (b) Securities issued, guaranteed or supported by the Central Government or any state government (including but not limited to coupon bearing bonds, zero coupon bonds and treasury bills)
- (c) Securities issued by any domestic government agencies, quasi-government or statutory bodies, Public Sector Undertakings, which may or may not be guaranteed or supported by the Central Government or any state government
- (d) Domestic non-convertible securities as well as non-convertible portion of convertible securities, such as debentures, coupon bearing bonds, zero coupon bonds, deep discount bonds, Mibor-linked or other floating rate instruments, premium notes and other debt securities or obligations of public sector undertakings, banks, financial institutions, corporations, companies and other bodies corporate as may be permitted by SEBI / RBI from time to time
- (e) Domestic securitised debt, pass through obligations, various types of securitisation issuances such as Asset Backed Securitisation, Mortgage Backed Securitisation and so on as may be permitted by SEBI from time to time.
- (f) Domestic Commercial Paper (CP), Certificate of Deposits (CD), Bills Rediscounting, TREPs, Repo, Reverse Repo, Treasury Bills and other Money Market Instruments as may be permitted by SEBI / RBI from time to time.
- (g) Derivatives
- (h) Deposits with domestic banks and other bodies corporate as may be permitted by SEBI from time to time
- (i) Any other domestic debt and money market instruments that may be available or evolve with the development of the securities markets and as may be permitted by SEBI from time to time.

Further, the scheme investing in Foreign Securities may invest in various types of instruments including, but not limited to, any of the following:

- (j) Equity and Equity related instruments of overseas companies listed on recognised stock exchanges overseas
- (k) Initial and follow on public offerings for listing at recognised stock exchanges overseas
- (I) ADRs / GDRs issued by Indian or foreign companies
- (m) foreign debt securities (convertible or non-convertible) in the countries with fully convertible currencies
- (n) overseas short term as well as long term debt instruments with rating not below investment grade by accredited/registered credit rating agencies
- (o) Overseas Money market instruments rated not below investment grade
- (p) Overseas repos in the form of investment, where the counterparty is rated not below investment grade (repos shall not however, involve any borrowing of funds by the Scheme)
- (q) Foreign government securities where the countries are rated not below investment grade
- (r) Overseas derivatives traded on recognized stock exchanges overseas (currently permitted only for hedging and portfolio balancing with underlying as securities)
- (s) Short term deposits with banks overseas where the issuer is rated not below investment grade
- (t) Overseas Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs)
- (u) units/securities issued by overseas mutual funds or unit trusts registered with overseas regulators and investing in permitted Foreign Securities, Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs) listed in recognized stock exchanges overseas or unlisted overseas securities (not exceeding 10% of their net assets).
- (v) Any other permitted overseas securities / instruments that may be available from time to time.

Investment in Foreign Securities shall be made in accordance with the guidelines issued by SEBI and RBI from time to time. The securities mentioned above could be listed, unlisted, publicly offered, privately placed, secured, unsecured, rated or unrated and of varying maturity. The securities may be acquired through public offerings (IPOs), secondary market operations, private placement, rights offers or negotiated deals. The Scheme may also enter into repurchase and reverse repurchase obligations in all securities held by it as per the guidelines and regulations applicable to such transactions.

#### **INVESTMENT IN FOREIGN SECURITIES**

The Scheme may invest in permitted Foreign Securities and any other overseas instruments as may be permitted by SEBI/RBI/other regulatory authorities from time to time.

As per Para 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023 has issued guidelines pertaining to investments in overseas financial assets. Accordingly, the investments in Foreign Securities shall be made in compliance with the said circular.

The Fund has appointed a dedicated fund manager for the purpose of investment in overseas financial assets (except for investment in units/securities of overseas mutual funds/unit trusts/ETFs and such other securities/instruments as may be permitted by SEBI from time to time) as prescribed in the aforesaid SEBI circular. Service of custodian and other intermediaries/advisors of international repute will be used for managing and administering such investments. The appointment of such intermediaries shall be in accordance with the applicable requirements of SEBI and within the permissible ceilings of expenses. The fees and expenses would include, besides the investments management fees, custody fees and costs, fees of appointed advisors and sub-managers, transaction costs and overseas regulatory costs.

Offshore investment will be made subject to any/ all approvals/conditions thereof as may be stipulated by SEBI/ RBI/ other regulatory authorities. Boards of asset management companies (AMCs) and trustees shall exercise due diligence in making investment decisions as required under Regulation 25(2). They shall make a detailed analysis of risks and returns of investment in foreign securities and how these investments would be in the interest of investors. Investment must be made in liquid actively traded securities/instruments and such other types of securities/instruments as may be permitted by SEBI from time to time. Boards of AMCs and trustees may prescribe detailed parameters for making such investments, which may include identification of countries, country rating, country limits, etc. They shall satisfy themselves that the AMC has experienced key personnel, research facilities and infrastructure for making such investments. Other specialised agencies and service providers associated with such investments e.g. custodian, bank, advisors, etc should also have adequate expertise and infrastructure facilities. Their past track record of performance and regulatory compliance record, if they are registered with foreign regulators, may also be considered. Necessary agreements may be entered into with them as considered necessary. All investment decisions shall be recorded in accordance with para 12.19.3.2.a of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023. Such investments shall be disclosed while disclosing half-yearly portfolios in the prescribed format by making a separate heading "Foreign Securities/overseas ETFs." Scheme-wise percentage of investments made in such securities shall be disclosed while publishing half-yearly results in the prescribed format, as a footnote.

It is the investment manager's belief that overseas securities offer new investment and portfolio diversification opportunities into multi-market and multi-currency products. However, such investments also entail additional risks.

Investment in derivatives traded on recognised stock exchanges overseas shall be made only for hedging and portfolio balancing with underlying as securities.

As advised by SEBI, in order to avoid breach of industry-wide overseas investment limits as allowed by RBI and as per Para 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular of Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023, the total investment in overseas funds or securities across all schemes of FTMF is capped at the level as of February 1, 2022. The aforesaid capping is temporary in nature and will continue only till further enhancement of limit by Regulators in this regard.

#### INVESTMENTS IN DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

### Brief note on investment in derivative instruments

As part of the Fund Management process, the Trustee may permit the use of derivative instruments such as index futures, stock futures and options contracts warrants, convertible securities, swap agreements, Forward Rate Agreement (FRA) or any other derivative instruments that are permissible or may be permissible in future under applicable regulations and such investments shall be in accordance with the investment objectives of the scheme.

Index futures/options are meant to be an efficient way of buying/selling an index compared to buying/selling a portfolio of physical shares representing an index for ease of execution and settlement. Index futures/options can be an efficient way of achieving the scheme's investment objective. On the fixed income side, an interest rate swap agreement from fixed rate to floating rate is an example of how derivatives can be an effective hedge for the portfolio in a rising interest rate environment.

Derivatives can be either exchange traded or can be over the counter (OTC). Exchange traded derivatives are listed and traded on Stock Exchanges whereas OTC derivative transactions are generally structured between two counterparties.

Derivatives may be high risk - high return instruments, upon leveraging. As they are highly leveraged, a small price movement in the underlying security could have a large impact on their value and may also result in a loss.

#### **Position Limits:**

The scheme may enter into derivative transactions in line with the guidelines prescribed by SEBI from time to time. The exposure limit per scrip/instrument shall be to the extent permitted by the SEBI Regulation for the time being in force. These limits will be reviewed by the AMC from time to time.

Currently, the position limits for Mutual Funds and its schemes, as permitted by the SEBI Regulations, are as under:

The cumulative gross exposure through equity, debt and derivative positions (including commodity and fixed income derivatives), repo transactions and credit default swaps in corporate debt securities, Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs), Infrastructure Investment Trusts (InvITs), other permitted securities/assets and such other securities/assets as may be permitted by SEBI from time to time) should not exceed 100% of the net assets of the scheme. Exposure due to hedging positions may not be included in the above mentioned limit subject to the following:

- Hedging positions are the derivative positions that reduce possible losses on an existing position in securities and till the existing position remains.
- Hedging positions cannot be taken for existing derivative positions. Exposure due to such positions shall have to be added and treated under limits mentioned above.
- Any derivative instrument used to hedge has the same underlying security as the existing position being hedged.
- The quantity of underlying associated with the derivative position taken for hedging purposes does not exceed the quantity of the existing position against which hedge has been taken.
- Exposure due to derivative positions taken for hedging purposes in excess of the underlying position against which the hedging position has been taken, shall be treated under the limits mentioned above.

Further, the total exposure related to option premium paid must not exceed 20% of the net assets of the scheme. Cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days may be treated as not creating any exposure.

Pursuant to SEBI letter dated November 03, 2022, Cash or cash equivalents shall consist of following securities having residual maturity of less than 91 days:

- Government Securities
- 2) T-Bills
- 3) Repo on Government Securities

Mutual Funds shall not write options or purchase instruments with embedded written options.

- i. Position limit for Mutual Funds in index options contracts:
- 1. The Mutual Fund position limit in all index options contracts on a particular underlying index shall be Rs. 500 crore or 15% of the total open interest of the market in index options, whichever is higher, per Stock Exchange.

- This limit would be applicable on open positions in all options contracts on a particular underlying index.
- ii. Position limit for Mutual Funds in index futures contracts:
- The Mutual Fund position limit in all index futures contracts on a particular underlying index shall be Rs. 500 crore or 15% of the total open interest of the market in index futures, whichever is higher, per Stock Exchange.
- This limit would be applicable on open positions in all futures contracts on a particular underlying index.

#### iii. Additional position limit for hedging

In addition to the position limits at point (i) and (ii) above, Mutual Funds may take exposure in equity index derivatives subject to the following limits:

- 1. Short positions in index derivatives (short futures, short calls and long puts) shall not exceed (in notional value) the Mutual Fund's holding of stocks.
- Long positions in index derivatives (long futures, long calls and short puts) shall not exceed (in notional value) the Mutual Fund's holding of cash, government securities, T-Bills and similar instruments.

# iv. Position limit for Mutual Funds for stock based derivative contracts

The Mutual Fund position limit in a derivative contract on a particular underlying stock, i.e. stock option contracts and stock futures contracts shall be 20% of the applicable Market Wide Position Limit (MWPL).

#### v. Position limit for each scheme of a Mutual Fund

The position limits for each scheme of mutual fund and disclosure requirements shall be identical to that prescribed for a sub-account of a FII. Therefore, the scheme-wise position limit/disclosure requirements shall be –

1. For stock option and stock futures contracts, the gross open position across all derivative contracts on a particular underlying stock of a scheme of a mutual fund shall not exceed the higher of: 1% of the free float market capitalisation (in terms of number of shares)

Or

5% of the open interest in the derivative contracts on a particular underlying stock (in terms of number of contracts)

- 2. This position limits shall be applicable on the combined position in all derivative contracts on an underlying stock at a Stock Exchange.
- 3. For index based contracts, Mutual Funds shall disclose the total open interest held by its scheme or all schemes put together in a particular underlying index, if such open interest equals to or exceeds 15% of the open interest of all derivative contracts on that underlying index.

# Valuation:

- The traded derivatives shall be valued at market price in conformity with the stipulations of sub clauses (i) to (v) of clause 1 of the Eighth Schedule to the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996.
- The valuation of untraded derivatives shall be done in accordance with the valuation method for untraded investments prescribed in sub clauses (i) and (ii) of clause 2 of the Eighth Schedule to the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996.

#### Stock and Index Options:

Option contracts are of two types - Call and Put; the former being the right, but not obligation, to purchase a prescribed number of shares at a specified price before or on a specific expiration date and the latter being the right, but not obligation, to sell a prescribed number of shares at a specified price before or on a specific expiration date. The price at which the shares are contracted to be purchased or sold is called the strike price. Options that can be exercised on or before the expiration date are called American Options, while those that can be exercised only on the expiration date are called European Options. In India, all individual stock options are American Options, whereas all index options are European Options. Option contracts are designated by the type of option, name of the underlying, expiry month and the strike price.

# Strategies that employ Options:

**Buying a Call Option:** Let us assume that the Fund buys a call option of XYZ Ltd. with strike price of Rs. 1000, at a premium of Rs. 25. If the market price of ABC Ltd on the expiration date is more than Rs. 1000, the option will be exercised. The Fund will earn profits once the share price crosses Rs. 1025 (Strike Price

+ Premium i.e. 1000+25). Suppose the price of the stock is Rs. 1100, the option will be exercised and the Fund will buy 1 share of XYZ Ltd. from the seller of the option at Rs 1000 and sell it in the market at Rs. 1100, making a profit of Rs. 75. In another scenario, if on the expiration date the stock price falls below Rs. 1000, say it touches Rs. 900, the Fund will choose not to exercise the option. In this case the Fund loses the premium (Rs. 25), which will be the profit earned by the seller of the call option.

#### Risks:

In case of buying options either call/put, the maximum loss would be the premium paid in case of options expiring out of the money.

Buying a Put Option: Let us assume the Fund owns the shares of XYZ Ltd, which is trading at Rs. 500. The fund wishes to hedge this position in the short-term as it perceives some downside to the stock in the short-term. It can buy a Put Option at Rs. 500 by paying a premium of say Rs, 10/- In case the stock goes down to Rs. 450/- the fund has protected its downside to only the premium i.e Rs 10 instead of Rs. 50. On the contrary if the stock moves up to say Rs. 550/- the fund may let the Option expire and forego the premium thereby capturing Rs. 40/- upside. The strategy is useful for downside protection at cost of foregoing some upside.

#### Risks:

In case of buying options either call/put, the maximum loss would be the premium paid in case of options expiring out of the money.

#### Stock and Index Futures:

The Stock Exchange, Mumbai and the National Stock Exchange have introduced Index futures on BSE Sensex (BSE 30) and Nifty (NSE-50). Generally, three futures of 1 month, 2 months and 3 months are presently traded on these exchanges. These futures will expire on the last working Thursday of the respective month.

There are futures based on stock indices as mentioned above as also futures based on individual stocks. Individual stock futures are also widely used derivative instruments for enhancing portfolio returns. Stock futures trade either at a premium or at discount to the spot prices, usually the level of premium reflective of the cost of carry. Many a times the stock-specific sentiments too have a bearing on Futures as speculators may find futures as a cost-effective way of executing their view on the stock. However such executions usually increase the premium/discount to the spot significantly, thereby giving rise to clean arbitrage opportunities for a fund.

#### Strategies that employ Index Futures:

Illustrative list of strategies that can employ index futures:

- (a) The fund has an existing equity portion invested in a basket of stocks. In case the fund manager has a view that the equity markets are headed downwards, the fund can then hedge the exposure to equity either fully or partially by initiating short futures positions in the index. A similar position in the long direction can also be initiated by the fund to hedge its position of cash and permissible equivalents. The extent to which this can be done is determined by existing guidelines.
- (b) To the extent permissible by extant regulations the scheme can initiate a naked short position in an underlying index future traded on a recognized stock exchange.

In case the Nifty near month future contract trading at say, 1850, and the fund manager has a view that it will depreciate going forward, the fund can initiate a sale transaction of nifty futures at 1850 without holding a portfolio of equity stocks or any other underlying long equity position. Once the price falls to 1800 after say, 20 days the fund can initiate a square-up transaction by buying the said futures and book a profit of 50. Correspondingly the fund can take a long position without an underlying cash/ cash equivalent subject to the extant regulations.

# Risks:

- The risks associated with index futures are similar to those associated with equity investments. Additional risks could be on account of illiquidity and potential mis–pricing of the futures and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices.
- The Long position in the Nifty will have as much loss as the gain in the short portfolio if hedged completely and would be vice versa if we were holding long portfolio, short Index.

#### Strategies that employ Stock Futures:

Sell Spot Buy Future: To illustrate, let us assume the fund holds the stock XYZ Ltd which is trading @ Rs. 100/- at the spot market. If for some reasons the stock trades at Rs. 98 in the futures, the fund may

sell the stock and buy the futures. On the date of expiry, the fund may reverse the transactions (i.e. Buy Spot & Sell futures) and earn a risk-free Rs. 2/- (2% absolute) on its holdings. Since this is done without diluting the fund's view on the underlying stock, the fund will benefit from any upside move i.e. if on the date of futures expiry, the stock is trading at Rs. 110/- the futures too will be trading at Rs. 110- and the fund will capture the 10% upside the stock provided and along with it the 2% arbitrage too, thereby enhancing returns to 12%

#### Risks:

- While Futures markets are typically more liquid than the underlying cash market, there can be no assurance that ready liquidity would exist at all points in time for scheme to purchase or close out a specific futures contract.
- The risks associated with stock futures are similar to those associated with equity investments. Additional risks could be on account of illiquidity and potential mis—pricing of the futures.

<u>Buy Spot Sell Future:</u> If the fund holds a stock XYZ Ltd which trades @ Rs 100/- at the spot market and is trading at Rs. 102/- in the futures market. The fund may buy the spot and sell the futures and earn the premium of Rs.2 /- which is risk-free. However this strategy can be used only when the fund is sitting in cash and is looking at enhancing the returns on the cash.

### Risks:

- While Futures markets are typically more liquid than the underlying cash market, there can be no assurance that ready liquidity would exist at all points in time for scheme to purchase or close out a specific futures contract.
- The risks associated with stock futures are similar to those associated with equity investments. Additional risks could be on account of illiquidity and potential mis—pricing of the futures.

<u>Sell Future:</u> This helps in shorting the market and taking a direct short position in the market. Futures facilitate a short position if fund manager has a bearish view in the market. A sold Futures can be repurchased any time up to the date of its expiry. If not re-purchased, it is automatically squared off on the expiry date at Spot Rate.

#### Risks:

The risks associated with stock futures are similar to those associated with equity investments. Additional risks could be on account of illiquidity and potential mis-pricing of the futures and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices.

**Buy Future:** If the fund wants to initiate a long position in a stock whose spot price is at say, Rs.100 and futures is at 98, the fund may just buy the futures contract instead of the spot thereby benefiting from a lower cost option.

#### Risks:

The risks associated with stock futures are similar to those associated with equity investments. Additional risks could be on account of illiquidity and potential mis—pricing of the futures and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices.

#### **Interest Rate Swaps:**

The Indian markets have faced high volatility in debt and equity markets. An interest rate swap is a contractual agreement between two counter-parties to exchange streams of interest amount on a national principal basis. In this, one party agrees to pay a fixed stream of interest amount against receiving a variable or floating stream of interest amount. The variable or floating part is determined on a periodical basis.

The Scheme may enter into plain vanilla Interest Rate Swaps (IRS) for hedging purposes. The value of the notional principal in such cases must not exceed the value of respective existing assets being hedged by the scheme.

In case of participation in IRS is through over the counter transactions, the counter party has to be an entity recognized as a market maker by RBI and exposure to a single counterparty in such transactions should not exceed 10% of the net assets of the scheme. However, if Scheme is transacting in IRS through an electronic trading platform offered by the Clearing Corporation of India Ltd. (CCIL) and CCIL is the central counterparty for such transactions guaranteeing settlement, the single counterparty limit of 10% shall not be applicable.

### Purpose of Interest Rate Swaps:

- The Indian markets have faced high volatility in debt and equity markets. An interest rate swap is a contractual agreement between two counter-parties to exchange streams of interest amount on a national principal basis. In this, one party agrees to pay a fixed stream of interest amount against receiving a variable or floating stream of interest amount. The variable or floating part is determined on a periodical basis.
- The scheme shall use derivative position for hedging the portfolio risk on a non-leverage basis. The scheme shall fully cover their positions in the derivatives market by holding underlying securities / cash or cash equivalents / option and / or obligation for acquiring underlying assets to honour the obligations contracted in the derivatives market.

#### Let us look at an example of an interest rate swap:

Entity A has Rs.20 crores, 3 month asset which is being funded through call. Entity B, on the other hand, has deployed Rs.20 crores in overnight call money market, 3 month liability. Both the entities are taking on an interest rate risk.

To hedge against the interest rate risk, both the entities can enter into a 3 month swap agreement based on say MIBOR (Mumbai Inter Bank Offered Rate). Through this swap, entity B will receive a fixed preagreed rate (say 8%) and pay NSE MIBOR ("the benchmark rate") which will neutralize the interest rate risk of lending in call. Similarly, entity A will neutralize its interest rate risk from call borrowing as it will pay 8% and receive interest at the benchmark rate.

Assuming the swap is for Rs.20 crores 1 September to 1 December, Entity A is a floating rate receiver at the overnight compounded rate and Entity B is a fixed rate receiver. On a daily basis, the benchmark rate fixed by NSE will be tracked by them.

On December 1, they will calculate as explained below:

Entity A is entitled to receive daily compounded call rate for 92 days and pay 8% fixed. Entity B is entitled to receive interest on Rs.20 crores @ 8% i.e. Rs.40.33 lakhs, and pay the compounded benchmark rate.

Thus on December 1, if the total interest on the daily overnight compounded benchmark rate is higher than Rs.40.33 lakhs, entity B will pay entity A the difference and vice versa.

#### Forward Rate Agreement (FRA)

A FRA is basically a forward starting IRS. It is an agreement between two parties to pay or receive the difference between an agreed fixed rate (the FRA rate) and the interest rate (reference rate) prevailing on a stipulated future date, based on a notional principal amount for an agreed period. The only cash flow is the difference between the FRA rate and the reference rate. As is the case with IRS, the notional amounts are not exchanged in FRAs.

**Example**: Let us assume that a scheme has an investment of Rs.10 crore in an instrument that pays interest linked to NSE Mibor. Since the NSE Mibor would vary daily, the scheme is running interest rate risk on its investment and would stand to lose if rates go down. To hedge itself against this risk, the scheme could do an IRS where it receives a fixed rate (assume 10%) for the next 5 days on the notional amount of Rs. 10 crore and pay a floating rate (NSE Mibor). In doing this, the scheme would effectively lock itself into a fixed rate of 10% for the next five days. The steps would be:

- 1. The scheme enters into an IRS on Rs. 10 crore from December 1 to December 6. It receives a fixed rate of interest at 10% and the counter party receives the floating rate (NSE Mibor). The scheme and the counter party exchange a contract of having entered into this IRS.
- 2. On a daily basis, the NSE Mibor will be tracked by the counterparties to determine the floating rate payable by the scheme.
- 3. On December 6, the counterparties will calculate the following:
  - The scheme will receive interest on Rs. 10 crore at 10% p.a. for 5 days i.e. Rs.1,36,986/-
  - The scheme will pay the compounded NSE Mibor for 5 days by converting its floating rate asset into a fixed rate through the IRS.
  - If the total interest on the compounded NSE Mibor rate is lower than Rs. 1,36,986/-, the scheme will receive the difference from the counterparty and vice-versa. In case the interest on compounded NSE Mibor is higher, the scheme would make a lower return than what it would have made had it not undertaken IRS.

#### Risks:

Interest rate swaps and Forward Rate Agreement require the maintenance of adequate controls to monitor the transactions entered into, the ability to assess the risk that the derivative adds to the portfolio and the ability to forecast failure of another party (usually referred to as the "counter-party") to comply with the terms of the derivatives contract. Other risks in using derivatives include the risk of mis-pricing or improper valuation of derivatives, the credit risk where the danger is that of a counter-party failing to honour its commitment, liquidity risk where the danger is that the derivative cannot be sold at prices that reflect the underlying assets, rates and indices, and price risk where the market price may move in adverse fashion.

As is clear from the above examples, engaging in derivatives has the potential to help the scheme in minimising the portfolio risk and/or improve the overall portfolio returns.

Please note these examples are hypothetical in nature and are given for illustration purposes only. The actual returns may vary depending on the market conditions.

The AMC retains the right to enter into such derivative transactions as may be permitted by the applicable regulations from time to time.

### **SECURITIES LENDING**

If permitted by SEBI under extant regulations/guidelines, the Scheme may also engage in scrip lending as provided under Securities Lending Scheme 1997, as per Para 12.11 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023, and other applicable guidelines/regulations, as amended from time to time. Scrip lending means lending a security to another person or entity for a fixed period of time, at a negotiated compensation. The security lent will be returned by the borrower on or before the expiry of the stipulated period.

The AMC will comply with the required reporting obligations and the Trustee will carry out the reviews required under SEBI/RBI guidelines. Further a maximum of 40% of net assets will be deployed in securities lending and the maximum single party exposure will be restricted to 10%# of net assets outstanding at any point of time.

\* Presently, Securities lending and borrowing (SLB) is an Exchange traded product. Counterparty is not known for transactions carried out under SLB segment and they are guaranteed by Clearing Corporations and hence do not carry any counter party risk. Accordingly, single party exposure limit will not apply to trades on Stock Exchange platform. Single party exposure limits can only apply in case of OTC (over the counter) trades where counterparty can be identified.

Engaging in scrip lending is subject to risks related to fluctuations in the collateral value / settlement / liquidity / counter party.

# SHORT SELLING OF SECURITIES

If permitted by SEBI Regulations, the Scheme may engage in short selling of securities in accordance with the guidelines issued by SEBI. Short sale of securities means selling of securities without owning them. The AMC will comply with the guidelines issued by SEBI in this behalf, including reporting obligations and the Trustee will carry out the reviews required under said guidelines.

Engaging in short sale of securities is subject to risks related to fluctuations in market price, and settlement/liquidity risks.

#### **INVESTMENT IN SECURITISED DEBT**

#### 1. How the risk profile of securitized debt fits into the risk appetite of the scheme

Securitization is the fact or process of securitizing assets i.e. the conversion of loans into securities, usually in order to sell them on to other investors. This is done by assigning the loans to a special purpose vehicle (a trust), which in turn issues Pass-Through-Certificates (PTCs). These PTCs are transferable securities with fixed income characteristics. The risk of investing in securitized debt is similar to investing in debt securities. However it differs mainly in two respects. One, the liquidity of securitized debt is less than similar debt securities. Two, for certain types of securitized debt (backed by mortgages, personal loans, credit card debt, etc.), there is an additional pre-payment risk. Pre-payment risk refers to the

possibility that loans are repaid before they are due, which may reduce returns if the re-investment rates are lower than initially envisaged.

Because of these additional risks, securitized debt typically offers higher yields than debt securities of similar credit rating and maturity. After considering these additional risks, the investment is no different from investment in a normal debt security. Considering the investment objective of the scheme, these instruments with medium risk profile can be considered in the investment universe. Thus if the Fund Manager judges that the additional risks are suitably compensated by the higher returns, he may invest in securitized debt up to the limits specified in the asset allocation table.

# 2. Policy relating to originators based on nature of originator, track record, NPAs, losses in earlier securitized debt, etc

Investments in securitized debt will be done based on the assessment of the originator and the securitized debt which is carried out by the Fixed Income team based on the in-house research capabilities as well as the inputs from the independent credit rating agencies and by following Franklin Templeton's internal credit process.

Specifically, in order to mitigate the risk at the issuer/originator level the Fixed Income team will consider various factors which will include -

- Track record of the originator in the specific business to which the underlying loans correspond to;
- size and reach of the issuer/originator;
- Collection infrastructure & collection policies;
- Post default recovery mechanism & infrastructure;
- Underwriting standards & policies followed by originator;
- Management information systems;
- Financials of the originators including an analysis of leverage, NPAs, earnings, etc.;
- Future strategy of the company for the specific business to which the underlying loans correspond to;
- Performance track record of Originator's portfolio & securitized pools, if any;
- Utilization of credit enhancement in the prior securitized pools;
- The quality of information disseminated by the issuer/ originator; and
- The credit enhancement for different types of issuer/originator.

Also, assessment of business risk would be carried out which includes -

- Outlook for the economy (both domestic and global); and
- Outlook for the industry

In addition, the fund analyses the specific pool and the broad evaluation parameters are as follows:

- Average seasoning of the loans in the pool
- Average Loan to value ratio of the loans in the pool
- Average ticket size of the loans
- Borrower profile (salaried / self employed, etc)
- Geographical profile of the pool
- Tenure profile of the pool
- Obligor concentration
- Credit enhancement cover available over and above the historic losses on Originator's portfolio
- Expected Prepayment rate in the specific asset class experienced by the originator in the past as well
  as the industry
- Limited Liquidity and Price Risk.

The scheme will invest in securitized debt which are rated investment grade and above by a credit rating agency recognized by SEBI. The investment team analyses the Rating Rationale in detail before investing in any PTCs, and also discusses with the concerned rating agency on a need basis. The rating agency would normally take in to consideration the following factors while rating a securitized debt:

- Credit risk at the asset/originator/portfolio/pool level
  - The quality of the pool is a crucial element in assessing credit risk. In the Indian context, generally, pools are 'cherry-picked' using positive selection criteria. To protect the investor from adverse selection of pool contracts, the rating agencies normally take into consideration pool characteristics such as pool seasoning (seasoning represents the number of installments paid by borrower till date: higher seasoning represents better quality), over dues at the time of selection and Loan to Value (LTV). To assess its risk profile vis-à-vis the overall portfolio, the pool is analyzed with regard to geographical location, borrower profile, LTV, and tenure.

#### Counterparty risk

 This includes Servicer Risk, co-mingling risk etc. The rating agencies generally mitigate such risks though the usage of stringent counterparty selection and replacement criteria to reduce the risk of failure.

# Bankruptcy risk

- Of the Originator
  - Normally, specific care is taken in structuring the securitization transaction so as to minimize the risk of the sale to the trust not being construed as a 'true sale'. It is also in the Interest of the originator to demonstrate the transaction as a true sell to get the necessary revenue recognition and tax benefits.
- Of the Investors' agent
  - All possible care is normally taken in structuring the transaction and drafting the underlying documents so as to provide that the assets/receivables if and when held by Investor's Agent is held as agent and in Trust for the Investors and shall not form part of the personal assets of Investor's Agent.

#### Legal risks

- The rating agency normally conducts a detailed study of the legal documents to ensure that the investors' interest is not compromised and relevant protection and safeguards are built into the transaction.
- Various market risks like interest rate risk, macro-economic risks
- Assessment of risks related to business for example outlook for the economy, outlook for the industry and factors specific to the issuer/originator.

#### 3. Risk mitigation strategies for investments with each kind of originator

The examples of securitized assets which may be considered for investment by the Scheme and the various risk mitigation parameters (please read in continuation with point 2 above) which will be considered include;

A) Asset backed securities issued by banks or non-banking finance companies.

Underlying assets may include receivables from loans against cars, commercial vehicles, construction equipment or unsecured loans such as personal loans, consumer durable loans. The various factors which will be usually considered while making investments in such type of securities include profile of the issuer, analysis of underlying loan portfolio – nature of asset class, seasoning of loans, geographical distribution of loans and coverage provided by credit-cum-liquidity enhancements.

B) Mortgage backed securities issued by banks or housing finance companies, where underlying assets are comprised of mortgages/home loan.

The various factors which will be usually considered while making investments in such type of securities include issuer profile of the issuer, quality of underlying portfolio, seasoning of loans, coverage provided by credit-cum-liquidity enhancements and prepayment risks.

C) Single loan securitization, where the underlying asset comprises of loans issued by a bank/non-banking finance company.

The factors which will be usually considered while making investments in such type of securities include assessment of credit risk associated with the underlying borrower as well as the originator. The Fixed Income team will adhere to the Franklin Templeton's internal credit process and perform a detailed review of the underlying borrower prior to making investments. This analysis is no different from the analysis undertaken by Fund when it invests in Debentures or Commercial papers issued by the same borrower.

## **Critical Evaluation Criteria**

Typically the Fund would avoid investing in securitization transaction (without specific risk mitigation strategies / additional cash/security collaterals/ guarantees) if there are concerns on the following issues regarding the originator / underlying issuer:

- 1. High default track record/ frequent alteration of redemption conditions/covenants
- 2. High leverage ratios both on a standalone basis as well on a consolidated level/ group level
- 3. Higher proportion of re-schedulement of underlying assets of the pool or loan, as the case may be
- 4. Higher proportion of overdue assets of the pool or the underlying loan, as the case may be
- 5. Poor reputation in market
- 6. Insufficient track record of servicing of the pool or the loan, as the case may be.

Further, investments in securitized debt will be done in accordance with the investment restrictions specified under the SEBI Regulations/ this Scheme Information Document which would help in mitigating certain risks. Currently, as per the Regulations, the Scheme cannot invest more than 10% of its net assets in debt instruments (irrespective of residual maturity) issued by a single issuer which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency authorized to carry out such activity under the Act. Such investment limit may be extended to 12% of the net assets of the Scheme with the prior approval of the Board of Trustees and the Board of the AMC.

# 4. The level of diversification with respect to the underlying assets, and risk mitigation measures for less diversified investments

The framework which will generally be applied by the Fund Manager while evaluating the investment decision with respect to securitized debt will be as follows:

Characteristi cs/ Type of Pool	Mortgag e Loan	Commercia I Vehicle and Constructio n Equipment	CAR	2 wheelers	Micro Finance Pools	Personal Loans	Single Sell down \$	Others
Approximate Average maturity (in Months)	Upto 10 years	Upto 5 years	Upto 5 years	Upto 48 months	Upto 80 weeks	Upto 3 years	Case by case basis	As and when new asset
Collateral margin (including cash, guarantees, excess interest spread, subordinate tranche)	In excess of 3%	In excess of 4%	In excess of 4%	In excess of 4%	In excess of 5%	In excess of 5%	Case by case basis	classes of securiti zed debt are introdu ced, the invest
Average Loan to Value Ratio	95% or lower	100% or lower **	95% or lower	95% or lower	Unsecure d	Unsecure d	Case by case basis	ments in such instrum ents
Average seasoning of the Pool	Minimum 2 months	Minimum 2 months	Minimu m 2 months	Minimum 2 months	Minimum 2 weeks	Minimum 2 months	Case by case basis	will be evaluat ed on a case
Maximum single exposure range *	< 5%	< 5%	NA (retail pool)	NA (retail pool)	NA (Very Small retail pool)	NA (retail pool)	Not applica ble	by case basis
Average single exposure range % *	< 5%	< 5%	< 2%	< 1%	< 1%	< 1%	Not applica ble	

<sup>\*</sup> denotes % of a single ticket/loan size to the overall assets in the securitized pool.

#### Notes:

- 1. Retail pools are the loan pools relating to Car, 2 wheeler, micro finance and personal loans, wherein the average loan size is relatively small and spread over large number of borrowers.
- 2. The information illustrated in the table above is based on current scenario relating to securitized debt market and is subject to change depending upon the change in the related factors.

In addition to the framework stated in the table above, in order to mitigate the risks associated with the underlying assets where the diversification is less, at the time of investment the Fixed Income team could consider various factors including but not limited to -

 Size of the loan - the size of each loan is generally analysed on a sample basis and an analysis of the static pool of the originator is undertaken to ensure that the same matches with the static pool

<sup>\*\*</sup> LTV Based on chassis value

<sup>\$</sup> Broad evaluation criteria as per point 3 above

characteristics. It also indicates whether there is high reliance on very small ticket size borrower which could result in delayed and expensive recoveries.

- Average original maturity of the pool of underlying assets
- The analysis of average maturity of the pool is undertaken to evaluate whether the tenor of the loans are generally in line with the average loans in the respective industry and repayment capacity of the borrower.
- Loan to value ratio, average seasoning of the pool of underlying assets these parameters would be evaluated based on the asset class as mentioned in the table above.
- Default rate distribution the Fixed Income team generally ensures that all the contracts in the pool are current to ensure zero default rate distribution.
- Geographical distribution the analysis of geographical distribution of the pool is undertaken to ensure prevention of concentration risk.
- Credit enhancement facility credit enhancement facilities in the form of cash collateral, such as fixed deposits, bank guarantee etc could be obtained as a risk mitigation measure.
- Liquidity facility these parameters will be evaluated based on the asset class as mentioned in the table above.
- Structure of the pool of underlying assets The structure of the pool of underlying assets would be either single asset class or combination of various asset classes as mentioned in the table above. We could add new asset class depending upon the securitization structure and changes in market acceptability of asset classes.

# 5. Minimum retention period of the debt by originator prior to securitization

The minimum retention period of the debt by the originator prior to securitization and the minimum retention percentage by originator of debts will be as per the guidelines/regulations issued by the RBI/other regulatory agencies from time to time. Also, please refer the table in point 4. The Fund will adopt that policy, whichever is stricter.

## 6. Minimum retention percentage by originator of debts to be securitized

Same as point 5 above.

# 7. The mechanism to tackle conflict of interest when the mutual fund invests in securitized debt of an originator and the originator in turn makes investments in that particular scheme of the fund

An investment by the scheme in any security is done after detailed analysis by the Fixed Income team and in accordance with the investment objectives and the asset allocation pattern of a scheme. All investments are made on an arm's length basis without consideration of any investments (existing/potential) in the schemes made by any party related/involved in the transaction. The robust credit process ensures that there is no conflict of interests when a scheme invests in securitized debt of an originator and the originator in turn makes investments in that particular scheme.

# 8. The resources and mechanism of individual risk assessment with the AMC for monitoring investment in securitized debt

The resources for and mechanisms of individual risk assessment with the AMC for monitoring investment in securitized debt are as follows:

- Fixed Income Team Currently, the AMC has a well experienced team, which is responsible for credit research and monitoring and fund management, for all exposures including securitized debt.
- Ratings are monitored for any movement Based on the cash flow report and Fixed Income Team's view, periodic review of utilization of credit enhancement shall be conducted and ratings shall be monitored accordingly.
- For legal and technical assistance with regard to the documentation of securitized debt instruments, the team can make use of resources within the internal legal team and if required take help of our external legal counsel as well.

As per the prevailing SEBI guidelines, the investments in securitised debt instruments will be shown as a separate category under debt instruments in the half yearly disclosure of scheme portfolio.

### **E. INVESTMENT STRATEGY**

The Scheme will primarily be a diversified equity fund which will seek to invest in undervalued companies in Indian and international markets to generate long-term capital appreciation. The investment approach is bottom up stock picking. The Scheme seeks to invest in the best opportunities in the Indian and international markets, without any sector/cap bias. However, the fund managers expect to have a high focus on opportunities in Asia Pacific (ex-Japan) region including India. A limited exposure to various equity derivatives instruments is likely. The fund managers will adopt a combination of top-down (macro analysis to identify sectors) and bottom-up (micro analysis to pick stocks within these sectors) approach, with an emphasis on first-hand research. They will favour companies that offer the best value relative to their respective long-term growth prospects, returns in capital and management quality. The dedicated fund manager who is assisting the Principal Fund Manager would carry out the research on foreign securities and send an approved list of international securities/stocks once a week having following details: Name of the Company, Sector, Place of Issue, Type of security, Maximum weightage, price range. The trades would be placed by the Principal Fund Manager or any other member of the team authorised for that purpose in accordance with the approved list and for the period contemplated in the approved list. Further the trades would be executed by Global Equity Trading Team network, which also includes equity trading function based in Chennai (India).

The holdings, asset allocation, and performance of the schemes are presented to the boards of AMC/Trustee at frequent intervals. Investment in securities from a scheme's corpus would be only in transferable securities in accordance with Regulation 43 of Chapter VI of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 (including any modifications thereto). The fund managers will follow an active investment strategy taking defensive/aggressive postures depending on opportunities available at various points in time. Investments in Foreign Securities shall be subject to the investment restrictions specified by SEBI/RBI from time to time. Further, the fund manager will consider relevant risk before making any investment in Foreign Securities.

#### F. FUNDAMENTAL ATTRIBUTES

Please note that the following are the fundamental attributes of the scheme:

- Type of scheme Please refer to the section "Name & Type of the Scheme".
- Investment objective Please refer to the section "Investment Objectives and Policies".
- **Investment pattern, minimum and maximum asset allocation.** Please refer to the section "Asset Allocation Pattern". The fund retains the option to alter the asset allocation on a short-term basis in the interest of unitholders on defensive considerations.
- Liquidity provisions such as repurchase or redemption Please refer to the section 'Units and Offer'.
- Aggregate fees and expenses charged to the scheme Please refer to the section 'Fees and Expenses of the Scheme'.
- Any Safety Net of Guarantee provided None.

In accordance with Regulation 18(15A), the Trustee shall ensure that no change in the fundamental attributes of any scheme or the trust or fees and expenses payable or any other change which would modify the scheme and affects the interest of unitholders, shall be carried out unless.

- SEBI has reviewed and provided its comments on the proposal
- ii a written communication about the proposed change is sent to each Unitholder and an advertisement is given in one English daily newspaper having nation-wide circulation as well as a newspaper published in the language of the region where the head office of the mutual fund is situated; and
- the unitholders are given an option for a period of 30 days to exit at the prevailing Net Asset Value without any exit load.

# **G. BENCHMARK**

The Mutual Fund has identified the following as the benchmark for the scheme:

Benchmark	Justification
MSCI Asia (ex Japan)	The fund invests in Asian companies / sectors (excluding Japan),
Standard Index	hence MSCI Asia (ex Japan Standard Index is the ideal benchmark.

The AMC / Trustee reserves the right to change / modify the benchmark by issuing an addendum.

# H. WHO MANAGES THE SCHEME

Fund Manager	Tenure of managing the scheme (upto September 30, 2023)			
Varun Sharma	1.95 years			
Sandeep Manam (Dedicated Foreign Fund Manager)	1.95 years			

Name	Qualifications	Functions & Experience	Schemes Managed
Varun Sharma Age: 37 years  Total Experience: 13 years	Post Graduate Diploma in Management from IIM - Calcutta; Bachelor in Business Studies from Shaheed Sukhdev College of Business Studies, University of Delhi	Senior Research Analyst and Portfolio Manager (based at Chennai) He is also responsible for providing equity research support (since September 2014). Prior assignments: ICICI Securities (February 2010 – August 2014) - Equity Research Analyst - responsible for equity research sector coverage. Credit Analysis and Research Limited (April 2009 – February 2010) -Ratings Analyst – IPO & Credit - responsible for ratings of IPO and Credit instruments.	<ul> <li>Franklin India NSE Nifty 50 Index Fund</li> <li>Franklin Asian Equity Fund</li> <li>Franklin India Technology Fund</li> <li>Franklin India Focused Equity Fund</li> <li>Franklin India Equity Hybrid Fund</li> <li>Franklin India Dynamic Asset Allocation Fund of Funds</li> <li>Franklin India Debt Hybrid Fund</li> <li>Franklin India Pension Plan</li> <li>Franklin India Multi-Asset Solution Fund of Funds</li> <li>Franklin India Equity Savings Fund Franklin India Balanced Advantage Fund</li> </ul>
Sandeep Manam Age: 36 years  Total Experience: 13 years	PGDM- IIM-Ahmedabad B.Tech (Electronics & Communication Engg.)- National Institute of Technology Calicut	Sr. Manager / Research Analyst, Emerging Markets India (based at Chennai) He is responsible for researching on investment opportunities in automotive and airline sectors.  Prior Assignments: Cognizant Technology Solutions (April 2014- July 2015) He was supporting UBS lead analyst in covering Indian Auto, Auto component sectors. Also supported coverage of Indian Pharma companies.  Shapoorji Pallonji & Company Private Limited (April 2011- March 2014) He was responsible for supporting the Group's Head (Strategy) in driving strategy at group and company level.	Dedicated Fund Manager for investment in Foreign Securities for Franklin Equity Team and also the fund manager of Franklin India Feeder – Franklin U.S Opportunities Fund and Franklin India Feeder – Templeton European Opportunities Fund

#### I. INVESTMENT RESTRICTIONS

## In pursuance of the Regulations, the following restrictions are currently applicable to the scheme:

- 1. Investment in securities from the scheme's corpus would be only in transferable securities in accordance with Regulation 43 of Chapter VI of SEBI [Mutual Funds] Regulations, 1996.
- 2. The Scheme shall buy and sell securities on the basis of deliveries and shall in all cases of purchases, take delivery of relevant securities and in all cases of sale, deliver the securities; provided that the Scheme may engage in short selling of securities in accordance with the framework relating to short selling and securities lending and borrowing specified by SEBI; provided further that the Scheme may enter into derivatives transactions in a recognised stock exchange, subject to the framework specified by SEBI; provided further that sale of government security already contracted for purchase shall be permitted in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India in this regard.
- 3. The Mutual Fund shall, get the securities purchased or transferred in the name of the mutual fund on account of the concerned scheme, wherever investments are intended to be of long term nature.
- 4. No investment shall be made in any Fund of Funds scheme.
- 5. The mutual fund shall not advance any loans for any purpose.
- 6. The Scheme may invest in any other scheme without charging any fees, provided that aggregate interscheme investment made by all schemes under the management of Franklin Templeton Asset Management (India) Private Limited or in schemes under the management of any other AMC shall not exceed 5% of the net asset value of the mutual fund.
- 7. Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund, under all its schemes shall not own more than 10% of any company's voting rights.
- 8. All investments by the scheme in equity shares and equity related instruments shall only be made provided such securities are listed or to be listed.
- Investment in the equity/equity related instruments of any of the companies will not exceed the weightage of the scrips in the benchmark of the scheme or 10% of the NAV of the scheme, whichever is higher..
- 10. The Scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its NAV in debt instruments comprising money market instruments and non-money market instruments issued by a single issuer, which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency authorised to carry out such activity under the SEBI Act, 1992. Such investment limit may be extended to 12% of the NAV with prior approval of the Board of Trustees and Board of the AMC, provided that such limit shall not be applicable for investment in government securities, treasury bills and triparty repo on Government securities or treasury bills. Further, investment within such limit can be made in mortgage backed securitised debt which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency registered with SEBI.

Effective November 29, 2022, the scheme shall not make any new investment in money market instrument more than:

- a. 10% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated AAA; or
- b. 8% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated AA; or
- c. 6% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated A and below issued by a single issuer.

The above investment limits may be extended by up to 2% of the NAV of the scheme with prior approval of the Board of Trustees and Board of Directors of the AMC, subject to compliance with the overall 12% limit specified in clause 1 of Seventh Schedule of MF Regulation.

- 11. Investment in unlisted debt instruments:
  - 11.1. The scheme shall not invest in unlisted debt instruments including commercial papers (CPs), other than (a) government securities, (b) other money market instruments and (c) derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps (IRS), Interest Rate Futures (IRF), etc. which are used for hedging.

However, the scheme may invest in unlisted Non-Convertible Debentures (NCDs) not exceeding 10% of the debt portfolio of the scheme subject to the condition that such unlisted NCDs have a simple structure (i.e. with fixed and uniform coupon, fixed maturity period, without any options, fully paid up upfront, without any credit enhancements or structured obligations) and are rated and secured with coupon payment frequency on monthly basis.

- 11.2. The implementation of the provisions mentioned above would be subject to the following:
  - a) The existing investments of the scheme as on October 1, 2019 in unlisted debt instruments, including NCDs (identified NCDs), may be grandfathered till maturity date of such instruments. The grandfathering of the identified NCDs is applicable across the mutual fund industry. Accordingly, mutual funds can transact in such identified NCDs and the criteria as specified in point 11.1 is not applicable.
  - b) With effect from October 1, 2019, all fresh investments in unlisted NCDs shall be made only in NCDs satisfying the conditions mentioned in 11.1 above.
  - c) Extension of maturity or rolling over of existing investments in unlisted NCDs shall be subject

- to the prescribed limits mentioned in point 11.2(a) and the requirements mentioned at 11.1 above.
- d) For mutual fund schemes whose existing investments in unlisted NCDs are more than the threshold limit as on the timeline mentioned at 11.2(a), all fresh investments in NCDs by mutual fund schemes, shall only be in listed NCDs till they comply with the requirements mentioned in 11.1 above.
- For the purpose of the provisions of point 11, listed debt instruments shall include listed and to be listed debt instruments.
- f) With effect from January 01, 2020, all fresh investments by the scheme in CPs would be made only in CPs which are listed or to be listed.
- 12. Investment in unrated debt and money market instruments, other than government securities, treasury bills, derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps (IRS), Interest Rate Futures (IRF), etc. by the scheme shall be subject to the following:
  - a) Investments should only be made in such instruments, including bills rediscounting, usance bills, etc., that are generally not rated and for which separate investment norms or limits are not provided in SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, 1996 and various circulars issued thereunder.
  - b) Exposure of the scheme in such instruments, shall not exceed 5% of the net assets of the scheme.
  - All such investments shall be made with the prior approval of the Board of AMC and the Board of Trustees.
  - d) The investments of the schemes in such instruments as on October 1, 2019 in excess of the aforesaid limit of 5% may be grandfathered till maturity date of such instruments.
  - e) The Scheme may enter into plain vanilla Interest Rate Swaps (IRS) for hedging purposes. The value of the notional principal in such cases must not exceed the value of respective existing assets being hedged by the scheme.

In case of participation in IRS is through over the counter transactions, the counter party has to be an entity recognized as a market maker by RBI and exposure to a single counterparty in such transactions should not exceed 10% of the net assets of the scheme. However, if Scheme is transacting in IRS through an electronic trading platform offered by the Clearing Corporation of India Ltd. (CCIL) and CCIL is the central counterparty for such transactions guaranteeing settlement, the single counterparty limit of 10% shall not be applicable.

#### 13. a. Sector Exposure

The exposure in a particular sector (excluding investments in Bank CDs, TREPs, G-Secs, T-Bills and AAA rated securities issued by Public Financial Institutions and Public Sector Banks) under the portfolio will not exceed 20% of the net assets on account of purchase.

An additional exposure to financial services sector (over and above the limit of 20%) not exceeding 10% of the net assets of the scheme on account of purchase shall be allowed by way of increase in exposure to Housing Finance Companies (HFCs) only. Further, an additional exposure of 5% of the net assets of the scheme shall be allowed for investments in securitized debt instruments based on retail housing loan portfolio and/or affordable housing loan portfolio.

Provided that the additional exposure to such securities issued by HFCs are rated AA and above and these HFCs are registered with National Housing Bank (NHB) and the total investment/ exposure in HFCs shall not exceed 20% of the net assets of the scheme on account of purchase.

The above restriction will not be applicable to the equity portion of the Scheme's portfolio (where applicable).

**b. Group Exposure -** The total exposure of Scheme in a Group (excluding investments in securities issued by Public Sector Units, Public Financial Institutions and Public Sector Banks) will not exceed 20% of the net assets of the Scheme. Such investment limit may be extended to 25% of the net assets of the Scheme with the prior approval of the Board of Trustees.

Investments by the Scheme in debt and money market instruments of group companies of both the sponsor and the asset management company shall not exceed 10% of the net assets of the scheme. Such investment limit may be extended to 15% of the net assets of the Scheme with the prior approval of the Board of Trustees. The investments of the scheme in debt and money market instruments of group companies of both the sponsor and the asset management company of the mutual fund in excess of these limits, made on or before October 1, 2019 may be grandfathered till maturity date of such instruments. The maturity date of such instruments shall be as applicable on October 1, 2019.

For this purpose, a group means a Group as defined under regulation 2 (mm) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 (Regulations) and shall include an entity, its subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries, its holding company and its associates.

The above restrictions will not be applicable to the equity portion of the Scheme's portfolio.

- 14. Debentures, irrespective of any residual maturity period (above or below one year), shall attract the investment restrictions as applicable for debt instruments as specified under Clause 1 and 1A of Seventh Schedule to SEBI Regulations.
- 15. As per Para 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023 each mutual fund is currently permitted to invest up to US\$1 billion in Foreign Securities irrespective of the size of the assets. The ceiling for investment in overseas ETFs that invest in securities is US\$ 300 million per mutual fund.

Additionally, an investment headroom of 20% of the average AUM in Overseas securities / Overseas ETFs of the previous three calendar months would be available to the Mutual Fund for that month to invest in Overseas securities / Overseas ETFs subject to maximum limits as specified above.

Currently, the mutual funds can invest in ADRs/GDRs issued by Indian or foreign companies, equity of overseas companies listed on recognised stock exchanges overseas, Initial and follow on public offerings for listing at recognized stock exchanges overseas, foreign debt securities in the countries with fully convertible currencies, short term as well as long term debt instruments with rating not below investment grade by accredited/registered credit rating agencies, Money market instruments rated not below investment grade, Repos in the form of investment, where the counterparty is rated not below investment grade (repos should not however, involve any borrowing of funds by mutual funds), Government securities where the countries are rated not below investment grade, Derivatives traded on recognized stock exchanges overseas only for hedging and portfolio balancing with underlying as securities, Short term deposits with banks overseas where the issuer is rated not below investment grade and Overseas Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) that invest in securities. The mutual funds can also invest in the units/securities issued by overseas mutual funds or unit trusts registered with overseas regulators and investing in (a) aforesaid securities, (b) Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs) listed in recognized stock exchanges overseas or (c) unlisted overseas securities (not exceeding 10% of their net assets). The restriction on the investments in mutual fund units up to 5% of net assets and prohibition on charging of fees shall not be applicable to investments in mutual funds in foreign countries made in accordance with SEBI Guidelines. However, the management fees and other expenses charged by the mutual fund in foreign countries along with the management fee and recurring expenses charged to the domestic mutual fund scheme shall not exceed the total limits on expenses as prescribed under Regulations. Where the scheme is investing only a part of the net assets in the foreign mutual fund(s), the same principle shall be applicable for that part of investment.

- 16. Transfers of investments from one Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund scheme to another will be done in inconformity as per Para 12.30 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023 and Interscheme Transfer policy of FTMF
- 17. No investment shall be made in
  - any unlisted security of an associate or group company of the sponsor; or
  - any security issued by way of private placement by an associate or group company of the sponsor; or
  - the listed securities of group companies of the sponsor which is in excess of 25% of the net assets.
- 18. Pending deployment of funds in securities in terms of investment objectives of the Scheme, the Mutual Fund can invest the funds of the scheme in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks Para 4.5 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023. The Scheme shall abide by the following guidelines for parking of funds in short term deposits:
  - "Short Term" for such parking of funds by mutual funds shall be treated as a period not exceeding 91 days.
  - Such short term deposits shall be held in the name of the scheme.
  - The scheme shall not park more than 15% of the net assets in Short term deposit(s) of all the scheduled commercial banks put together. However, such limit may be raised to 20% with prior approval of the Trustees.
  - Parking of funds in short term deposits of associate and sponsor scheduled commercial banks together shall not exceed 20% of total deployment by the mutual fund in short term deposits.
  - The scheme shall not park more than 10% of the net assets in short term deposit(s), with any one scheduled commercial bank including its subsidiaries.
  - The Scheme shall not park funds in short-term deposit of a bank, which has invested in the Scheme. The bank in which the scheme has short-term deposit shall not be permitted to invest in the said scheme until the scheme has short-term deposit with such bank.
  - AMC shall not charge any investment management and advisory fees for parking of funds in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks.

The aforesaid limits are not applicable to term deposits placed as margins for trading in cash and derivatives market.

19. Restrictions on Investment in debt instruments having Structured Obligations / Credit

#### **Enhancements:**

- Investment of the scheme in the following instruments shall not exceed 10% of the debt portfolio of the scheme and the Group exposure in such instruments shall not exceed 5% of the debt portfolio of the scheme:
  - a) Unsupported rating of debt instruments (i.e. without factoring-in credit enhancements) is below investment grade.; and
  - b) Supported rating of debt instruments (i.e. after factoring-in credit enhancement) is above investment grade.

For this purpose, a group means a Group as defined under regulation 2 (mm) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 (Regulations) and shall include an entity, its subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries, its holding company and its associates.

- These investment limits mentioned above shall not be applicable on investments in securitized debt instruments, as defined in SEBI (Public Offer and Listing of Securitized Debt Instruments) Regulations 2008.
- Investment in debt instruments, having credit enhancements backed by equity shares directly
  or indirectly, shall have a minimum cover of 4 times considering the market value of such
  shares.
  - AMC may ensure that the investment in debt instruments having credit enhancements are sufficiently covered to address the market volatility and reduce the inefficiencies of invoking of the pledge or cover, whenever required, without impacting the interest of the investors. In case of fall in the value of the cover below the specified limit, AMC shall initiate necessary steps to ensure protection of the interest of the investors.
- The existing investments by the scheme as on October 1, 2019 in debt instruments that are not in terms of the provisions of point herewith may be grandfathered till maturity date of such debt instruments.
- 20. The scheme may invest in certain debt instruments with special features viz. subordination to equity (absorbs losses before equity capital) and /or convertible to equity upon trigger of a pre-specified event for loss absorption (For eg. Additional Tier I bonds and Tier 2 bonds issued under Basel III framework) subject to the following:
  - Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund, under all its schemes shall not own more than 10% of such instruments issued by a single issuer
  - b) A Mutual Fund scheme shall not invest:
    - a. more than 10% of its NAV of the debt portfolio of the scheme in such instruments; and
    - b. more than 5% of its NAV of the debt portfolio of the scheme in such instruments issued by a single issuer.

The above investment limit for a mutual fund scheme shall be within the overall limit for debt instruments issued by a single issuer, as specified at clause 1 of the Seventh Schedule of SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, 1996, and other prudential limits with respect to the debt instruments.

The investments of mutual fund schemes in such instruments in excess of the limits specified above as on March 10, 2021 may be grandfathered and such mutual fund schemes shall not make any fresh investment in such instruments until the investment comes below the specified limits.

21. The scheme may consider investment in other financial market investments as per guidelines issued by the Central Government/SEBI/RBI from time to time.

The AMC/Trustee may alter these investment restrictions from time to time to the extent SEBI regulations/applicable rules change/permit so as to achieve the investment objective of the scheme. Such alterations will be made in conformity with SEBI regulations. Further, apart from the investment restrictions prescribed under SEBI regulations, the scheme may follow any internal norms vis-à-vis limiting exposure to a particular scrip or sector, etc.

The investment restrictions specified as a percentage of net assets will be computed at the time of making the investment and it is clarified that changes need not be effected, merely by reason of appreciation or depreciation in value or by reason of factors beyond the control of the scheme (such as receipt of any corporate or capital benefits or amalgamations). In case the limits are exceeded due to reasons beyond its control, the AMC shall adopt necessary measures of prudence to reset the situation having regard to the interest of the investors.

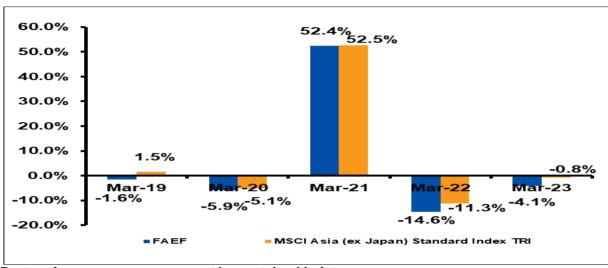
### J. HOW HAS THE SCHEME PERFORMED

**FAEF** 

Compounded annualised returns	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	Since Inception
FAEF	7.52%	-2.91%	1.80%	5.74%
MSCI Asia (ex Japan) Standard Index				
TRI	13.63%	0.92%	3.66%	8.08%

Returns based on Growth Plan NAV of September 29, 2023. Inception date: January 16, 2008. Benchmark returns calculated based on Total Return Index (TRI) Values.

## Absolute Returns for last 5 financial years:



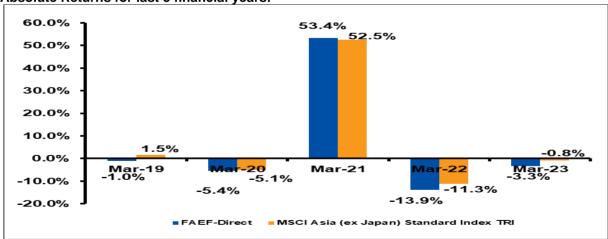
Past performance may or may not be sustained in future.

FAEF - Direct

I ALI — DIICCI				
Compounded annualised returns	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	Since Inception
FAEF - Direct	8.56%	-2.11%	2.52%	6.49%
MSCI Asia (ex Japan) Standard Index				
TRI	13.63%	0.92%	3.66%	7.68%

Returns based on Growth Plan NAV of September 29, 2023. Inception date: January 01, 2013. Benchmark returns calculated based on Total Return Index (TRI) Values.

Absolute Returns for last 5 financial years:



Past performance may or may not be sustained in future.

Top 10 portfolio holdings by issuer and fund allocation towards various sectors as on September 30, 2023

Top 10 Holding- Issuer Wise*	% to NAV
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co. Ltd	9.74%
Samsung Electronics Co. Ltd	9.47%
Tencent Holdings Ltd	5.72%
AIA Group Ltd	5.04%
Alibaba Group Holding Ltd	3.65%
ICICI Bank Ltd	2.82%
Bank Central Asia Tbk Pt	2.43%
Budweiser Brewing Co APAC Ltd	2.27%
DBS Group Holdings Ltd	2.12%
Hyundai Motor Co Ltd	2.08%

<sup>\*</sup> Excludes Call, Cash and Other Current Assets.

Sector Allocation - Total Assets	% of Assets
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY	30.67%
FINANCIAL SERVICES	23.35%
CONSUMER SERVICES	14.98%
FAST MOVING CONSUMER GOODS	8.36%
CAPITAL GOODS	4.20%
AUTOMOBILE AND AUTO COMPONENTS	3.86%
REALTY	2.39%
HEALTHCARE	2.34%
CHEMICALS	2.07%
CONSTRUCTION	1.89%
CONSUMER DURABLES	1.81%
CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS	1.32%
OIL, GAS & CONSUMABLE FUELS	1.31%
SERVICES	0.87%
Call, cash and other current asset	0.58%

#### Scheme's latest monthly portfolio holding can be viewed on

https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/fund-details/fund-resources/12083/franklin-asian-equity-fund

#### PORTFOLIO TURNOVER

Portfolio turnover is defined as lesser of purchases and sales as a percentage of the average corpus of the Scheme during a specified period of time. Portfolio turnover in the scheme will be a function of market opportunities. The scheme is open-end scheme. It is expected that there would be a number of subscriptions and repurchases on a daily basis. Consequently it is difficult to estimate with any reasonable measure of accuracy, the likely turnover in the portfolio. The AMC will endeavour to optimise portfolio turnover to optimise risk adjusted return keeping in mind the cost associated with it. A high portfolio turnover rate is not necessarily a drag on portfolio performance and may be representative of arbitrage opportunities that exist for securities held in the portfolio rather than an indication of change in AMC's view on a security etc. However, the AMC will take advantage of the opportunities that present themselves from time to time because of the inefficiencies in the securities markets.

Portfolio Turnover - Last one year ended September 30, 2023 - 57.03%

### INVESTMENT BY AMC IN THE SCHEME

Franklin Templeton Asset Management (India) Private Limited, the asset management company may invest in the Scheme. However, as per SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996, Franklin Templeton Asset Management (India) Private Limited will not charge any Investment Management Fee for its investment in the Scheme. In addition, the funds managed by the sponsors, Franklin Templeton Group may invest in the Scheme.

# INVESTMENT BY DIRECTORS of AMC, FUND MANAGER(S) & OTHER KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL IN THE SCHEME

The aggregate investment in the Scheme by Board of Directors of Franklin Templeton Asset Management (India) Private Limited (AMC), Fund Manager(s) of the Scheme and other key managerial personnel is as follows:

Particulars	Aggregate amount invested in the Scheme (As on September 30, 2023) (Rs.)	
AMC's Board of Directors	29,950.97	
Scheme's Fund Manager(s)	339,817.53	
Other key managerial personnel	1,077,444.77	

For the purpose of above information, the President of the AMC is covered under the category of AMC's Board of Directors.

#### 04. UNITS AND OFFER

#### **PLAN AND OPTIONS**

The scheme offers choice of following plans:

- Growth Plan\*
- Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal Plan\* (Reinvestment Option and Payout Option)
- Direct Growth Plan
- **Direct Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal Plan** (with Reinvestment and Payout Option)

\*For sake of clarity and ease of understanding, these Plans may be referred as Regular – Growth Plan and Regular – IDCW Plan in various advertisements and literatures.

#### Growth Plan / Direct-Growth Plan

Under the Growth Plan / Direct – Growth Plan, the returns to investors will be available in the form of capital appreciation. There will be no IDCW declaration under this option. Instead the growth in NAV will reflect the appreciation of the value of investment.

#### IDCW Plan / Direct - IDCW Plan

Under the IDCW Plan / Direct – IDCW Plan, it is proposed to distribute the returns to the investors in the form of IDCWs out of distributable surplus (including Equalization Reserve). The AMC/Trustee may, at their discretion, approve the distribution out of distributable surplus to unit holders in the IDCW Plan / Direct – IDCW Plan whose names appear in the Register of Unit holders on the record date. Investors have the option of reinvesting the distribution (Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option) or receiving cash payouts (Payout of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option).

### Payout of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal Option:

A Unitholder opting for the IDCW Option / Direct – IDCW Option may choose to receive cash payouts of the IDCW amount. Please note that where the Unitholder has opted for Payout of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option and in case the amount of IDCW payable to the Unitholder is Rs.20/- or less, the same will be **compulsorily reinvested** in the Scheme.

#### Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal Option:

A Unitholder opting for the IDCW Option / Direct – IDCW Option may choose to reinvest the IDCW to be received in additional units of the scheme. The distribution due and payable to the unit holder will be automatically reinvested at the NAV of the immediately following Business Day. The distribution so reinvested shall be construed as payment to the unit holder and construed as receipt of the same amount from each unit holder for reinvestment in units.

On reinvestment of the distribution, the number of units to the credit of unit holder will increase to the extent of the distribution reinvested divided by the NAV applicable on the day of reinvestment, as explained above.

#### **Direct investments**

All applications directly received by Franklin Templeton Asset Management (India) Pvt. Ltd., the AMC, at any Official Point of Acceptance of Transactions i.e. applications which are not routed through any AMFI registered mutual fund distributor, shall be treated as investments made under the **Direct route and the Units shall be allotted in Direct**.

In cases where the distributor's ARN or an existing Account Number is mentioned on the application but the investor has clearly and unambiguously specified that the subscription is under 'Direct', the application will be processed as Direct.

In cases where the distributor's ARN or 'Direct' is not mentioned on the application, the same will be processed as Direct (i.e. Direct Plan shall be the default plan).

#### **DEFAULT PLAN/OPTION**

The investors must clearly indicate the Plan and Option (Growth - Regular/ Growth - Direct / IDCW - Regular / IDCW - Direct) in the relevant space provided for in the Application Form. In the absence of such instruction, it will be assumed that the investor has opted for the **Default Plan and Option**, which would be as follows:

- Growth in case Growth or IDCW is not indicated.
- Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option in case Payout of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option or Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option is not indicated.

Regular Plan or Direct Plan as follows:

Scenario	Broker Code mentioned by the investor	Plan mentioned by the investor	Default Plan to be captured
1	Not mentioned	Not mentioned	Direct
2	Not mentioned	Direct	Direct
3	Not mentioned	Regular	Direct
4	Mentioned	Direct	Direct
5	Direct	Not Mentioned	Direct
6	Direct	Regular	Direct
7	Mentioned	Regular	Regular
8	Mentioned	Not Mentioned	Regular

In cases of fresh purchase/additional purchase/switch/SIP & STP Registration requests received from investors with unempanelled/ incomplete ARN codes mentioned on the application form, the application shall be processed under Direct Plan.

The Trustee / AMC reserve the right to alter / vary the default plan / option, after giving notice.

# **INCOME DISTRIBUTION CUM CAPITAL WITHDRAWAL POLICY**

The Trustee may, at its sole discretion distribute income under IDCW option/plan in the fund at any time and at such frequency (such as daily, weekly, monthly, quarterly, half-yearly, annually etc.) as it deems appropriate. Although there is every intention to distribute income, there is no assurance or guarantee as to the frequency or quantum of such distribution nor that the distributions be regularly paid. Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal (IDCW) is based on the availability of adequate distributable surplus in the scheme. Distributions can be made out of available distributable surplus (including Equalization Reserve, which is part of sale price that represents realized gains). Such distributions are payable to the Unitholders in the IDCW Plan, whose names appear on the Unitholders' register on the record date. The Trustee may not distribute income at all in the event of inadequacy of distributable income.

The scheme reserves the right to suspend sale of units for such period of time as it deems necessary before the record date to ensure proper processing.

The amount of distribution will be distributed within 7 working days from the record date.

IDCWs will be paid through electronic mode or by cheque (in exceptional circumstances only), as per the payment mode opted for, net of taxes as may be applicable, and payments will be in favour of the first-named registered holder in the folio. To safeguard the interest of Unitholders from loss or theft of IDCW cheques, it is mandatory for investors to provide the details of their bank account in the Application Form. IDCW cheques or electronic payments will be sent in accordance with such information.

#### Record dates for declaration of IDCW

The procedure of declaring IDCW and fixing of record dates will be in accordance with Chapter 11 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023.

#### **ONGOING OFFER DETAILS**

The Scheme is perpetually open for subscription & redemption on an ongoing basis with announcements of NAV for every Business Day, except during the period when there is a book closure. The Units can be purchased and redeemed at the Applicable NAV, subject to applicable load. Transfer of unit(s) shall be subject to payment of applicable stamp duty by the unitholder(s) and applicable laws. Accordingly, pursuant to levy of stamp duty, the number of units allotted on purchase transactions (including switch-in, Systematic investments, IDCW reinvestment, etc) to the unitholders would be reduced to that extent.

The Trustee also reserves its right to limit the redemptions as laid down under the section 'Suspension of redemption of units'.

#### Who Can Invest

The scheme units can be purchased by the following entities (subject to the applicable legislation/regulation governing such entities):

- 1. Adult individuals, either singly or jointly (not exceeding three), resident in India.
- 2. Parents/Guardian on behalf of minors.
- 3. Companies/ Domestic Corporate Bodies/ Public Sector Undertakings registered in India.
- 4. Charitable, Religious or other Trusts authorised to invest in units of mutual funds.
- 5. Banks, Financial Institutions and Investment Institutions.
- 6. Non-Resident Indians (NRIs) and Overseas Citizen of India (OCI) (including erstwhile Person of Indian Origin card holders) on full repatriation basis and on non-repatriation basis but not (a) United States Persons within the meaning of Regulation 'S' under the United States Securities Act of 1933 or as defined by the U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission, as amended from time to time or (b) residents of Canada.
- 7. Foreign institutional investors and their sub accounts on full repatriation basis/ Foreign Portfolio Investors (subject to RBI approval) and such other entities as may be permitted under SEBI (Foreign Portfolio Investors) Regulations, 2014, as amended from time to time.
- 8. Hindu Undivided Family (HUF).
- 9. Wakf Boards or Endowments / Societies / Co-operative societies / Association of Persons or Body of individuals (whether incorporated or not), Trusts and clubs authorised to invest in units of mutual funds.
- 10. Sole Proprietorship, Partnership Firms, Limited Liability Partnerships (LLPs).
- 11. Army/Air Force/Navy/Para-military funds and other eligible institutions.
- 12. Scientific and/or industrial research organizations.
- 13. Other Associations, Institutions, Bodies etc. authorized to invest in the units of mutual funds.
- 14. Such other individuals/institutions/body corporate etc., as may be decided by the AMC from time to time, so long as wherever applicable they are in conformity with SEBI Regulations.
- 15. Mutual fund Schemes/ Alternative Investment Funds can also invest in the Scheme, subject to SEBI Regulations applicable from time to time.

Units of the schemes of Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund is an eligible investment for charitable and religious trusts under the provisions of Section 11(5)(xii) of the Income Tax Act, 1961, read with Rule 17C of the Income Tax Rules, 1962.

Mutual Fund / AMC /Trustee reserves the right to redeem investors' investments in the event of failure on the part of the investor(s) to redeem his/her/their holdings, subsequent to his/her/their becoming (a) United States Persons with the meaning of Regulation (S) under the United States Securities Act of 1933 or as defined by the U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission, as amended from time to time or (b) residents of Canada.

In view of the individual nature of implications, the investors are advised to consult their own advisors to

ascertain if they are eligible to invest in the scheme as per the laws applicable to them and whether the scheme is suitable for their risk profile.

### Where can you submit the filled up Application Form

Investors can purchase Units of the Scheme by completing the Application Form and delivering it along with full payment at any of the Franklin Templeton Branch Offices [Investor Service Centre (ISC)] / Collection Centres or may be routed through an AMFI registered Agent/distributor/broker.

A list of the addresses of the ISC and Collection Centres is given at the end of this Scheme Information Document.

# How to apply

Investors can subscribe for the Units of the Scheme by completing the Application Form and delivering it at any Investor Service Centre or Collection Centre. KYC complied investor / Investors who are able to provide necessary information and/or documents to perform KYC can perform a web-based transaction to purchase units of the Scheme on website of the Mutual Fund (<a href="https://www.franklintempletonindia.com">www.franklintempletonindia.com</a>), FT Mobile App or through any other electronic mode introduced from time to time.

### Email based non-commercial transactions (NCT) facility

In order to help investors transact freely during the COVID 19 pandemic situation, we will now accept specified non-commercial transactions (NCT) on email as attachments on <a href="mailto:non-commercial">non-fintransaction@franklintempleton.com</a> will be dedicated for receiving specified non-commercial transaction requests.

The list of Non-commercial Transactions that are eligible for this facility and Terms & Conditions applicable to the NCT requests received through email mode for the same is available on our website www.franklintempletonindia.com

#### Official Points of Acceptance of Transaction

As per Para 8.4.8.1 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023, FTMF hereby declare following as the Official Points of Acceptance of Transactions ("OPAT"):

- all its branch offices [Investor Service Centres (ISC)]:
- Servers of FTAMIL/FTMF for transactions through online/electronic modes like FTMF's website (www.franklintempletonindia.com), FT Mobile app or through any other electronic mode introduced from time to time. Additionally, this will also cover transactions submitted in electronic mode by specified banks, financial institutions, distributors etc., on behalf of investors, with whom FTAMIL has entered or may enter into specific arrangements;
- the designated branch offices of Computer Age Management Services Limited (CAMS) (termed as Collection Centre):
- the **MF Utilities India Private Limited (MFUI)** website <u>www.mfuonline.com and</u> authorised MFUI Points of Service as updated on www.mfuindia.com;.
- The Secured internet site/server hosted or managed by CAMS will also be OPAT in respect of the transactions routed through the distributors who have registered for this facility (in accordance with the terms and conditions, as may be prescribed from time to time).
- in case of transactions done through the stock exchange infrastructure, all the Eligible Stock Brokers, Eligible Clearing Members and Eligible Mutual Fund Distributors will be considered as the OPAT for the transactions done under this facility.
- MFCentral A digital platform for Mutual Fund investors https://mfcentral.com/

The "cut off time" mentioned in the Scheme Information Document shall be reckoned at these official points. All transaction (purchase/redemption/switch) applications must be demonstrably received by the Mutual Fund at these OPAT.

### **AVAILABILITY OF FORMS**

Key Information Memorandum / Application Forms and copies of this Scheme Information Document are available from the Investor Service Centres at their respective locations set forth in the Application Form or on the reverse of this Scheme Information Document, in addition to the Head Office of the Mutual Fund. Application Forms are also available with the approved intermediaries of the Mutual Fund as well as on the website of the mutual fund www.franklintempletonindia.com

### MANDATORY INFORMATION

As per the directives issued by SEBI, it is mandatory for applicants to mention their bank account numbers in their applications and therefore, investors are requested to fill-up the appropriate box in the application form failing which applications are liable to be rejected.

It is mandatory for all investors (including joint holders, NRIs, POA holders and guardians in the case of minors) to furnish such documents and information as may be required to comply with the Know Your Customers (KYC) policies under the AML Laws. Applications without such documents and information may be rejected.

As per Para 14.11 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023, **Permanent Account Number (PAN)** would be the sole identification number for all participants transacting in the securities market, irrespective of the amount of transaction, except (a) investors residing in the state of Sikkim; (b) Central Government, State Government, and the officials appointed by the courts e.g. Official liquidator, Court receiver etc. (under the category of Government) and (c) investors participating only in micro-pension. SEBI, in its subsequent letter dated July 24, 2012 has conveyed that investments in mutual fund schemes [including investments through Systematic Investment Plan (SIP)] of up to Rs.50,000/- per year per investor shall be exempted from the requirement of PAN.

Accordingly, where the aggregate of lump sum investment (fresh purchase and additional purchase) and SIP instalments by an investor in a financial year i.e., April to March does not exceed Rs.50,000/(referred to as "Micro investment"), it shall be exempt from the requirement of PAN. Such investors are required to provide alternate proof of identity in lieu of PAN for KYC purposes and are allotted PAN-exempt KYC Reference Number (PEKRN).

This exemption will be available only to Micro investment made by individuals being Indian citizens (including NRIs, joint holders, minors acting through guardian and sole proprietary firms). PIOs, HUFs, QFIs and other categories of investors will not be eligible for this exemption.

For the purpose of identifying Micro investment, applications shall be aggregated at the investor level (same sole holder/joint holders in the same sequence) and such aggregation shall be done irrespective of the number of folios / accounts under which the investor is investing and irrespective of source of funds, mode, location and time of application and payment.

Thus, submission of PAN is mandatory for all existing as well as prospective investors (including all joint applicants/holders, guardians in case of minors, POA holders and NRIs but except for the categories mentioned above) for transacting with mutual funds from this date. Investors are required to register their PAN with the Mutual Fund by providing the PAN card copy. E-PAN issued by CBDT can also be provided by FPI.

Under the provisions of Income tax Act 1961, every person who has been allotted a PAN and is eligible to obtain Aadhaar Number is required to intimate his Aadhaar Number to the prescribed authority on or before 31st March, 2023. On failure to do so, his/her PAN shall become inoperative and he/she shall be liable to all the consequences under the Income Tax Act, 1961 for not furnishing, intimating or quoting the PAN. Therefore, it is mandatory for investors to link PAN with Aadhaar.

With reference to this, SEBI in its letter SEBI/HO/OW/IMD/PoD/P/2022/ 48112 /1 dated September 12, 2022, SEBI has advised that:

- 1. No investments (Systematic transaction, lumpsum, redemption) shall be permitted in such folios wherein PAN/ PEKRN details are not available.
- 2. Non-compliant, Non-PAN and Non-PEKRN folios will be liable to be frozen from April 01, 2023.
- 3. Non-investor-initiated transactions such as dividend pay-out, if any, declared by the Mutual Fund schemes shall also be disallowed
- 4. Unitholders whose folio(s) has/have been frozen due to the above requirement shall be able to (permitted to) lodge grievance or avail service request only after furnishing the above details.

All financial transactions with Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund need to comply with the PAN and KYC requirements as stated above, failing which the applications are liable to be rejected. It is clarified that all categories of investors seeking exemption from PAN still need to complete the KYC requirements stipulated by the AMC/Trustee from time to time, irrespective the amount of investment. If there is any change in the Client Due Diligence/KYC information provided by the investor, the same is

required to be updated within 30 days of such change.

Investors are instructed not to make cash payments. No outstation cheques or post-dated cheques will be accepted. Applications with outstation cheques/post dated cheques may be rejected.

## **Minimum Application Amount**

Fresh purchase by new applicant: Rs.5,000/- and any amount thereafter in multiple of Re.1/- Additional purchases by existing unitholders: Rs.1,000 and any amount thereafter in multiple of Re.1/-

There is no upper limit on the investment amount. The Trustee/ AMC reserves the right to vary these limits from time to time, in the interest of investors.

### Sale Price for ongoing purchases

For on-going subscriptions, sale price is calculated based on the "Applicable NAV". All the applications will be processed at the Applicable NAV based on the date and time of their receipt at the ISC / Collection Centre, as evidenced by the electronic date / time stamp affixed at the ISC or Collection Centre. In simple words, Sale Price = Applicable NAV.

# **Transaction Charges**

The AMC/Mutual Fund shall deduct Transaction Charges on purchase/subscription applications received from investors that are routed through a distributor/agent/broker as follows, provided the distributor/agent/broker has opted to receive the transaction charges. The distributors have the option to either opt in or opt out of levying transaction charge based on type of the product:

# (i) First time investor in mutual funds:

Transaction Charge of Rs.150/- on purchase/subscription application of Rs.10,000 and above shall be deducted from the subscription amount and paid to the distributor/agent/broker of the investor. Units will be allotted for the balance subscription amount (net of the transaction charge deducted).

# (ii) Investors other than first time investor in mutual funds:

Transaction Charge of Rs.100/- per purchase/subscription application of Rs.10,000 and above shall be deducted from the subscription amount and paid to the distributor/agent/broker of the investor. Units will be allotted for the balance subscription amount (net of the transaction charge deducted).

(iii) In case of investments through Systematic Investment Plan (SIP), the Transaction Charge shall be deducted only if the total commitment through SIP (i.e. amount per SIP instalment x No. of SIP instalments) amounts to Rs.10,000/- and above. The Transaction Charge shall be deducted in 3 or 4 instalments, as may be decided by the AMC from time to time.

# (iv) The Transaction Charges shall not be deducted for:

- (a) purchase/subscription applications for an amount less than Rs.10,000/-;
- (b) transactions other than purchases/subscriptions relating to new inflows such as switches, redemption, Systematic Transaction Plan, Transfer of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal plan etc.;
- (c) direct applications received by the AMC i.e. applications received at any Official Point of Acceptance of Transaction of Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund that are not routed through any distributor/agent/broker; and
- (d) transactions routed through stock exchange platform (not applicable for ARN holders who have 'opted-in' for levy of transaction charges in respect of mutual fund transactions of their clients routed through stock exchange platforms).

The statement of account shall clearly state that the net investment as gross subscription less transaction charge and give the number of units allotted against the net investment. The upfront commission to distributors shall continue to be paid by the investor directly to the distributor by a separate payment based on his assessment of various factors including the service rendered by the distributor.

### **CUT OFF TIMING FOR SUBSCRIPTIONS**

Pursuant to SEBI guidelines, the cut off timings and the applicability of Net Asset Value of the scheme is under:

In respect of valid applications received\* up to 3:00 p.m. by the Mutual Fund and the funds are available for utilisation on the same day before the cut-off time - the closing NAV of the day on which the funds are available for utilisation shall be applicable.

In respect of valid applications received\* after 3:00 p.m. by the Mutual Fund and the funds are available for utilisation on the same day - the closing NAV of the Business Day following the day on which the funds are available for utilisation shall be applicable.

However, irrespective of the time of receipt of application, where the funds are not available for utilisation on the day of the application, the closing NAV of the Business Day on which the funds are available for utilisation before the cut-off time (3:00 p.m.) shall be applicable provided the application is received\* prior to availability of the funds.

Investors are encouraged to avail electronic payment modes to transfer funds to the bank account of the Scheme to expedite unit allotment.

For determining the availability of funds for utilisation, the funds for the entire amount of subscription/purchase (including switch-in) as per the application should be credited to the bank account of the scheme before the cut-off time and the funds are available for utilisation before the cut-off time without availing any credit facility whether intra-day or otherwise, by the respective scheme.

For investments through systematic investment routes such as Systematic Investment Plans (SIP), Systematic Transfer Plans (STP), Transfer of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal plan (TIDCW)), etc. the units will be allotted as per the closing NAV of the day on which the funds are available for utilization by the destination Scheme irrespective of the instalment date of the SIP, STP or record date of IDCW etc.

The Trustee/AMC may alter the limits and other conditions in line with the SEBI Regulations.

\*Received at the Official Points of Acceptance of Transactions of Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund

#### Allotment of Units / Refund

Full allotment will be made to all valid applications received during continuous offer period. Refund of subscription money will be made to applicants without any return, in case applications are invalid or are rejected. An Account Statement containing the number of Units allotted will be issued within 5 business days from the date of allotment.

The allotment of units is subject to realisation of the payment instrument/receipt of credit.

The Trustee is entitled, in its sole and absolute discretion, to reject any Application. Further, the AMC/ Trustee reserves the right to reject any application post allotment or processing, if subsequently found invalid, contravention of any law or provisions of this Scheme Information Document. In this case, AMC will reverse such invalid allotments in their records and communicate to investors.

### **Fractional Units**

Investors may have Account Statements that show an issuance of fractional Units. Fractional Units will be computed and accounted for up to three decimal places using standard rounding criteria. Fractional Units in no way will affect an investor's ability to redeem Units.

### Option to receive allotment and hold units in demat form:

Investors have an option to receive allotment and hold units of the schemes of Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund in demat form. For this purpose, the investors need to furnish the details of their depository account in the Application Form along with a copy of the Client Master Report / List (CMR/CML) or the Transaction Statement (the page reflecting name and holding pattern) for verification of the demat account. The Units allotted in electronic form will be credited to the investor's Beneficiary Account with a Depository Participant (DP) of CDSL or NSDL as per the details furnished by the investor in the Application Form. In case the Unitholder does not wish to get his/her Units converted / allotted in electronic form or the AMC is not able to credit the Units to the beneficiary account(s) of the investor for any reason whatsoever, the AMC shall issue Account statement(s) specifying the Units allotted to the investor. Please note that where the investor has furnished the details of their depository accounts in the Application Form, it will be

assumed that the investor has opted for allotment in demat form and the allotment will be made only in demat form as default.

In case of SIP, the units will be allotted based on the applicable NAV as per the terms of the Scheme Information Document of the respective scheme and will be credited to the investor's demat account on weekly basis on realisation of funds. For example, for the subscription amount of the relevant SIP instalment credited to the bank account of Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund during a week (Friday to Thursday), the units allotted will be credited to the investor's demat account on following Monday or the subsequent working day if Monday is a holiday/non working day for the AMC or the depositories.

However, this facility is not available for investment under Daily IDCW and Weekly IDCW options of the schemes, Switch facility, Systematic Transfer Plan (STP) and Transfer of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal plan (TIDCW).

The existing Unitholders can dematerialise the units held in physical form (represented by Account Statement) at any time by making an application to the Depository Participant by filling up the Conversion Request Form (CRF) and surrendering the Account Statement(s).

### **LISTING**

Being open-end scheme, the units of the scheme are not listed at any stock exchange. However, subject to the Regulations, the Trustee may decide to list the units of the scheme on any recognised stock exchange.

### **How to Redeem Units**

In order to redeem units, investors must submit a redemption request by filling-up the pre-printed forms and submit / mail the same to any Investor Service Centre (ISC) / Collection Centre. All redemption request forms must contain the investor's Folio / Account Number and be duly signed. A web-based Redemption requests may also be submitted on website of the Mutual Fund (www.franklintempletonindia.com) or through any other electronic mode introduced from time to time.

In case of units held in demat mode, applications for redemptions should be submitted to the respective Depository Participants only.

Redemption requests by telephone, telegram, fax or other means or that lack valid signatures may not be accepted.

Redemption of Units (including switch-out, STP-out, etc) will be considered on First-in-First-Out (FIFO) basis.

The Fund, however, may limit the right to make redemptions. See "Suspension of redemption of units" below.

# **Redemption Price**

A valid redemption request received on any Business Day will be processed at the "Applicable NAV", subject to applicable load.

All the applications will be processed at the Applicable NAV, subject to applicable load, based on the date and time of their receipt at the ISC, as evidenced by the electronic date / time stamp affixed at the ISC.

"Applicable NAV" is the Net Asset Value per unit of the business day on which the application for redemption is accepted on or before the cut of time.

The repurchase / exit load shall be charged as a percentage of Net Assets Value (NAV) i.e. applicable load as a percentage of NAV will be deducted from the NAV to calculate repurchase price. Further, Securities Transaction Tax (STT), as applicable, will be deducted therefrom.

To further elaborate, the redemption price is calculated by multiplying the "Applicable NAV for Redemption" by (1 – Exit Load) and deducting therefrom the STT, as applicable. The redemption price will be calculated to four decimals using standard rounding criteria. For example, if the "Applicable NAV for Redemption" (rounded) is Rs.12.3269 and the exit load applied is 0.5% and the STT applicable is 0.25%, the redemption price will be calculated as follows:

Redemption Price	=	[Applicable NAV for Redemption * (1- Exit Load)] – STT		
	=	[12.3269 * (1-0.005)] – STT		
	=	[Rs.12.26526550] - STT		
	=	[Rounded off to Rs.12.2653] - STT		

# Calculation of STT:

In case the investor asks for the redemption in terms of no. of units (or for all units outstanding in his account), the computation of STT would be {[Unit \* (NAV less Exit Load, if any)] \* STT rate}

If the investor asks for a Rupee amount as redemption, the STT would be calculated as [(Rupee amount less exit Load, if any) / (1 – STT rate) – Rupee amount less Exit load, if any]

#### **Example:**

	Unit Redemption	Amount Redemption
No. of units	10,000	-
Amount	-	1,00,000
NAV (rounded)	12.3269	12.3269
Exit load	0.5%	0.5%
STT	0.25%	0.25%
Outstanding units	50,000	40,000

# Unit redemption STT on NAV at redemption price:

 Price
 :
 12.2653

 Amount
 :
 1,22,653.00

 STT
 :
 306.63

 STT rounded up to Rupee
 :
 307

Net amount to investors : 1,22,346.00 Balance units : 40,000

# Amount redemption STT on NAV at redemption price:

 Price
 :
 12.2653

 Gross Amount with STT
 :
 1,00,250.63

 STT
 :
 250.63

 STT rounded up to Rupee
 :
 251

No. of units : 8,173.516 Balance units : 31,826.484

# **CUT OFF TIMING FOR REDEMPTIONS**

Pursuant to SEBI guidelines, the cut off timings and the applicability of Net Asset Value of the scheme is under:

In respect of valid applications received up to 3:00 p.m. by the Mutual Fund, same day's closing NAV shall be applicable.

In respect of valid applications received after 3:00 p.m. by the Mutual Fund, the closing NAV of the next business day shall be applicable.

### Minimum redemption amount

Rs.1,000 and any amount in multiple of Re. 1/- thereafter.

Since the redemption request for units held in dematerialized mode can be given only in 'number of units' with Depository Participants or on Stock exchange Platform, the provision pertaining to 'Minimum redemption amount' shall not be applicable to such investors.

The Trustee / AMC reserve the right to vary these limits from time to time, in the interest of investors.

Unitholder may request the redemption of a certain specified Rupee amount or of a certain number of Units. If a redemption request is for both a specified Rupee amount and a specified number of Units, the specified number of Units will be considered the definitive request. In the case where a Rupee amount is

specified or deemed to be specified for redemption, the number of Units redeemed will be the amount redeemed divided by the applicable NAV. Redemption requests will be honoured to the extent permitted by the credit balance in the Unitholder's account. The number of Units so redeemed will be subtracted from the Unitholder's account and a statement to this effect will be issued to the Unitholder. If the redemption request exceeds the Balance in the account then the account would be closed and balance sent to the investors. To pay the investor the redemption amount requested for (in Rupees), Franklin Templeton will redeem that many units as would give the investor the net redemption amount requested for, after deducting exit load as applicable from time to time.

# Non applicability Minimum Application Amount (Lump-sum) and Minimum Redemption amount

As per Para 6.10 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023Alignment of interest of Designated Employees of Asset Management Companies (AMCs) with the Unitholders of the Mutual Fund Schemes has, *inter alia* mandated that a minimum of 20% of gross annual CTC net of income tax and any statutory contributions of the Designated Employees of the AMCs shall be invested in units of the scheme(s) of the Fund in which they have a role/oversight The said guidelines came into effect from the October 1, 2021.

In accordance with the regulatory requirement, the minimum application amount and minimum redemption amount will not be applicable for investment made in schemes of the Fund in compliance with the aforesaid circular(s).

The above-mentioned provisions shall override the conflicting provisions, if any.

### Minimum balance to be maintained and Right to close an investor's account

The Mutual Fund may close out an investor's account whenever, due to redemptions, the value of the account falls below the minimum account balance of Rs. 1,000/- for the Scheme and the investor fails to purchase sufficient Units to bring the value of the Account up to the minimum amount or more, after written notice is sent by the Mutual Fund.

### Suspension of sale of units

With the approval of the Boards of Directors of the Trustee and the Asset Management Company, the sale of Units may be suspended temporarily or indefinitely when any of the following conditions exist:

- 1. The equity / debt market stops functioning or trading is restricted.
- 2. Periods of extreme volatility in the equity / debt market, which, in the opinion of the Investment Manager, is prejudicial to the interest of the investors.
- 3. When there is a strike by the banking community or trading is restricted by RBI or other authority.
- 4. Period of extreme volatility in the equity / debt / money market, which in the opinion of the Board of Directors of AMC and Trustee is prejudicial to the interest of the scheme's investors.
- 5. As and when directed by the Government of India or RBI or SEBI to do so or conditions relating to natural calamity/external aggression/internal disturbances etc. arises, so as to cause volatile movements in the money or debt market, which in the opinion of the AMC, will be prejudicial to the interest of the unitholders, if further trading in the scheme is continued.
- 6. Break down in the information processing/communication systems affecting the valuation of investments/processing of sale/repurchase request.
- 7. Natural calamity.
- 8. SEBI, by order, so directs.
- 9. Trustee views that increasing the Scheme's size further may prove detrimental to the existing/prospective Unitholders of the Scheme.
- 10. Any other circumstances which in the opinion of the Board of Directors of AMC and Trustee is prejudicial to the interest of the existing/prospective investors.

In order to avoid breach of industry-wide overseas investment limits as allowed by RBI and in terms of SEBI Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMDII/DOF3/P/CIR/2021/571 dated June 03, 2021, Fresh registration under Transfer of Income Distribution Cum Capital Withdrawal Plan (TIDCW)/ Daily and Weekly frequency under Systematic Transfer Plans (STP) for investing into this scheme are suspended.

Investors may note that the total investment in overseas funds or securities across all schemes of FTMF shall be capped at the existing level as of February 1, 2022.

The aforesaid suspension is temporary in nature and will continue only till further enhancement of limit by Regulators in this regard.

# Suspension of redemption of units

With the approval of the Boards of Directors of the Trustee and the Asset Management Company, the redemption of Units may be suspended temporarily when there are circumstances leading to a systemic crisis or event that severely constricts market liquidity or the efficient functioning of markets such as:

- i. Liquidity issues when market at large becomes illiquid affecting almost all securities rather than any issuer specific security. Further, restriction on redemption due to illiquidity of a specific security in the portfolio of a scheme due to a poor investment decision, shall not be allowed.
- ii. Market failures, exchange closures when markets are affected by unexpected events which impact the functioning of exchanges or the regular course of transactions. Such unexpected events could also be related to political, economic, military, monetary or other emergencies.
- iii. Operational issues when exceptional circumstances are caused by force majeure, unpredictable operational problems and technical failures (e.g. a black out). Such cases can only be considered if they are reasonably unpredictable and occur in spite of appropriate diligence of third parties, adequate and effective disaster recovery procedures and systems.
- iv. Based on any other guidance/ circular issued by SEBI from time to time.

Restriction on redemption may be imposed for a specified period of time not exceeding 10 working days in any 90 days period. The approval from the Boards of AMC / Trustee shall also be informed to SEBI in advance.

When restriction on redemption is imposed, the following procedure shall be applied:

- i. No redemption requests upto Rs. 2 lakh shall be subject to such restriction.
- ii. Where redemption requests are above Rs. 2 lakh, AMC shall redeem the first Rs. 2 lakh without such restriction and remaining part over and above Rs. 2 lakh shall be subject to such restriction.

Any Units which, by virtue of these limitations, are not redeemed on a particular Business Day will be carried forward for redemption on the next following Business Day in order of receipt. Redemptions carried forward will be made at the NAV in effect on the subsequent Business Day(s) on which the condition for redemption request is fulfilled. To the extent multiple redemptions are being satisfied in a single day under these circumstances, such payments will be made pro-rata based on the size of each redemption request. Under such circumstances, redemption cheques may be mailed out to investors within a reasonable period of time and will not be subject to the normal response time for redemption cheque mailing.

In case where more than one application is received for redemption in a scheme for an aggregate redemption amount equal to or more than Rs.2 lakhs on any Business Day across all plans/options of the relevant scheme, then such applications shall be aggregated at the investor level (same holders/joint holders identified by their Permanent Account Numbers (PAN) in the same sequence).

Such aggregation shall be done irrespective of the number of folios under which the investor is redeeming and irrespective of mode, location and time of application.

#### Note:

Subsequent to the launch of Direct Plans with effect from January 1, 2013, irrespective of whether the investments were originally routed through an AMFI registered mutual fund distributor or not, the treatment of existing investments as on December 31, 2012 will be as follows:

Particulars	Treatment		
Existing investments in the scheme as on	These will continue in the same existing		
December 31, 2012	plan/option in which they are currently invested.		
Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option and issue of bonus units on	Units will be allotted in the existing plan as that of the original investment.		
existing investments  Existing registrations under Systematic			
Investment Plan (SIP):			
• SIP applications which were made directly (made without a Distributor code)	SIP instalments processed on or after January 01, 2013 will be automatically allotted under		

Particulars	Treatment
	Direct for the balance tenure of the SIP in the interest of the investors. The investors, however, may request the Mutual Fund in writing to continue allotting units in the existing plan instead of Direct in case they desire to do so.
SIP applications made under a Distributor code	Units will continue to be allotted in the existing plan.
Existing registrations under Systematic Transfer Plan (STP):  • STP applications which were made directly (made without a Distributor code)	STP instalments processed on or after January 01, 2013 will be automatically allotted under Direct for the balance tenure of the STP in the interest of the investors. The investors, however, may request the Mutual Fund in
	writing to continue allotting units in the existing plan instead of Direct in case they desire to do so.
STP applications made under a Distributor code	Units will continue to be allotted in the existing plan.
Existing registrations under Transfer of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal plan (TIDCW)	Units will be allotted in the existing Destination Plan/Option as per the TIDCW registration.

### SPECIAL PRODUCTS AVAILABLE

### **Exchanges / Switch**

Investors can, subject to any applicable restriction (such as lien/lock-in) exchange / switch investments from one scheme of Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund to another (e.g. Franklin India Bluechip Fund to Templeton India Growth Fund), and from one plan to another of the same scheme (i.e. from IDCW plan to Growth plan) at the applicable NAV (subject to applicable load structure) provided that

- a. there is no book closure in either of the schemes/plans.
- b. the investment sought to be exchanged is not under any lock-in period and are free of any encumbrances.
- c. the amount sought to be exchanged is equal to or higher than minimum investment amount required for opening an account in the destination scheme/plan.

For this purpose, the units of that scheme/plan will be redeemed at the applicable NAV (subject to applicable load) and the net proceeds shall be invested in the destination scheme/plan at the applicable NAV (subject to applicable load).

All the switches / exchanges will be treated as redemption in the source scheme and subscription in the destination scheme, with the applicable load structure. The switches of Units will be considered on First-in-First-Out (FIFO) basis.

The investors may please note the exchanges / switches in the schemes shall be subject to the terms and conditions of the respective schemes, including applicable lock-in-periods.

In the event of book closure in any of the schemes, the relevant exchange will be effected on the working day immediately following the end of the book closure period.

The Trustee/AMC reserves the right to alter/vary the terms of exchanges.

# **SYSTEMATIC INVESTMENT PLAN (SIP)**

Mutual Fund Investors can benefit by investing specified rupee amounts periodically for a continuous period. This concept is called Rupee Cost Averaging. This savings program allows investors to save a fixed amount of rupees every month by purchasing additional units of the Fund. Therefore, the average unit cost will always be less than the average sale price per unit irrespective of the market being rising, falling or fluctuating.

By investing a fixed amount of Rupees at regular intervals, investors can take advantage of the benefits of Rupee Cost Averaging, at the same time, saving a fixed amount each month.

The unitholder may avail Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) by completing the application form and submitting the same at any of the ISC / Collection Centres. Unitholders may change the amount and / or tenure (but not below the specified minimum) by giving written notice to the AMC/Registrar. An SIP may be terminated on appropriate written notice by the unitholder of the fund, and it may terminate automatically if transmission is initiated for that folio (notification of death) or incapacity of the unit holder.

The Investment Manager may change rules relating to the facility from time to time.

# **Highlights**

- The provision for minimum application amount shall not be applicable to SIP investments, which have different minimum installment amount.
- Frequency: Currently, Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund offers four frequencies of SIP viz. Daily, Weekly, Monthly and Quarterly. Daily frequency is not available for Franklin India Taxshield (FIT) and Franklin India Pension Plan (FIPEP).
- The minimum amount and minimum number of installments for SIP are as under:

SIP Frequency	Minimum Amount (Rs.)*	Minimum number of installments
Daily (Not available for FIT & FIPEP)	100	If Rs. 100 – 499: 20 installments If Rs. 500 – 999: 12 installments If Rs. 1000 and above: 6 installments
Weekly, Monthly & Quarterly	500	If Rs. 500 – 999: 12 installments If Rs. 1000 and above: 6 installments

<sup>\*</sup> and in multiples of Re.1/- thereafter except for Franklin India Taxshield which requires investments in multiples of Rs. 500/-.

There is no maximum duration for SIP enrolment.

- In case of applications for registration of Systematic Investment Plan (SIP), the mode of payment of SIP instalments should be Direct Debit or NACH or any other mode of payment accepted by the AMC from time to time. Post dated cheques will not be accepted.
- Daily SIPs shall be processed on all Business Days. In case of weekly frequency, investor can select any Business Day between Monday to Friday. In case of Monthly and Quarterly, all the SIP instalments (except the first one) must be uniformly dated for the month / quarter. In case the SIP Debit date is not indicated, 10th shall be treated as the Default date. In case of weekly frequency, default day is Wednesday.
- Load: For all SIP purchase transactions during ongoing sale, the entry and exit load as applicable for normal purchases shall be applicable [Normal purchases are purchases at the minimum subscription amount specified for each respective scheme, other than purchases through SIP, STP(in), TIDCW(in) or Exchange/Switch(in)].
- In case the specified date or default date/day of SIP instalment falls on a Non-Business day for the scheme or on a day which is not available in a particular month, the SIP will be processed as follows:
  - For Weekly, Monthly and Quarterly SIP frequencies: Immediately next Business day for that scheme.
  - o For Daily SIP frequency: The respective SIP instalment will be skipped.
- Transactions Charges shall be deducted from SIP installments, if applicable..
- Time taken for Registration of SIP:
  - For investors having an existing active payment mandate, first installment for daily/weekly frequency can commence atleast after 7 days for online registration and atleast after 15 days for offline registration post receipt of the application.
  - For all SIP frequencies with new payment mandate, offline SIP registration can commence atleast after 30 days and online SIP registration can commence immediately post receipt of the application.
- If during the currency of a Daily & Weekly SIP frequency, the unitholder changes the plan or option in
  which he/she had invested, the same would be treated as termination of existing SIP and reregistration of a new SIP and all the terms and conditions of the SIP such as minimum term/amount
  etc. shall apply in both plans/options. For Monthly and Quarterly frequency, Freedom SIP features are
  being provided.
- Investors will have the right to discontinue the SIP facility at any time by sending a written request to any of the Official Point(s) of Acceptance. Notice of such discontinuance should be received at least 15 days prior to the due date of the next installment. On receipt of such request, the SIP facility will be

terminated.

- The SIP registration will be discontinued in cases where six (6) consecutive installments are not honored.
  - The AMC / Trustee reserves the right to discontinue the SIP in case of rejection of Direct Debit/NACH by the bank for any reason, and debit the return / rejection charges to the investors' account.
- The AMC / Trustee shall not be responsible for any delay/non-processing of Direct Debit/NACH transaction where it is attributable to any incorrect/incomplete information provided by the investor.
- The AMC / Trustee shall not be responsible and liable for any damages/compensation for any loss, damage etc., incurred by the investor. The investor assumes the entire risk of using the Direct Debit/NACH facility and takes full responsibility for the same.
- Investor will not hold AMC / Trustee and its service providers responsible if the transaction is delayed
  or not effected by the investor Bank or if debited in advance or after the specific SIP date due to
  various reasons.
- The AMC / Trustee reserves the right to modify or discontinue the SIP facility at any time in future on a prospective basis.

Investors may note that facilities under Freedom SIP would not be available for Daily and weekly SIP frequency.

It is clarified that the load applicable for a SIP shall be the load prevailing on the date of registration. Here is an illustration using hypothetical figures to show how a Systematic Investment Plan can benefit an investor. Let us assume that Mr. ABC would like to invest Rs.1,000/- as a quarterly investment for a period of four quarters, i.e. a total of Rs.4,000/-.

Quarter	Amount Invested (Rs.)	Public Offering Price (POP) (Rs.)	No. of Units purchased
1	1000	12.0000	83.333
2	1000	15.0000	66.667
3	1000	9.0000	111.111
4	1000	12.0000	83.333
TOTAL	4000	48.0000	344.444

Average price (per unit) per quarter (quarters) = Rs.12.0000 (i.e. Rs. 48/4). Average cost per unit = Rs.11.6129 (i.e. Rs. 4000/344.444 units).

As can be seen from the example above, the average cost per unit is always lower than the average market price per unit, irrespective of a rise, fall or fluctuations in the market. A greater number of units were purchased when the per-unit cost was low; fewer units were purchased when the per-unit cost was high. Thus, Mr. ABC automatically gains without having to monitor prices (NAV) on a day-to-day basis.

However, an investor should note that the market value of the Scheme's units is subject to fluctuations.

Before undertaking any plan for Systematic Investment, the investor should keep in mind that such a program does not assure a profit or protect against a loss.

# Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) Variants facility

SIP Variants, branded as Freedom SIP are defined as features that can be added to an existing/new Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) through the online and/or offline mode. These features are listed below:

- Step Up SIP
- Pause SIP
- Any Date SIP
- SIP Amount Change
- Flexi SIP

The facility of SIP Variants is provided by Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund (FTMF) to facilitate investors to modify the amount/date of SIP as per the availability of financial resources. This facility may assist the investors in managing their investments without cancelling/revoking/annulling the ongoing SIP.

In case of identical SIPs the SIP variant shall be applied to any one of them. The investor would be required to submit separate forms/ requests for applying a SIP Variant to each SIP.

FTMF reserves the right to reject an application for 'SIP Variants' if it is termed as 'Not in Good Order' in accordance with the guidelines as mentioned on our website www.franklintempletonindia.com as amended from time to time. In such circumstances, the ongoing SIP will continue to be processed.

# I. Step Up SIP facility

Step-up SIP is a facility wherein an investor who has enrolled for SIP has an option to increase the amount of the SIP installment by a fixed amount at pre-defined intervals. This is to offer an ability to increase investments with increase in savings or income.

- All Schemes offering SIP facility shall be eligible to offer Step Up SIP facility.
- Step up SIP facility shall be available for SIP Investments through Direct Debit Facility/ Bill Pay / Net Banking / NACH (maximum value) and e-mandate only.
- Step up SIP will be offered on an annual basis for monthly and quarterly SIP frequencies.
- Step up will be offered in terms of percentage of existing SIP value or fixed value; multiples of 5% or ₹ 500. In case of a % increase, the Rupee value will be rounded off to the nearest multiple of ₹ 100.

### Step Up SIP facility shall be governed by following conditions:

- All the terms applicable to SIP facility shall also apply to Step up SIP.
- For registering a new SIP with Step Up feature, the minimum tenure of new SIP shall be at least 2 years.
- For an existing SIP, minimum 3 monthly installments or 1 Quarterly installment should be remaining to register a Step Up.
- Step-up SIP is applicable only for AMC initiated debit feeds i.e. NACH/Direct Debit, etc.
- Investor will need to provide an alternate mandate in case the existing mandate cannot be utilized
  for the Step Up and the alternate mandate shall be utilized to debit money for all future SIP
  installments. The existing mandate will still be active and the investor may choose to use the
  same if required at a later point of time.
- For existing SIPs, Investor can decide if the step up facility should apply on the first possible instalment or after the rolling cycle. If the first possible cycle is chosen, the rolling year will change for that investor.
  - Note: Rolling year is defined as the period from the 1<sup>st</sup> instalment of the SIP to the 12<sup>th</sup> calendar month from the said 1<sup>st</sup> instalment.
- A Step Up SIP or a Step up cancellation request shall be submitted at least 20 days before
  instalment due date for it to be effective.
  - Step up Rejection and Cancellation will not cancel the SIP registered by the investor.
     Receipt of a subsequent Step Up request will override the initial request. The new request will apply to the current value of the already Stepped Up SIP.
- For Family Solutions, Step Up facility can be requested at goal level.
  - Step up facility will not be activated automatically to any new SIPs enrolled to a particular goal. Investor would need to specifically request in writing for applying the Step Up facility to the new SIPs.
  - o The stepped up amount shall be allocated to all the underlying schemes of a particular goal as per the instructions of the investor subject to rounding off to the nearest ₹100.

Example: Simple comparison of Regular SIP and SIP+ Step UP Assuming investor avails 'Step Up' choosing to increase SIP Value by ₹1, 000/-

SIP Period (Dates)	Regular SIP	SIP with 'Step Up' facility
March 2016 - Feb 2017	5000	5000
March 2017 - Feb 2018	5000	6000
March 2018 - Feb 2019	5000	7000
	And so on	And so on

### II. Pause SIP facility

Any existing investor who has an ongoing SIP will have an option to Pause SIP at any time.

Notice of Pause should be submitted at least 20 days prior to the subsequent SIP date.

- The Pause SIP facility is available for SIP registration with monthly & Quarterly frequency.
- Pause SIP is allowed upto three instalments (Monthly or Quarterly) with one request which will be applicable from the next possible installment. Pause SIP is applicable only for AMC initiated debit feeds i.e. NACH/Direct Debit, etc.
- Pause SIP is not possible for the investors having Standing Instructions with banks.
- The SIP shall continue from the subsequent instalment after the completion of Pause period automatically.
- Investors can avail this facility as often as desired but a separate request is required for each instalment.
- For Family Solutions, Pause SIP facility cannot be requested at goal level. However, it can be requested for each underlying SIP which is part of the goal

# III. Facility to initiate SIP on Any date for New SIPs and Date Change for Existing SIPs

**New SIP** - An investor can choose any date of a month for SIP installments. In case the installment date chosen in the current or subsequent months is a non-business day or is not available, the installment will be applied on the next business day.

• The default date will be considered as 10th of the month in case the instalment date is not selected in the SIP form.

Existing SIP – An SIP instalment date change can be requested by the investor for an existing SIP.

- The request must be received 30 days before the next instalment.
- The facility is offered across regular and Family Solutions SIPs.
- All the existing terms and conditions shall apply to Any date SIP.
- For Family Solutions, Date Change facility will not be activated automatically to any new SIPs. Investor would need to specifically request for applying Date Change to each SIP.
- The default date will be considered as 10<sup>th</sup> of the month in case the instalment date is not selected in the SIP form.

SIP Frequency	Choice of the Day/ Date*
Monthly	Any date of the month – (29, 30, 31 will default to last business day of the month)
Quarterly	Any date of the month for each quarter – (29, 30, 31 will default to last business day of the month)

<sup>\*</sup>Date - In case the chosen date falls on non-business day, SIP will be processed on the next Business day.

Note: Last business day of the month will be chosen where 29, 30, 31 are non-business days in the month.

# IV. SIP Amount Change facility

SIP Amount Change facility enables the investor to change the amount of the SIP without cancelling the ongoing SIP.

- Applicable to all existing investors with ongoing SIP transactions with maximum value mandates through NACH, Direct Debit, E mandate, Net banking, Bill pay etc.
- Available only for ongoing SIP Transactions and shall not be accommodated with New SIP Transactions.
- SIP Amount Change is not available for payments via Standing Instructions.
- SIP Amount Change is applicable only for AMC initiated debit feeds i.e. NACH/Direct Debit, etc.
- SIP Amount change will be offered for both monthly and quarterly installments.
- SIP Amount change will be requested by providing the desired target value (new value of SIP)
- SIP Amount change will be applicable (until SIP Cancellation) for all the remaining tenure of SIP Transaction.
- Investor to provide the SIP Amount change request at least 20 days prior to next installment date.
- Available for Family Solutions and Regular SIPs.
- For Family Solutions, SIP Amount Change facility cannot be requested at goal level. However, it can be requested for each underlying SIP which is part of the goal.

# V. Flexi SIP facility

FTMF investors are offered an option to change the installment amount for a single month or a quarter in situations where an investor may have surplus or a shortfall of cash in a specific month or a quarter. Hence, the investor has the flexibility to change the value for that specific month or quarter.

- Applicable to all existing investors with ongoing SIP transactions with maximum value mandates through NACH, Direct Debit, E mandate, Net banking, Bill pay, etc.
- Available only for ongoing SIP Transactions and shall not be accommodated with New SIP Transactions.
- Flexi SIP is applicable only for AMC initiated debit feeds i.e. NACH/Direct Debit, etc.
- Investors have a right to increase/decrease the SIP installment through Flexi SIP at any time during the tenure of SIP.
- Flexi SIP offers SIP installment change facility for a month at monthly and for a quarter at quarterly intervals for both Family Solutions and Regular SIPs. Investor should provide the desired target value for availing this facility.
- Investor to provide the Flexi SIP request 20 days prior to next installment date.
- The Flexi SIP facility cannot be modified once enrolled. In order to make any changes, the investor must provide a new request to AMC.
- For Family Solutions, Flexi SIP facility cannot be requested at goal level. However, it can be requested for each underlying SIP which is part of the goal.

# Other terms governing the SIP Variants facility

- Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund, the AMC, the Trustees, the Sponsors, their respective employees, directors, affiliates and associates shall not be held responsible for any loss, damage etc. incurred by the investor upon availing the SIP Variant facility.
- The AMC / Trustee reserves the right to discontinue these facilities in case of cheque return or rejection of Direct Debit/ NACH by the bank for any reason and debit the return / rejection charges to the investors' account.
- The AMC / Trustee shall not be responsible for any delay/non-processing of Direct Debit/ NACH transaction where it is attributable to any incorrect/incomplete information provided by the investor.
- The AMC / Trustee shall not be responsible and liable for any damages/compensation for any loss, damage etc., incurred by the investor or due to the happening of any force majeure event. The investor assumes the entire risk of using the Direct Debit/ NACH facility and takes full responsibility for the same.
- Investor shall not hold AMC / Trustee and its service providers responsible if the transaction is delayed or not effected by the investor's Bank or if debited in advance or after the specific SIP date due to various reasons.
- The AMC / Trustee reserves the right to modify or discontinue the SIP Variants facility at any time in future on a prospective basis.

### **SYSTEMATIC TRANSFER PLAN (STP)**

A unitholder may establish a Systematic Transfer Plan and choose to transfer on a daily, weekly, monthly or quarterly basis from the Scheme to another Franklin Templeton scheme. The transfer will be effected by way of redemption of units (with appropriate exit load, if any) and a reinvestment (with appropriate entry load, if any) of the redemption proceeds in another Scheme(s).

The unitholder may avail STP by completing the application form and submitting the same at any of the ISC / Collection Centres. Unitholders may change the amount and / or tenure (but not below the specified minimum) by giving written notice to the AMC / Registrar. An STP may be terminated on appropriate written notice by the unitholder of the fund, and it may terminate automatically (as per the table 1) if all the units are liquidated or withdrawn from the account, or upon the Fund's receipt of notification of death or incapacity of the unitholder.

The Investment Manager may change rules relating to the facility from time to time.

### **Highlights:**

This facility is available to the investors of all open-end schemes of Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund, subject to the terms mentioned herein below. An investor can select this facility whereby the investor chooses to transfer on a periodic basis a pre-determined amount from any Franklin Templeton open-end

scheme (Source Scheme) into any other Franklin Templeton open-end scheme (Destination Scheme) selected by the investor. The provision of "Minimum Redemption Amount" of the Source Scheme(s) and "Minimum Subscription Amount" of the Destination Scheme(s) shall not be applicable to STP.

1) In order to start the STP facility, the minimum current value requirement in the Source Scheme is as follows:

Frequency	Fixed Amount Option	Capital Appreciation	
	(Rs.)	Option (Rs.)*	
Daily	1,000/-	Not available	
Weekly	2,000/-	5,00,000/-	
Monthly	2,000/-	1,00,000/-	
Quarterly	2,000/-	1,00,000/-	

<sup>\*</sup> Except in Franklin India Liquid Fund (FILF), Franklin India Ultra Short Bond Fund (FIUBF), Franklin India Floating Rate Fund (FIRF) and Franklin India Savings Fund (FISF) where the same should be Rs. 10 Lakhs for all frequencies.

- 2) However, the following schemes/plans/options are not available as Source Scheme:
  - Franklin India Pension Plan (FIPEP)
  - Franklin India Taxshield (FIT)
- 3) Franklin India Taxshield is not available as Destination Scheme (under Capital Appreciation Option)
- 4) Options: There are two options available:
  - a. Fixed Amount Option: A fixed amount can be transferred to the specified Destination Scheme at prescribed frequency; and
  - b. Capital Appreciation Option: Capital appreciation in the Source scheme can be transferred to the specified Destination Scheme at prescribed frequency.
- 5) The Capital Appreciation option will be available only under the Growth plans/options of the Source schemes. NAV on the date of registration of STP request will be considered for calculating the capital appreciation of the first installment. For subsequent STP installments, NAV as on the date of previous STP installment processed with capital appreciation option will be considered. However in case of any additional inflows in between the STP installments, the capital appreciation on such additional units will be the NAV difference between the additional purchase date and STP installment. (refer Illustration-2)
- 6) Frequency: The frequency can be Daily, Weekly, Monthly or Quarterly. The Daily frequency of transfer will be available only under Fixed Amount Option.

7) Transfer of Funds:

Transfer of Funds	Fixed Amount Option	Capital Appreciation Option	
Daily STP	A fixed amount can be transferred to	Not Applicable	
	the specified Destination Scheme.		
Weekly STP	A fixed amount can be transferred on a pre-specified day* (Mon, Tue, Wed, Thu, Fri - to be chosen by the investor) of every week to the specified Destination Scheme	The capital appreciation as on the immediately preceding business day for the Source Scheme can be transferred to the specified Destination Scheme, on a pre-specified day* (Mon, Tue, Wed, Thu, Fri - to be chosen by the investor) of every week as chosen	
Monthly C	P/ A fixed amount can be transferred on	by the investor.	
Monthly ST Quarterly STP	P/ A fixed amount can be transferred on a pre-specified date (to be chosen by the investor) of every month/every quarter to the specified Destination Scheme	The capital appreciation as on the last business day of every month/quarter can be transferred to the specified Destination Scheme	

<sup>\*</sup> In case the chosen day of the week falls on non-business day, STP will be processed on the next Business Day.

- 8) In case the specified date is a non-business day for either the Source Scheme or the Destination Scheme, the STP will be processed on the following business day for both the schemes. The STP will be applicable subject to the terms of the destination scheme.
- 9) Minimum Amount and Term:

(a) Under the Fixed amount option

Frequency	Minimum A	mount	Minimum		Minimum	Maximum duration
	per transfer	from	number	of	investment	

	Source Scheme	transfers	amount i Destination Scheme (INR)	n
Daily	INR 500	2	500 * 2 = 1000	5 years
Weekly	INR 1000	2	1000 * 2 = 2000	5 years
Monthly	INR 1000	2	1000 * 2 = 2000	5 years
Quarterly	INR 1000	2	1000 * 2 = 2000	5 years

- (b) Under Capital Appreciation Option, the minimum term shall be 6 months.
- 10) Load: The load as applicable in the Source scheme for normal purchase/redemption shall be applicable. For all STP transactions, the load prevailing for the Destination scheme on the date of registration of the STP shall be applicable.
- 11) At least 5 Calendar days' prior intimation should be given to the Mutual Fund for commencement of a fresh STP or cancellation/termination of an existing STP.
- 12) If in case of a monthly/quarterly STP with Fixed Amount Option, if the unitholder specifies 30th or 31st of the month (28th/29th in case of February) as the "Specified Date" for the STP transaction, then the STP shall be processed on the day, which is the last business day in that month for both the schemes.
- 13) Where the Start Date of the STP is not mentioned, then for an STP under Monthly/Quarterly option, the Start Date shall be deemed as follows:

If STP is submitted	Then Start Date shall be deemed to be
On or before 8th day of the month	15th day of that month
After 8th day but on or before 23rd day of the	last business day of that month for both the schemes
month	
After 23rd day of the month	15th day of the next month

In case of Daily STP, the same shall be deemed to be the 8th day from the date of submission of the request at any of Franklin Templeton ISC / Collection Centres.

- 14) This facility is not available for investments under lock-in period or on which any lien or encumbrance is marked.
- 15) It shall be the responsibility of the investor to ensure that sufficient balance (free from any Lock-in or encumbrances) is available in the Source Scheme account on the date of transfer, failing which the transfer will not be effected. STP will be discontinued in case the transfer is not effected due to insufficient balance in the investor's account as per the below table.

Table 1. The cancellation process is applicable for both Fixed Amount and Capital appreciation option

STP Frequency	Period in which no sufficient balance is available in Source Scheme to process an STP instalment	No. of STP instalments during the specified period
Daily	1 month	30 days
Weekly	1 month	4
Monthly	2 months	2
Quarterly	3 months	1

16) The AMC/Trustees reserve the right to discontinue or modify the STP facility at any time in future on a prospective basis.

Here are illustrations using hypothetical figures to explain the concept of a Systematic Transfer Plan.

### Illustration - 1

**Fixed amount option:** Let us assume that Mr. ABC would like to transfer Rs.1000/- every month from Scheme 1 to Scheme 2 for a period of four months, i.e. a total of Rs.4000/-.

Scheme	Scheme 1 (Source Scheme)						
Month	Opening Balance of Units	Applicable NAV (Rs.)	Amount Redeemed (Rs.)	No. of Units Redeemed	Closing Balance of Units		
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d) = [c/b]	(e) = [a-d]		
1	5,000.000	11.0000	1,000.00	90.909	4,909.091		
2	4,909.091	11.0800	1,000.00	90.253	4,818.838		
3	4,818.838	11.1500	1,000.00	89.686	4,729.152		

4	4,729.152	11.2000 1,000.00 89.286			6 4,	639.866
Scheme	2 (Destinatio	n Scheme)				
Month	Amount Applicable No. of Units Invested NAV Allotted		Closing Balance	of		
	(Rs.)	(Rs.)			Units	
	(f)	(g)	(h) = [f/g]	<b>a</b> ]	(i)	
1	1000.00	11.0000	90.909		90.909	
2	1000.00	11.0920	90.155		181.064	
3	1000.00	11.1290	89.855	·	270.919	
4	1000.00	11.2220	89.111	·	360.030	

#### Illustration - 2

**Capital appreciation option:** Let us assume that Mr. ABC invested Rs. 1,00,000 in Scheme 1 on August 1 at NAV of Rs. 10 per unit and he would like to transfer capital appreciation on a monthly basis from Scheme 1 (Source Scheme) to Scheme 2 (Destination Scheme) for a period of 6 months.

Date of STP Registration – August 12

NAV on August 12 – 10.5000

Date of first STP transaction - August 31

Transaction date	Transaction type	Amount (Rs)	NAV	Units	Closing Balance
		(a)	(b)	(c)=a/b	(d)
	Purchase - Scheme				
August 1	1	1,00,000.00	10.0000	10000.00	10000.000
	STP to Scheme 2				
August 31	(e)	15000.00	12.0000	1250.000	8750.000
	STP to Scheme 2				
September 30	(e)	8750.00	13.0000	673.077	8076.923
	Purchase - Scheme				
October 5	1	1000.00	15.0000	66.667	8143.59
	STP to Scheme 2				
October 31	(e)	25926.15	16.2000	1600.379	6543.211

Calculation of Capital Appreciation amount

STP date	STP date NAV	Registration date NAV/ Previous STP NAV/ Additional Purchase NAV	NAV Appreciation per unit	Unit Balance in Source Scheme	Capital Appreciation/ STP Amount (Rs)
	(a)	(b)	c = a-b	(d)	e = c*d
August 31	12.0000	10.5000	1.5000	10000.000	15000.00
September 30	13.0000	12.0000	1.0000	8750.000	8750.00
		13.0000 (for	3.2 (for		(3.2 * 8076.923) +
		8076.923 units) and	8076.923 units)		(1.2 * 66.667) =
		15.0000 (for 66.667	and 1.2 (for		25926.15
October 31	16.2000	units)	66.667 units)	8143.59	

### Note:

The Fund may close an investor's account if the balance falls below the minimum prescribed balance (based on applicable NAV) in the Schemes from which Transfer is proposed to be done due to redemptions or SWP (and not as a result of STP) and the investor fails to invest sufficient funds to bring the value of the account to the prescribed minimum (based on applicable NAV) after a written intimation in this regard is sent to the Unitholder.

# Perpetual tenure option under Systematic Transfer Plan

Investors looking for Systematic Transfer Plan (STP) with long gestation period can select the "Till Further Instructions" option in weekly, monthly and quarterly frequencies whereby, the STP will continue for as long as the investor maintains sufficient balance in the Source Scheme or the investor provides further instructions on cancellation of the STP mandate. In case the investor doesn't specify the end date for a STP or doesn't select the "Till Further Instructions" option, then the default STP period will be capped at 5 years.

### FLEX SYSTEMATIC TRANSFER PLAN

Under this facility unit holder(s) holding units in non-demat form can opt to transfer variable amount(s) linked to value of investments under Flex STP on the date of transfer at pre-determined intervals from designated open-ended Scheme(s) of Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund [referred to as Source Scheme(s)] to the Growth option of designated open-ended Scheme(s) of Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund [referred to as Target Scheme(s)].

### Salient features of the facility:

a. Flex STP is available at Weekly, Monthly and Quarterly Intervals.

Particulars	Frequency
Weekly option	Any day* (Monday to Friday)
Monthly & Quarterly option	Any date*

\*In case the date chosen for STP falls on a non-business day or on a day which is not available in a particular month, the STP will be processed on the immediate next business day.

b. At the time of registration, the minimum amount under this facility is as follows:

Frequency	Minimum Amount of Transfer (Rs.)	
Weekly, Monthly & Quarterly	1,000/- and in multiples of Re.1	

The following schemes/plans/options are not available as Source and Target schemes:

- Franklin India Pension Plan
- Franklin India Taxshield
- c. Under Flex STP, the amount sought to be transferred shall be calculated as follows: Fixed Amount to be transferred per Instalment or the amount as determined by the following formula [(fixed amount to be transferred per instalment X number of instalments including the current instalment) market value of the investments through Flex STP in the Target Scheme on the date of transfer] whichever is higher.
- d. There should be a minimum of 6 instalments for enrolment under Weekly and Monthly Flex STP and 4 instalments for Quarterly Flex STP. The minimum balance in unit holder's account or minimum amount of application at the time of enrolment for Flex STP should be Rs. 12,000/-.
- e. In case the amount (as calculated basis above) to be transferred is not available in the Source Scheme in the unit holder's account, the residual amount will be transferred to the Target Scheme and Flex STP will be closed.
- f. Flex STP with Weekly, Monthly and Quarterly Frequency shall commence if the application is submitted at least 5 calendar days prior to the applicable date.
- g. The first Flex STP instalment will be processed basis the fixed instalment amount specified by the unit holder at the time of enrolment. Flex STP shall be applicable from second instalment onwards.
- h. The total Flex STP amount invested in the Target Scheme shall not exceed the total enrolment amount i.e. amount per instalment X number of instalments.
- i. The amount transferred under the Flex STP from the Source Scheme to the Target Scheme shall be effected by redeeming units of Source Scheme at Applicable NAV, after payment of Exit Load, if any, and subscribing to the units of the Target Scheme at Applicable NAV in respect of each Flex STP investment. Exit Load, if any, prevailing on the date of enrolment shall be levied in the Target Scheme. The redemption / switch-out of units allotted in the Target Scheme shall be processed on First In First Out (FIFO) basis. In case there is a redemption / switch-out of any units allotted under Flex STP, the balance instalments under Flex STP will be processed for the fixed instalment amount specified by the unitholder at the time of enrolment.
- j. If the Flex STP Date and/or Frequency has not been indicated or multiple frequencies are selected, Monthly frequency shall be treated as Default frequency and last business day of the month shall be treated as Default Date.
- k. In case of lesser-than-required balance in the Source scheme, the available balance will be transferred to Target scheme under Flex STP and subsequently the Flex STP will cease to be active. In case of nil balance in the Source Scheme, Flex STP for that particular due date will not be processed. Flex STP will cease to be active upon unsuccessful transaction or if all units are pledged or upon receipt of intimation of death of Unit holder.

- I. In case no end date is mentioned in the form at the time of registration of Flex STP, the default time period taken will be 5 years.
- m. In order to discontinue the facility, a written request must be submitted at least 7 business days prior to the next applicable transfer date for Weekly/Monthly/Quarterly frequency.
- n. The provision of "Minimum Redemption Amount" specified in the SID(s) of the respective designated Source Schemes and "Minimum Application Amount" applicable to the Scheme as specified in this document will not be applicable for Flex STP.
- o. Unit holders may opt for either Value STP or Flex STP registration in a particular target scheme in a folio. Further, multiple Value STPs or multiple Flex STP registrations in the same target scheme in a folio will also not be allowed.

The AMC / Trustee reserves the right to change / modify load structure and other terms and conditions under Flex STP or withdraw the facility prospectively at a future date.

### **VALUE SYSTEMATIC TRANSFER PLAN**

Under this facility unit holder(s) holding units in non-demat form can opt to transfer an amount at regular intervals from designated open-ended Scheme(s) of Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund ("Source Scheme") to the Growth Option of designated open-ended Scheme(s) of Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund ("Target Scheme") including a feature of Reverse Transfer from Target Scheme into the Source Scheme, in order to achieve the Target Market Value on each transfer date in the Target Scheme.

Salient features of this facility are as follows:

#### a. Scheme details:

Source Schemes	Target Scheme			
Franklin India Overnight Fund	Franklin India Bluechip Fund			
Franklin India Liquid Fund	Franklin India Flexi Cap Fund			
Franklin India Savings Fund	Franklin India Equity Advantage Fund			
Franklin India Floating Rate Fund	Franklin India Focused Equity Fund			
Franklin India Corporate Debt Fund	Templeton India Value Fund			
Franklin India Banking and PSU Debt	Templeton India Equity Income Fund			
Fund	Franklin India Prima Fund			
Franklin India Government Securities	Franklin India Smaller Companies Fund			
Fund	Franklin Build India Fund			
Franklin India Debt Hybrid Fund	Franklin India Opportunities Fund			
Franklin India Equity Hybrid Fund	Franklin India Technology Fund			
Franklin India Equity Savings Fund	Franklin Asian Equity Fund			
Franklin India Balanced Advantage Fund	• Franklin India Feeder – Franklin U.S.			
Franklin India Dynamic Asset Allocation	Opportunities Fund			
Fund of Funds	Franklin India Feeder – Templeton European			
Franklin India Multi-Asset Solutions Fund	Opportunities Fund			
of Funds	Franklin India Index Fund – NSE Nifty 50 Index			
	Plan			

b. Value STP offers transfer facility at weekly, monthly and quarterly intervals.

c. The minimum amount per Value STP instalment shall be as follows:

Frequency	Minimum Amount of Transfer (Rs.) Minimum instalments
Weekly	Rs. 500 and in multiples of Re 1 12 instalments where instalment
	thereafter amount is less than Rs. 1,000/- and a
	minimum of 6 instalments where
	instalment amount is equal to or
	greater than Rs. 1,000/-
Monthly	Rs. 1000 and in multiples of Re 1 6 instalments of Minimum Rs.1000
	thereafter
Quarterly*	Rs. 3000 and in multiples of Re 1 2 instalments of Minimum Rs.3000
	thereafter

<sup>\*</sup>Beginning of quarter could be any month.

- d. There is no maximum duration for Value STP enrolment provided the end date is mentioned in the form. In case no end date is mentioned, the default time period taken will be 5 years.
- e. The minimum unit holder's account balance or a minimum amount of application at the time of Value STP enrolment in the Source Scheme should be Rs. 12,000.
- f. The provision of 'Minimum Redemption Amount' as specified in the Scheme Information Document(s) of the respective designated Source Scheme(s) (Target Scheme(s) in case of Reverse Transfer) and 'Minimum Application Amount' specified in the Scheme Information Document(s) of the respective designated Target Scheme(s) (Source Scheme(s) in case of Reverse Transfer) will not be applicable for Value STP.
- g. The objective of Value STP is to achieve the Total Target Market Value in the Target Scheme by transferring an amount from the Source Scheme at regular intervals in such a way so as to increase the Target Market Value of units in the Target Scheme systematically by a fixed amount (i.e. the first instalment amount specified by the Unitholder) on the date of each transfer till the tenure of the Value STP. The amount to be transferred under Value STP from Source Scheme to Target Scheme shall be calculated as follows:
  - The first Value STP instalment will be processed for the first instalment amount specified by the Unitholder at the time of enrolment.
  - From the second Value STP instalment onwards, the transfer amount may be higher/lower than the first instalment amount, as derived by the formula stated below: (First instalment amount X Number of instalments including the current instalment) -Market Value of the investments through Value STP in the Target Scheme on the date of transfer.
- h. In case the amounts (as specified above) to be transferred are not available in the Source Scheme in the unit holder's account, the residual amount will be transferred to the Target Scheme and Value STP will be closed.
- i. Value STP with Weekly, Monthly and Quarterly Frequency shall commence if the application is submitted at least 5 calendar days prior to the applicable date.
- j. Reverse Transfer: On the date of transfer, if the Market Value of the investments in the Target Scheme through Value STP is higher than the first instalment amount X number of instalments (including the current instalment), then a Reverse Transfer will be effected from the Target Scheme to the Source Scheme to the extent of the difference in the amount, in order to arrive at the Target Market Value.
- k. The total amount invested through Value STP over its tenure in the Target Scheme, may be higher or lower than the Total Target Market Value of the investment (i.e. the first instalment amount X total number of instalments specified by the Unitholder). This may be on account of fluctuations in the Market Value of the Target Scheme.
- The redemption/ switch-out of units allotted in the Target Scheme shall be processed on First In First Out (FIFO) basis.
- m. In case there is a redemption/ switch-out of any units allotted under Value STP in the Target Scheme by the Unit holder, the balance instalments under Value STP will be processed as a regular STP for the remaining instalments by investing the amount indicated as first instalment amount, on the date of each transfer over the balance tenure of the Value STP, subject to availability of unit balance in the Source Scheme.
- n. In case of lesser-than-required balance in the source scheme, the available balance will be transferred to Target scheme under Value STP and subsequently the Value STP will cease to be active. Value STP will be automatically terminated if all units are liquidated or withdrawn from the Source Scheme or pledged or upon receipt of intimation of death of the unit holder.
- o. Unit holders will have the right to discontinue the Value STP facility at any time by sending a written request to the OPAT. On receipt of such request, the Value STP facility will be terminated within 15 days.
- p. The amount transferred under the Value STP from the Source Scheme to the Target Scheme shall be effected by redeeming units of Source Scheme at the Applicable NAV, after payment of Exit Load, if any, and subscribing to the units of the Target Scheme at Applicable NAV. Exit Load, if any, prevailing on the date of enrolment shall be levied in the Target Scheme and Source Scheme (for units purchased through Reverse Transfer)
- q. Unit holders may opt for either Value STP or Flex STP registration in a particular target scheme in a folio. Further, multiple Value STPs or multiple Flex STP registrations in the same target scheme in a folio will also not be allowed.

The AMC / Trustee reserves the right to change / modify load structure and other terms and conditions under the Value STP or withdraw the facility prospectively at a future date.

# TRANSFER OF INCOME DISTRIBUTION CUM CAPITAL WITHDRAWAL PLAN (TIDCW)

This facility is available to the investors of various IDCW plans (except Daily IDCW and Weekly IDCW Plans) of all open-end schemes\* of Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund (except Franklin India Floating Rate Fund). For Franklin India Liquid Fund, the facility is available for Daily IDCW Plan and Weekly IDCW Plan as well.

\*TIDCW IN and OUT registered in any of the six schemes of Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund under the process of winding up is cancelled. The six schemes under winding up are namely – Franklin India Ultra Short Bond Fund (Number of Segregated Portfolios – 1), Franklin India Low Duration Fund (Number of Segregated Portfolios – 2), Franklin India Short Term Income Plan (Number of Segregated Portfolios – 3), Franklin India Dynamic Accrual Fund (Number of Segregated Portfolios – 3) and Franklin India Income Opportunities Fund (Number of Segregated Portfolios – 2). For all the investors the TIDCWoption with any of the six schemes under winding up as the destination scheme, the default option will be considered unless requested otherwise. The default option is Payout of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option in case of Franklin India Taxshield and Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option for all other schemes. For example: An investor in Franklin India Bluechip Fund has opted to transfer the IDCW to any of the six schemes under winding up, now the IDCW will be reinvested in Franklin India Bluechip Fund, unless requested otherwise. Similarly, an investor in Franklin India Taxshield has opted to transfer the IDCW to any of the six schemes under winding up, now the IDCW will be paid out to the investor, unless requested otherwise.

An investor can select this facility whereby the distribution declared in one Franklin Templeton open-end scheme (Source Scheme) will be automatically invested into any other Franklin Templeton open-end scheme selected by the investor (Destination Scheme).

An investor can select this facility whereby the distribution declared in one Franklin Templeton open–end scheme (Source Scheme) will be automatically invested into any other Franklin Templeton open-end scheme selected by the investor (Destination Scheme).

The unitholder may avail IDCW Transfer of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal plan (TIDCW) by completing the application form and submitting the same at any of the ISC / Collection Centres. TIDCW may be terminated on appropriate written notice by the unitholder of the fund, and it may terminate automatically if all the units are liquidated or withdrawn from the account, or upon the Fund's receipt of notification of death or incapacity of the unitholder.

The Investment Manager may change rules relating to the facility from time to time.

# **Highlights:**

- In order to avail the TIDCW facility, the minimum account balance in the Source Scheme should be Rs.25.000/-.
- The frequency of transfer will depend on the IDCWs declared in the plan of the Source Scheme in which the investment has been made.
- The amount, to the extent of the distribution in the Source Scheme, will be automatically invested in the Destination Scheme at its NAV on the next Business Day for both the schemes and equivalent units will be allotted, subject to the terms and conditions of the Destination Scheme: For example: An investor in Scheme A opts to invest the IDCW in Scheme B. If the IDCW record day is a Wednesday and Thursday is the book closure for Scheme A, the investor will be allotted units at NAV of Friday. In case Friday is a non Business Day for either Scheme A or Scheme B, the units will be allotted at the NAV of immediate next Business Day for both the schemes.
- Minimum amount of IDCW eligible for transfer under TIDCW: The IDCW from Source Scheme will
  be transferred to Destination Scheme, only when the number of units to be allotted on account of
  IDCW transfer in the Destination Scheme, when rounded of, are greater than or equal to 0.001. If
  the number of units to be allotted in Destination Scheme on account of IDCW transfer from
  Source Scheme is less than 0.001, the IDCW will be automatically reinvested in the Source
  Scheme.
- Load: For all TIDCW purchase transactions, the entry and exit load as applicable for normal purchases shall be applicable [Normal purchases are purchases at the minimum subscription amount specified for each respective scheme, other than purchases through SIP, STP(in), TIDCW(in) or Exchange/Switch(in)].

- A TIDCW may be terminated by the unitholder by giving appropriate written notice.
- The Trustee/AMC reserves the right to modify or discontinue the TIDCW facility at any time in future on a prospective basis.

It is clarified that the load applicable for a TIDCW shall be the load prevailing on the date of the respective transfer.

## SYSTEMATIC WITHDRAWAL PLAN (SWP)

A Unitholder may establish a Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP) in any scheme and receive regular payments from the account based on the chosen SWP frequency. The Unitholder can opt to withdraw a fixed amount, subject to a prescribed minimum amount per installment. Unitholder can also opt to withdraw capital appreciation. The Unitholder may avail of SWP by completing the application form and submitting the same at any of the Official Points of Acceptance of Transactions ("OPAT").

The amount thus withdrawn by redemption shall be converted into Units at the applicable NAV and such Units will be subtracted from the unit balance of that Unit holder account.

Unitholders may change the amount (but not below the specified minimum) by giving written notice to the AMC. SWP transaction may be terminated on appropriate written notice by the unitholder of the fund.

SWP mandate will be cancelled on transaction failures due to NIL balance subject to a maximum of 3 consecutive unsuccessful attempts, or upon the Fund's receipt of notification of death or incapacity of the unitholder. A written intimation in this regard shall be sent to the unitholder.

The AMC / Trustee reserves the right to modify or discontinue the SWP facility at any time in future on a prospective basis.

# Highlights:

- This facility is available in all plans and options of the all schemes.
- There is no minimum balance required for registration of SWP
- The frequencies available for SWP option include Monthly, Quarterly, Semi Annual and Annual option.
- There are two options available for SWP:
  - (a) **Fixed amount:** A fixed amount can be withdrawn under monthly /quarterly /semi annual / annual options on any business day as per the SWP scheduled date.
  - (b) **Capital Appreciation:** Investor can withdraw the capital appreciation as on the last business day of the opted frequency period (monthly /quarterly /semi annual / annual options).
  - (c) The investor can choose a minimum of 1 transaction under SWP option.
- If in case of a monthly/quarterly/ semi-annual/ annual SWP with Fixed Amount Option, if the unitholder specifies 30th or 31st of the month (28th/29th in case of February) as the "Specified Date" for the SWP transaction, then the SWP shall be processed on the day, which is the last business day in that month for the scheme.
- Capital Appreciation Option is available only in Growth plans/options of the Schemes.
- Load: For all SWP purchase transactions, the exit load as applicable for normal purchases shall be applicable.
- Minimum withdrawal: Under the fixed amount option, minimum withdrawal amount is Rs. 500.
- At least 7 business days' prior intimation should be given to the Mutual Fund for commencement of a fresh SWP or cancellation / termination of an existing SWP.
- Where the Start Date of the SWP is not mentioned, then the same shall be deemed to be the first available date after a period of 7 business days post the date of submission of the SWP request, depending upon the option chosen by the unit holder.
- If the investor fails to provide the duration for SWP, and in absence of additional information from the investor, a default period of 3 years is considered.
- If the investor fails to mention frequency of SWP, and in absence of additional information from the investor, monthly frequency is considered as a default.
- This facility is not available for investments under lock-in period. It is clarified that the load applicable for SWP shall be the load applicable for the respective purchase transaction.

Here is an illustration using hypothetical figures to explain the concept of a Systematic Withdrawal Plan. Let us assume that Mr. ABC has invested Rs.10,000/- and been allotted 1000 units during the initial offer.

Subsequently he would like to receive Rs.1000/- for a period of four months, commencing from the beginning of the next month.

Month	Opening Balance of Units	Amount Withdrawn (RS.)	Applicable NAV (RS.)	No. of units redeemed	Closing Balance of Units
1	1000.000	1000	12	83.333	916.667
2	916.667	1000	15	66.667	850.000
3	850.000	1000	9	111.111	738.889
4	738.889	1000	12	83.333	655.556
Total		4000		344.444	

# 'FRANKLIN TEMPLETON FAMILY SOLUTIONS' FACILITY:

Franklin Templeton Family Solutions ("FS") is a facility offered by FTMF to encourage investors to plan for their investments based on life goals.

The salient features of the Franklin Templeton Family Solutions facility are as follows:

- (a) Family Solutions is a unique investment solution that helps investors plan for their life goals
- (b) To invest under the FS facility, investor will need to undertake a questionnaire that asks for basic details on the goals such as target amount, investment horizon, anticipated rate of inflation. This tool, which is available on FTMF's website <a href="https://www.franklintempletonindia.com">www.franklintempletonindia.com</a>. Based on the inputs provided by the investor a set of schemes of FTMF and the amount of investment towards the goal would be recommended for investment. However, the investor may opt to invest in schemes of his/her choice and such amount as determined by him/her at his/her discretion.
- (c) The investor needs to make the application by filling the specified application and transaction forms of the FS facility along with a single cheque/draft for the consolidated amount of investment under the application. Applications accompanied with multiple cheques/drafts will be liable for rejection. Alternatively, the investor can transact online on FTMF website / app.
- (d) Official Points of Acceptance of Transaction (OPAT) for FS applications: FTMF hereby declares all its branch offices (ISC) and CAMS Collection Centres as the OPAT for FS applications. Currently, the applications will not be accepted at the KFIN Collection Centres.
- (e) Irrespective of the amount of investment recommended through the Family Solutions Planner, the minimum investment amount for fresh and additional purchase in each scheme shall be as specified in the respective Scheme Information Document. Eg: If the recommended amount of investment in a scheme is Rs.4,000/- and the minimum investment amount specified in the Scheme information Document of that scheme is Rs.5,000/-, the investor need to invest at least Rs.5,000/- in the scheme.
- (f) In case of applications for registration of Systematic Investment Plan (SIP), the mode of payment of SIP instalments should be ECS or Direct Debit or NACH. Post dated cheques will not be accepted.
- (g) FTMF / the AMC may not accept any request for any changes or modifications in the goal(s) and goal details at any time for whatsoever reason. However, whenever an investor comes with an additional investment and different goal, a new account is created.
- (h) The Trustee/AMC reserves the right to change/modify or discontinue the facility at any time in future.

# The **Terms and Conditions** of the FS facility are as follows:

- 1. Family Solutions is a facility offered by Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund to encourage investors to plan for their investments based on life stage goals. However, there is no assurance or guarantee that the goals of the investors will be achieved and the same is subject to the investment performance of the schemes.
- 2. Setting up the goals, planning of investment and taking informed investment decision might require professional expert advice. As always, investors are best advised to consult their investment/financial advisor prior to taking the investment decisions.
- 3. The Trustee, the AMC, the Sponsor, their directors, employees, affiliates or representatives shall not be liable for any consequences that may arise in the event any of the schemes is wound up or its features are substantially altered. Investors are requested to review the Scheme Information Document and the features and terms and conditions of the Family Solutions facility carefully and obtain expert professional advice with regard to specific legal, tax and financial implications of the investment.
- 4. The recommendation given to the investor through the Family Solutions Planner is based on the inputs provided by the investor. The portfolio determined in light of the information furnished by the investor in the questionnaire, based on certain pre-determined criteria.
- 5. The recommended schemes and the investment amount have been derived using established theories on risk and return, after considering various aspects including, but not limited to, the nature of the schemes (such as its investment objectives, investment style and product positioning) and the

inputs provided by the investor about his life goals. It may please be noted that the recommendation may not take into consideration all the material aspects relevant to the investor's investment decision. It is clarified that the recommendation is not binding on the investor and investor may opt to invest in schemes of his/her choice and such amount as determined by him/her at his/her discretion.

- 6. The recommendation is based solely on the inputs provided in the questionnaire. Franklin Templeton is not responsible for the accuracy and validity of the information provided by the investor. Also it must be clearly understood that while providing the recommendation, FTMF has neither done a detailed risk profiling of the investor nor has taken into consideration the investor's full portfolio of investments and various other factors which may be necessary for rendering an investment advice. The recommendation should not be construed as a complete investment advice.
- 7. Past performance of the schemes is neither an indicator nor a guarantee of future performance, and may not be considered as the basis for future investment decisions.
- 8. For ongoing tracking of the investment and related advice, the investor needs to contact his/her distributor or investment/financial advisor. Franklin Templeton is not responsible for tracking of the investment vis-à-vis the goal or achievement of the goal or for providing any advice of whatsoever nature in relation to the investment.
- 9. Mention of goals in the account statement is merely a facility offered for ease and convenience of the investor in tracking the investment, and is based on the information provided by the investor in the Application Form. In case of units subsequently converted in demat form, the account statement of the Beneficiary Account with the Depository Participant (DP) will be sent by the respective DP's as per their service standards and these statements will not carry the details of the goals.
- 10. This facility is offered to the investors as per the terms and conditions as may be prescribed by the AMC from time to time and is further subject to the terms of conditions of the Statement of Additional information of Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund and the Scheme Information Document of the respective schemes. The AMC reserves the right to amend the terms and conditions, or to discontinue or modify the facility at any time in future.
- 11. The views constitute only the opinions and do not constitute any guidelines or recommendation on any course of action to be followed by the investors. The information or recommendation is not meant to serve as a professional guide for the investors. Whilst due care has been taken to ensure that the facts are accurate and opinions given fair and reasonable, the Sponsor, the AMC, the Trustee or any of their directors, employees, affiliates or representatives do not assume any responsibility for, or warrant the accuracy, completeness, adequacy and reliability of such information or recommendation. Recipients of this information or recommendation should take informed investment decision after taking into consideration all the material aspects relevant to their investments.
- 12. Investors should read and understand all scheme related documents like Statement of Additional Information (SAI), Scheme Information Document (SID), Key Information Memorandum (KIM) and the addenda issued from time to time carefully before investing.

# Facility for subscription, redemption and switch of units through stock exchange infrastructure:

Franklin Templeton offers the facility to subscribe and redeem the units of schemes of Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund through the infrastructure of the National Stock Exchange of India Ltd. ("NSE") and BSE Ltd. ("BSE"). This facility is offered in terms of SEBI circulars and the guidelines issued by NSE and BSE in this regard from time to time.

The salient features of this facility are as follows:

- Eligible investors This facility is currently available only to Individuals residing in India and nonindividuals incorporated in India. Non- Resident Indians can avail this facility on NSE MFSS Platform, NSE NMF II Platform and BSE StAR MF Platform.
  - This facility for subscription [fresh purchase, additional purchase and transactions under Systematic Investment Plan (SIP)], redemption and switch of units of the eligible schemes is available for new investors as well as existing investors. Currently, transactions under Systematic Transfer Plan (STP) are available under NSE Platform (NSE NMFII) and BSE StAR MF Platforms, Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP) are available under NSE NMFII and NSE (MFSS) and Pause SIP are available under BSE StAR MF platform and NSE NMFII.
- 2. In order to facilitate the transactions under this facility, NSE has launched Mutual Fund Service System ("MFSS") & NMF II and BSE has introduced BSE StAR MF platform. All trading members, clearing members and non-member Mutual Fund Distributors (MFD) who are registered with NSE, BSE and the Association of Mutual Funds in India ("AMFI") as Mutual Fund Advisors and are empanelled as distributor with Franklin Templeton Asset Management (India) Pvt. Ltd., the AMC, ("Eligible Stock Brokers" / "Eligible Clearing Members"/ "Eligible MFD") will be eligible to offer this facility to the investors.

In addition to the above, Registered Investment Advisor (RIA) who are registered under SEBI and are empanelled as distributor with Franklin Templeton Asset Management (India) Pvt. Ltd., the AMC will be eligible to offer this facility to the investors.

- 3. Eligible investors who are willing to transact under this facility are required to register themselves with the Eligible Stock Broker / Eligible Clearing Members/ Eligible MFD/ Eligible RIA.
- 4. All the Eligible Stock Brokers, Eligible Clearing Members and Eligible MFD will be considered as the Official Point of Acceptance of Transaction ("OPAT") for the transaction done under this facility. The cut-off timing and applicability of NAV for the transaction will be determined in accordance with Para 8.4 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023. The day and time of receipt of the transaction application by FTMF will be based on the time stamping as evidenced by the confirmation slip generated by the stock exchange infrastructure.
- 5. The investors have an option to hold the units in physical form (account statement) or dematerialised form. International Security Identification Numbers (ISIN) in respect of the plans/option of the eligible schemes have been created and admitted in the National Securities Depository Ltd. ("NSDL") and Central Depository Services (India) Ltd. ("CDSL"). Units shall be allotted in physical form or dematerialised form as per the request of the investor.

### 7. For units issued in physical form (represented by Account Statement)

- 7.1 Investors desirous of transacting (subscription or redemption) through the stock exchange infrastructure should approach an Eligible Stock Broker/ Eligible Clearing Members along with the duly filled in Application Form and other documents (including PAN and KYC) as required. For subscriptions, the payment of subscription money should be made to the Eligible Stock Broker/ Eligible Clearing Members. In case of Eligible MFD, the payment of subscription should be made directly to Clearing corporation (NCCL/CCL).
- 7.2 Dispatch of Account Statements and payment of redemption proceeds will be made by the Mutual Fund directly to the investor as per the normal service standard. The redemption payout will be made to the investor's bank account as registered with the AMC based on the information furnished by the investor.
- 7.3 In case the investor wishes to dematerialise the units held in physical form, the AMC will facilitate the same with the Registrar, Depositories and Depository Participants.

### 8. For units issued in dematerialised form

- 8.1 Investors desirous of investing in dematerialised form need to have a Beneficiary Account with a Depository Participant (DP).
- 8.2 Investors desirous of transacting (subscription or redemption) through the stock exchange infrastructure should place the order with an Eligible Stock Broker or Eligible Clearing Member or Eligible MFD as currently followed for secondary market activities. For subscriptions, the payment of subscription money should be made to the Eligible Stock Broker or the Eligible Clearing Member or the Clearing Corporation. Investors shall receive units through broker/clearing member's pool account. FTMF would credit the units into broker/clearing member's pool account and broker/clearing member in turn to the respective investor's demat account. For subscriptions received through Eligible MFD, the units will be credited directly to Investors scheme Account.
- 8.3 Completion of the PAN, KYC, FATCA, UBO and third party payment verification requirements of the Depository/ Depository Participant will be considered to be adequate compliance with the guidelines issued by SEBI in this regard for investment in mutual funds.
- 8.4 For redemptions, investors shall receive redemption amount through broker/clearing member's pool account. Payment of redemption proceeds will be made by FTMF to the broker/clearing member and broker/clearing member in turn to the respective investor.
- 8.5 For redemption done through Eligible MFD, the redemption amount will be made by FTMF directly to Clearing corporation and in turn to the investor's registered bank account.
- 8.6 Payment of redemption proceeds to the broker/clearing members by FTMF shall discharge FTMF/the AMC of its obligation of payment to individual investor. Similarly, in case of subscription, crediting units into broker/clearing member pool account shall discharge FTMF/the AMC of its obligation to allot units to individual investor.
- 8.7 Additionally, the Depository Participants (DP) of National Securities Depository Ltd. ("NSDL") and Central Depository Services (India) Ltd. ("CDSL") who are registered with the Association of Mutual Funds in India ("AMFI") as Mutual Fund Advisors and are empanelled as distributor with Franklin Templeton Asset Management (India) Pvt. Ltd., the AMC, ("Eligible DPs") can process redemption requests of the investors holding Beneficiary Account with the respective DP, in accordance with the guidelines issued by SEBI/NSDL/CDSL from time to time. For this purpose, all the Eligible DPs will be considered as the Official Point of Acceptance of Transaction ("OPAT") for the redemptions done under this facility. The cut-off timing and applicability of NAV for the transaction will be determined in accordance with the guidelines issued by SEBI/NSDL/CDSL from time to time. For such redemptions, the payment of redemption proceeds will be made by

- the AMC/FTMF directly to the investor as per the normal service standard and will be made to the investor's bank account based on the information furnished by the depositories.
- 8.8 The Account Statement of the Beneficiary Account with the DP will be sent by the respective DPs as per their service standards. The Account Statement issued by the DPs will be considered as adequate compliance of the requirements specified by SEBI for mutual funds with respect to dispatch of account statement to investors.
- 8.9 In case the investor wishes to re-materialise the units held in demat form, the AMC will facilitate the same with the Registrar, Depositories and Depository Participants.
- 9. For any complaints or grievances against the Eligible Stock Broker/Eligible Clearing Member/ Eligible MFD with respect to the transactions done through the stock exchange infrastructure, the investor should contact either the concerned Eligible Stock Broker/Eligible Clearing Member or the investor grievance cell of the respective stock exchange. For non-commercial transactions/service requests such as change in address, change in bank mandate, issue of duplicate account statements etc., the investors should approach any of the Franklin Templeton Investor Service Centres in case the units are held in physical form and to their respective Depository Participant (DP) in case the units are held in demat form.
- 10. Applications which are incomplete or invalid in any respect or are conditional or ambiguous are liable to be rejected.
- 11. The investors will have to comply with the PAN and KYC requirements as prescribed by SEBI/BSE/NSE/NSDL/CDSL/Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund from time to time.
- 12. The facility shall be subject to the terms and conditions specified and guidelines issued by SEBI/BSE/NSE from time to time.

Transaction Type	BSE - Physical	BSE - (STAR MFS) Demat	NSE (MFSS)	NSE - NMF - 2
Purchase		V		
SIP		$\sqrt{}$	V	$\sqrt{}$
Pause SIP	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	Х	V
Switch	$\sqrt{}$	V	Х	V
Redemption		$\sqrt{}$	V	$\sqrt{}$
STP	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	х	$\sqrt{}$
SWP	Х	Х	V	$\sqrt{}$
TIDCW	Х	Х	Х	Х
Family Solutions	Х	х	Х	Х

The Trustee/AMC reserves the right to change/modify or discontinue the facility at any time in future.

### **ACCOUNTS STATEMENTS**

On acceptance of the application for subscription, a confirmation specifying the number of units allotted by way of email and/or SMS will be sent to the Unitholders within 5 Business Days from the date of receipt of application at their e-mail address and/or mobile number registered with the Mutual Fund/AMC.

#### A) Consolidated Account Statement

In order to enable a single consolidated view of all the investments of an investor in Mutual Funds and securities held in demat form with the Depositories, Mutual Fund-Registrar & Transfer Agents or Depositories shall generate and dispatch of single Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) to the investors. Consolidation of account statement shall be done on the basis of PAN. In case of multiple holding, it shall be PAN of the first holder and pattern of holding.

Unitholders who have registered their Permanent Account Number (PAN) with the Mutual Fund will receive a Consolidated Account Statement as follows:

### 1. Unitholders who hold Demat Account

The Account Statement containing details relating to all financial transactions (purchase, redemption, switch, systematic investment plan, systematic transfer plan, systematic withdrawal plan, Transfer of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal plan, Payout of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option, Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option and bonus transactions) made by the unitholder across all mutual funds and transaction in dematerialised securities across demat accounts of the Unitholder will be sent by the Depositories, for each calendar month within 15th day of the

succeeding month to the unitholders in whose folios transactions have taken place during that month.

CAS shall be sent every half yearly (September/ March), on or before 21st day of succeeding month, detailing holding at the end of the six month, to all such Unitholders in whose folios and demat accounts there have been no transactions during that period.

In case of demat accounts with nil balance and no transactions in securities and in mutual fund folios, the Depository shall send account statement in terms of regulations applicable to the depositories.

#### 2. Unitholders who do not hold Demat Account

The Account Statement containing details relating to all financial transactions (purchase, redemption, switch, systematic investment plan, systematic transfer plan, systematic withdrawal plan, Transfer of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal plan, Payout of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option, Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option and bonus transactions) made by the unitholder across all mutual funds where PAN of the investor is registered and holding at the end of the month including transaction charges, if any, paid to the distributor, will be sent for each calendar month within 15th day of the succeeding month to the unitholders in whose folios transactions have taken place during that month.

The financial transactions processed from the 1st day of the month till 30/31 will be included in CAS, irrespective of trade date of the transaction.

The CAS detailing holding across all schemes of all mutual funds where PAN of the investor is registered, shall be sent at the end of every six months (i.e. September/ March), on or before 21st day of succeeding month to all mutual fund investors, excluding those investors who do not have any holdings in mutual fund schemes and where no commission against their investment has been paid to distributors, during the concerned half-year period. Such CAS shall reflect the closing balance and value of the Units as at the end of the month, the amount of actual commission paid by AMC to distributors (in absolute terms) during the half-year period against the concerned investor's total investments in each MF scheme and scheme's average Total Expense Ratio (in percentage terms) for the half-year period, of both direct plan and regular plan.

For the purpose of sending CAS, common investors across mutual funds shall be identified by their PAN. PAN identified as having a demat account by Depositories for generating CAS will not be considered while generating a Mutual Fund level CAS.

In case of a specific request received from the Unitholders, the AMC/Mutual Fund will provide the account statement to the Unitholder within 5 Business Days from the receipt of such request.

# B) Unitholders who have not registered their PAN with the Mutual Fund will receive the following:

### For normal transactions during ongoing sales and repurchase:

• The AMC shall issue to the investor whose application (other than SIP/STP) has been accepted, an account statement specifying the number of units allotted within 5 working days of allotment.

### For SIP / STP/ Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option:

- Account Statement for SIP and STP will be despatched once every month along with IDCW reinvestment (daily, weekly, monthly, yearly) account statement. All other IDCWs statements will be dispatched as and when the IDCW transaction is processed
- A soft copy of the Account Statement will be emailed to investors valid email ID
- However, the first Account Statement under SIP/STP shall be issued within 10 working days of the initial investment/transfer.
- In case of specific request received from investors, Mutual Funds shall provide the account statement (SIP/STP) to the investors within 5 working days from the receipt of such request without any charges.

# **Half-yearly Statement:**

• The AMC shall provide the Account Statement to the Unitholders who are not having Valid PAN excluding those investors who do not have any holdings in mutual fund schemes and where no commission against their investment has been paid to distributors, during the concerned half-year period. The Account Statement shall reflect the latest closing balance and value of the Units across all schemes in the respective folio, prior to the date of generation of the account statement, , the amount of actual commission paid by AMC to distributors (in absolute terms) during the half-year period

against the concerned investor's total investments in each MF scheme and scheme's average Total Expense Ratio (in percentage terms) for the half-year period, of both direct plan and regular plan.

For those unitholders who have provided an e-mail address, the AMC will send the account statement by e-mail. The unitholder may request for a physical account statement by writing / calling us at any of the ISC.

The Account Statement issued by the AMC is a record of holdings in the scheme of Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund. Investors are requested to review the account statement carefully and contact their nearest Investor Service Centre in case of any discrepancy. The contents of the statement will be considered to be correct if no error is reported within 30 days from the date of receipt of the Account Statement.

# Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal

The IDCW warrants shall be dispatched or the IDCWs would be otherwise distributed to the unitholders within 7 working days from the record date.

For IDCWs paid out, investors will receive an advice in case of IDCWs paid via electronic mode, and a IDCW instrument with counterfoil for IDCWs paid by way of an instrument.

## Redemption

The redemption or repurchase proceeds shall be dispatched to the unitholders within 3 working days from the date of redemption or repurchase. In case of exceptional situations, additional time for redemption payment may be taken. This shall be in line with AMFI letter dated January 16, 2023.

## Delay in payment of redemption / repurchase proceeds / IDCW

The AMC shall be liable to pay interest to the unitholders at such rate as may be specified by SEBI for the period of such delay (presently @ 15% per annum).

### C. PERIODIC DISCLOSURES

### **Net Asset Value (NAV)**

This is the value per unit of the scheme on a particular day. You can ascertain the value of your investments by multiplying the NAV with your unit balance.

In case of this scheme, which is an open end scheme, the NAV shall be normally calculated for all Business Days.

The Scheme currently permits investment of a part of its corpus in overseas securities. Para 8.2.2 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023, states that NAV of schemes shall be disclosed based on the value of underlying securities/ Funds as on the date of investment in MF units in India.

Thus, the aforesaid Scheme(s) will declare the NAV as follows:

<b>Particulars</b>	NAV declaration time for a Business Day & Rationale
If entire assets under	11 p.m. on same Business Day
management (AUM) is	
invested only in Indian	
securities	
If entire or part of AUM is	As the prices of overseas securities would be determined as per a
invested in overseas securities	different time zone, the Scheme(s) may declare the NAV for a
	Business Day by the next Business Day by 10:00 a.m.

The Mutual Fund is required to declare the NAV of the Scheme on every Business Day on AMFI's website www.amfiindia.com (as per time limit prescribed by SEBI) and also on our website www.franklintempletonindia.com.

The disclosure of NAV as outlined above is as per the prevailing SEBI Regulations and is subject to change from time to time.

### **Redemption and Sale Prices**

While determining the price of the units, the mutual fund shall ensure that the repurchase price is not lower than 95 per cent of the Net Asset Value.

### PORTFOLIO / FINANCIAL RESULTS DISCLOSURE

**Portfolio / Financial Results:** This is a list of securities where the corpus of the scheme is currently invested. The market value of these investments is also stated in portfolio disclosures.

The Mutual Fund shall within one month of the close of each half year i.e., 31st March and 30th September, upload the soft copy of its unaudited financial results containing the details specified in Regulation 59 on its website and shall publish an advertisement disclosing uploading of such financial results on its website, in one English newspaper having nationwide circulation and in one regional newspaper circulating in the region where the head office of the Mutual Fund is situated.

The Mutual Fund shall disclose portfolio as on the last day of the month / half-year for all their schemes on its website and on the website of AMFI within 10 days from the close of each month/ half-year respectively. In case of unitholders whose e-mail addresses are registered, the Mutual Fund/ AMC shall send via email both the monthly and half-yearly statement of scheme portfolio within 10 days from the close of each month/ half-year respectively.

Mutual Fund shall publish an advertisement every half-year disclosing the hosting of the half-yearly statement of its schemes portfolio on its website and on the website of AMFI. Such advertisement shall be published in the all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi. Mutual Fund shall provide a physical copy of the statement of its scheme portfolio, without charging any cost, on specific request received from a unitholder.

### **ANNUAL REPORT**

As required by the SEBI Regulations, the Fund will mail the schemewise annual report or an abridged summary thereof to all the unitholders as soon as practical after 31st March each year but not later than four months thereafter, as the Trustee may decide. In case of unitholders whose e-mail addresses are available with the Mutual Fund, the annual report or the abridged summary, as the case may be, would only be sent by email and no physical copies would be mailed to such unitholders. However, those unitholders who still wish to receive physical copies of the annual report/abridged summary notwithstanding their registration of e-mail addresses with the Fund, may indicate their option to the AMC in writing and AMC shall provide the same at a nominal price. For the rest of the investors, i.e. whose email addresses are not available with the mutual fund, the AMC shall send physical copies of scheme annual reports or abridged summary to those unitholders who have 'opted-in' to receive physical copies. The AMC shall display the link of the scheme annual reports or abridged summary prominently on the Fund's website and AMFI website and make the physical copies available to the investors at its registered office at all times.

## **Associate Transactions**

Please refer to Statement of Additional Information (SAI)

#### **Taxation**

This information is provided for general information only and is based on the prevailing tax laws, as applicable in case of this Scheme. However, in view of the individual nature of the implications, each investor is advised to consult his or her own tax advisors/authorised dealers with respect to the specific amount of tax and other implications arising out of his or her participation in the schemes.

The following summary outlines the key tax implications applicable to unit holders based on the relevant provisions under the Income-tax Act, 1961 ('Act').

### A) Tax implications to unitholders under Income Tax Act:

Category of this Scheme: Not an 'equity oriented fund' or 'liquid fund' or 'money market mutual fund', as currently defined under the Act

As per section 50AA of the Act, this scheme is a Specified Mutual Fund

# Definitions under the Act

"Equity oriented fund" is defined to mean a fund set up under a scheme of a mutual fund specified under clause 23(D) of section 10 and

In case where the fund invests in the units of another fund which is traded on a recognised stock exchange-

- a minimum of 90% of the total proceeds of such fund is invested in the units of such other fund; and
- such other fund also invests a minimum of 90% of its total proceeds in the equity shares of domestic companies listed on a recognized stock exchange; and

In any other case, a minimum of 65% of the total proceeds of such fund is invested in the equity shares of domestic companies listed on a recognised stock exchange

Provided that the percentage of equity shareholding or unit held in respect of the fund, as the case may be, shall be computed with reference to the annual average of the monthly averages of the opening and closing figures.

"Money market mutual fund" is defined to mean a money market mutual fund as defined in sub-clause (p) of clause (2) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996.

"Liquid fund" is defined to mean a scheme or plan of a mutual fund which is classified by the Securities and Exchange Board of India as a liquid fund in accordance with the guidelines issued by it in this behalf under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 (15 of 1992) or regulations made thereunder.

"Specified mutual fund" means a mutual fund by whatever name called, where not more than 35%<sup>1</sup> of its total proceeds is invested in the equity shares of domestic companies.

### Tax on income on units:

Currently, dividend is taxable in the hands of the unitholders at the applicable tax slab rates (Refer **Note 1** for tax rates) and also, subject to withholding of taxes at source by the Mutual Fund at following rates:

Particulars	Tax Implications in income from units received by unit holders	Withholding of Taxes by Mutual Fund
Resident (Individuals / Non- corporates / Corporates)	Taxed in the hands of unitholders at applicable rate under the provisions of the Act	10% under section 194K of the Act *
Non-residents (Individuals / Non-corporates / Corporates)**	Taxed in the hands of unitholders at the rate of 20% under section 115A of the Act. (plus applicable surcharge and cess).	20% (plus applicable surcharge and cess) u/s 196A/ 196D of the Act

\*As per provision of section 194K of the Act, where the amount of income credited or paid in a financial year, in aggregate, does not exceed Rs. 5,000, no withholding is required to be carried out. However, the scheme shall be withholding tax when the aggregate amount in financial year at Permanent Account Number (PAN) level exceeds Rs. 4,000.

Further, where any person furnishes a NIL/ lower withholding certificate obtained under section 197 of the Act/ certificate in Form 15G/ Form 15H of the IT Act, the same can be considered for withholding tax purposes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> To be computed with reference to the annual average of the daily closing figures.

\*\* Taxability in the hands of non-resident Individuals / non- resident non-corporates / non-resident corporates shall be subject to Double Taxation Avoidance Agreement ("DTAA" or "tax treaty") benefits which can be claimed in the return of income to be filed by such investors. Further, such DTAA benefit may also be claimed at the time of withholding of taxes (subject to requisite documents for claiming DTAA benefit made available by investor to the Mutual Fund). The investors should obtain specific advice from their tax advisors regarding the availability of the tax treaty benefits.

Further, unitholders can claim deduction of interest expense incurred if any, against income from units and such deduction shall not exceed 20% of income from units under section 57 of the Act.

# Provisions regarding Bonus stripping in certain circumstances

In case of units purchased within a period of 3 months prior to the record date, (for entitlement of bonus) and sold/transferred (including redeemed) within 9 months after such date, the loss arising on transfer of all or any such units shall be ignored for the purpose of computing the income chargeable to tax. The loss so ignored shall be treated as cost of acquisition of such bonus units.

### Tax on income on sale/redemption of units:

If the units are held as stock-in-trade of a business, the said income will be taxed at the rates at which the normal income of that investor is taxed.

If the units are held as investments, the said income will be taxed as capital gains. In such case, the tax rates applicable will depend on whether the gain on sale of units is classified as a short-term capital gain or a long-term capital gain. Units of a mutual fund being other than an equity oriented fund shall be considered as a short-term capital asset where the same are held for a period of 36 months or less immediately preceding their date of transfer for the purpose of computing capital gains. Long-term capital asset means an asset which is not a short-term capital asset.

Separately, as per section 50AA of the Act, introduced by the Finance Act 2023 ('FA 2023'), gains arising on transfer, redemption or maturity of specified mutual funds acquired on or after 1 April 2023 will deemed to be 'short-term capital gains' (regardless of the period of holding) and taxable at the short term capital gain rates mentioned below for Specified Mutual Fund.

However, gains arising on transfer, redemption or maturity of specified mutual funds which were acquired before 1 April 2023 and are held for a period of more than 36 months shall be taxable as long-term capital gains.

The rates of capital gains tax are as follows (applicable to all investors including NRI / PIO/ FPI):

# Schemes other than equity-oriented fund/ specified mutual funds:

Nature of capital gains	Tax rate*
Short-term capital gains	In case of FPIs, 30 percent*
	For others, taxed at normal tax rates (as explained in <b>Note 1</b> ).
Long- term capital	In case of FPI's, 10 percent* (without indexation)
	In case of other non-residents:  • For listed securities 20 percent* (with indexation)  • For unlisted securities - 10 percent (without indexation),
	In case of residents, 20 percent* (with indexation).

<sup>\*</sup> plus surcharge and health and education cess as may be applicable (Refer Note 2).

# Segregation of mutual fund schemes

SEBI has, vide circular SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2018/160 dated December 28, 2018, permitted creation of segregated portfolio of debt and money market instruments by Mutual Fund schemes. As per the SEBI

circular, all the existing unit holders in the affected scheme as on the day of the credit event shall be allotted equal number of units in the segregated portfolio as held in the main portfolio. Accordingly, on segregation, the unit holders hold same number of units in two schemes —the main scheme and segregated scheme.

Explanation 1 to Section 2(42A) of the Act relating to the period of holding has been amended to provide that the period of holding of the units of the segregated scheme shall include the period for which the units in the main scheme were held by the assessee.

Similarly, section 49(2AG) of the Act provides that the cost of acquisition of a unit or units in the segregated portfolio shall be the amount which bears to the cost of acquisition of a unit or units held by the assessee in the total portfolio, the same proportion as the net asset value of the asset transferred to the segregated portfolio bears to the net asset value of the total portfolio immediately before the segregation of portfolios.

Also, section 49(2AH) of the Act provides that the cost of the acquisition of the original units held by the unit holder in the main portfolio shall be deemed to have been reduced by the amount so arrived at under section 49(2AG) of the Act.

# Tax Deduction at Source (TDS) in respect of capital gains:

# Schemes other than equity oriented fund/ specified mutual fund:

Category of investor	Nature of capital gains	Tax rate*
Resident Investor	Short term / Long term	Nil
Foreign Portfolio Investors (FPI)	Short term / Long term	Nil
Non-Resident Indian (NRI) / Person of Indian origin (PIO)/ Other foreign entities	Short term	30% for foreign non-corporates; 40% for foreign corporate entities
Non-Resident Indian (NRI) / Person of Indian origin (PIO)/ Other foreign entities	Long term	20% in case of listed units (10% in case of unlisted units)

<sup>\*</sup> plus surcharge and health and education cess as may be applicable. (Refer Note 2)

The long-term capital gains on listed units of other than equity oriented fund shall be computed after taking into consideration the indexed cost of acquisition of the units redeemed / repurchased / sold.

All the above non-resident investors may also claim the tax treaty benefits available, if any.

As per provisions of section 206AA of the Act, the Mutual Fund would be obliged to withhold tax at penal rates of TDS in case of payments to investors who have not furnished their PAN to the Mutual Fund. The penal rate of TDS is higher of 20% or rate specified under the relevant provisions of the Act or rates in force, plus applicable surcharge and health and education cess.

As per Rule 37BC of the Income-tax Rules, 1961 (Rules), the provisions of section 206AA shall not apply to non-resident, not being a foreign company, or a foreign company in respect of payments made to them in the nature of interest, royalty, fees for technical services and payments on transfer of any capital asset, if the non-resident provides the following details to the payer:

- Name, email-id, contact number;
- Address in the country or specified territory outside India of which the deductee is a resident;
- A certificate of his being resident in any country or specified territory outside India from the government of the other country or specified territory if the law of that country or specified territory provides for issuance of such certificate;
- Tax Identification Number of the deductee in the country or specified territory of his residence and
  in a case, no such number is available, then a unique number on the basis of which the deductee
  is identified by the Government of that country or the specified territory of which he claims to be a
  resident.

# B) Securities Transaction Tax (STT)

No STT is payable on sale (redemption) of units of a fund other than an 'equity oriented fund'.

# C) TDS for non-filers of return of income at higher rates

Section 206AB of the Act provides higher rates of withholding tax where the recipient (being a specified person):

- has not filed the return of income for the assessment year ("AY") relevant to the previous year immediately prior to the financial year in which tax is required to be deducted,
- has an aggregate of tax deducted at source and tax collected at source of INR 50,000 or more in the said previous year; and
- for whom the time limit of filing return of income under Section 139(1) of the Act has expired. Where the recipient qualifies as a specified person under section 206AB, withholding shall be higher of the following:
- twice the rate specified in the relevant provision of the Act; or
- twice the rate or rates in force; or
- the rate of 5%

Further, where provisions of section 206AA of the Act is applicable to a specified person, in addition to the provision of section 206AB of the Act, the tax shall be deducted at higher of the two rates provided in section 206AB of the Act and in section 206AA of the Act.

However, specified person shall not include:

- non-residents who do not have a permanent establishment in India, or
- a person who is not required to furnish the return of income for the assessment year and is notified by the Central Government in the Official Gazette in this behalf

# D) PAN becoming inoperative

Rule 114AAA of the Rules provides that where an individual does not link his PAN with his Aadhaar number, then PAN of such a taxpayer shall become inoperative and consequences for not furnishing, intimating or quoting of PAN under the Act shall be applicable. The consequences of an inoperative PAN, with effect from 1 July 2023, shall be as under:

- (i) refund of any amount of tax or part thereof, due under the provisions of the Act shall not be made;
- (ii) interest shall not be payable on such refund for the period, beginning with the date specified under sub-rule (4) and ending with the date on which it becomes operative:
- (iii) where tax is deductible under Chapter XVIIB in case of such person, such tax shall be deducted at higher rate, in accordance with provisions of section 206AA;
- (iv) where tax is collectible at source under Chapter XVII-BB in case of such person, such tax shall be collected at higher rate, in accordance with provisions of section 206CC:

Also, Rule 114AAA of the Rules provides that once PAN (which has become inoperative) and Aadhaar are linked, the same shall become operative within thirty days from the date of intimation of Aadhaar number. A fee of Rs.1,000 for failure to link PAN with Aadhaar continues to apply.

Separately, Central Board of Direct Taxes (CBDT) vide Notification No. 37/2017, F. No. 370133/6/2017-TPL, dated 11 May 2017 has clarified that provisions of section 139AA of the Act shall not apply to an individual who does not possess the Aadhaar number or the Enrolment ID and is a non-resident as per the Act. Given that provisions of section 139AA of the Act does not apply to a non-resident, consequently, the provisions of Rule 114AAA of Rules shall also not apply.

### Note 1:

The individuals (including NRIs / PIOs) and HUFs, are taxed in respect of their total income at the following rates as per old tax regime:

Slab	Tax rate *
Total income upto Rs.250,000#	Nil
More than Rs.250,000# but upto	5 percent of excess over Rs 250,000
Rs.500,000	
More than Rs.500,000 but upto	20 percent of excess over Rs. 500,000
Rs.1,000,000	+ Rs.12,500 <sup>\$</sup>

Exceeding Rs.1,000,000	30 percent of excess over Rs 1,000,000
	+ Rs.1,12,500 <sup>\$</sup>

<sup>\*</sup> plus surcharge, if applicable and health and education cess (Refer Note 2)

A resident individual (whose total income does not exceed Rs.500,000) can avail rebate under section 87A. It is deductible from income tax before calculating health and education cess. The amount of rebate available would be 100% of income-tax chargeable on his total income or Rs.12,500, whichever is less.

Section 115BAC of the Act provides individuals and HUFs anew tax regime<sup>2</sup> in respect of their total income at the following rates:

income at the following fates.	
Slab	Tax rate*
Total income up to Rs.300,000@	Nil
More than Rs.300,000 but up to Rs.600,000@	5 percent of excess over Rs.300,000
More than Rs.600,000 but up to Rs.900,000@	10 percent of excess over Rs.600,000 + Rs.15,000
More than Rs.900,000 but up to Rs.1,200,000	15 percent of excess over Rs.900,000 + Rs.45,000
More than Rs.1,200,000 but up to Rs.1,500,000	20 percent of excess over Rs. 1,200,000 + Rs.90,000
Exceeding Rs.1,500,000	30 percent of excess over Rs 1,500,000 + Rs.150,000

<sup>\*</sup> plus surcharge and health and education cess as may be applicable (Refer **Note 2**)

@A resident individual (whose total income does not exceed Rs.700,000) can avail rebate under section 87A. It is deductible from income tax before calculating health and education cess. The amount of rebate available would be 100% of income-tax chargeable on his total income or Rs.25,000, whichever is less." Further, marginal relief is available to the extent incremental income tax liability exceeds incremental income in excess of Rs.7,00,000 if the resident individual has opted for new tax-regime.

The above tax regime shall be subject to conditions and other proviso laid down under the section 115BAC of the Act.

As per sub-section (5) to section 115JC of the Act, the provisions of AMT shall not be applicable in case of any person who has exercised the option to be taxed as per the provisions of section 115BAC of the Act.

# **Indian Companies**

The tax rates applicable would be 30 percent (plus surcharge and health and education cess as may be applicable (Refer **Note 2**).

In case of a domestic company, where the total turnover or gross receipts of such company for financial year 2021-22 does not exceed Rs 400 crores, the rate of tax shall be 25 percent (plus surcharge as applicable, if applicable – see **Note 2**).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>#</sup> for resident senior citizens of sixty years of age and above but below eighty years of age, Rs. 250,000 has to be read as Rs.300,000 and for resident senior citizens of eighty years of age and above Rs.250,000 has to be read as Rs.500,000.

<sup>\$</sup> Similarly for resident senior citizens of sixty years of age and above but below eighty years of age, Rs. 12,500 has to be read as 10,000 and Rs.1,12,500 has to be read as Rs. 1,10,000. And for resident senior citizens of eighty years of age and above Rs. 12,500 has to be read as Nil and Rs.1,12,500 has to be read as Rs. 100,000

 $<sup>^{2}</sup>$ New tax regime will become the default regime and accordingly, taxpayer needs to specifically opt for old tax regime (if proposed to be opted)

Section 115BAA of the Act provides that domestic companies shall have an option to pay income tax at the concessional rate of 22 percent (plus surcharge of 10 percent and an additional surcharge by way of health and education cess of 4 percent on the amount of tax plus surcharge) subject to the following conditions:

- no profit or investment linked deduction shall be availed under section 10AA, 32(1)(iia), 32AD, 33AB, 33ABA, 35(1)(ii), 35(1)(iia), 35(1)(iii), 35(2AA), 35(2AB), 35CCC, 35CCD or provisions of Chapter VI-A other than the provisions of section 80JJAA or section 80M;
- > no set off of brought forward loss of any earlier assessment years, if such loss is attributable to any of the deductions referred to in above condition. Such losses are deemed to have been given effect to and no further deduction shall be allowed; and
- > shall claim the depreciation under section 32, if any, except additional depreciation under section 32(1)(iia), determined in such manner as may be prescribed.

Certain additional points to be considered before opting for the provisions of the new section 115BAA of the Act are as below:

- Concessional rate of 22 percent shall not be applicable on incomes which are taxable at special rates.
- Provisions in relation to MAT under section 115JB of the Act shall not be applicable
- Such option shall be exercised on or before the due date of filing the return of income under section 139(1) of the Act.
- Such option once exercised, cannot be subsequently withdrawn.

Further, section 115BAB of the Act, provides that, domestic companies engaged solely in the business of manufacture/ production of any article/thing as the case may be, its related research or distribution and setup and registered on or after 1 October 2019 and who commences manufacturing or production up to 31 March 2024, will have an option to avail a lower tax rate of 15 percent (plus surcharge of 10 percent and an additional surcharge by way of health and education cess of 4 percent on the amount of tax plus surcharge) subject to the following conditions:

- > It is not formed by splitting-up/ reconstruction of a business already in existence;
- > It should not use the following assets:
  - Any plant or machinery previously used in India in value exceeding 20% of total value of plant or machinery;
  - Any building previously used as a hotel/ convention centre in respect of which deduction under section 80ID of the IT Act has been claimed and allowed
- ➤ no profit or investment linked deduction shall be availed under section 10AA, 32(1)(iia), 32AD, 33AB, 33ABA, 35(1)(ii), 35(1)(iia), 35(1)(iii), 35(2AA), 35(2AB), 35CCC, 35CCD or provisions of Chapter VI-A other than the provisions of section 80JJAA or section 80M;
- no set off of any carried forward losses and unabsorbed depreciation available under section 72A of the Act by virtue of amalgamation/demerger or any other restructuring where such loss/depreciation is attributable to any of the deduction referred above; and
- > shall claim the depreciation under section 32, if any, except additional depreciation under section 32(1)(iia), determined in such manner as may be prescribed.

Certain additional points to be considered before opting for the provisions of the new section 115BAB of the Act are as below:

- Concessional rate of 15 percent shall not be applicable on incomes which are taxable at special rates.
- Provisions in relation to MAT under section 115JB of the Act shall not be applicable

- > Such option shall be exercised on or before the due date of filing the return of income under section 139(1) of the Act
- > Such option once exercised, cannot be subsequently withdrawn.
- Income-tax payable in respect of income from short-term capital gains from transfer of capital asset on which no depreciation is allowable under the Act shall be computed at the rate of 22 percent (plus surcharge as applicable, see **Note 2** and an additional surcharge by way of health and education cess of 4 percent on the amount of tax plus surcharge).

# **Foreign Companies**

The tax rate applicable to foreign companies is 40 per cent [plus applicable surcharge and health and education cess – Refer **Note 2**].

# Partnership Firms & LLP's

The tax rates applicable would be 30 percent (plus surcharge and health and education cess as may be applicable (Refer Note 2) Note 2: Surcharge (as applicable to the tax charged on income)

Assessee	Rate of surcharge applicable*
Non-corporate taxpayers (other than firms and co-operative societies), when income does not exceed Rs 5,000,000 and	No basic surcharge.
Non-corporate taxpayers being firms and co- operative societies, when income does not exceed Rs 10,000,000	
Non-corporate taxpayers (other than firms and co-operative societies), when income [including dividends# and capital gains under section 111A, section 112A, section 112 and section 115AD(1)(b) of the IT Act] exceeds Rs 5,000,000 but does not exceed Rs 10,000,000	10 percent basic surcharge.
Non-corporate taxpayers (other than firms and co-operative societies), when income [including dividends# and capital gains under section 111A, section 112A, section 112 and section 115AD(1)(b) of the IT Act] exceeds Rs 10,000,000 but does not exceed Rs 20,000,000	15 percent basic surcharge.
Non-corporate taxpayers (other than firms and co-operative societies), when income [excluding dividends# and capital gains under section 111A, section 112A, section 112 and section 115AD(1)(b) of the IT Act] exceeds Rs 20,000,000 but does not exceed Rs 50,000,000	<ul> <li>25 percent basic surcharge on tax on income excluding dividend, capital gain under section 111A, section 112A, section 112 and section 115AD(1)(b) of the IT Act, and</li> <li>15 percent basic surcharge on tax on dividend, capital gains under section 111A, section 112A, section 112 and section 115AD(1)(b) of the IT Act.</li> <li>Surcharge rate shall not exceed 25% in case of individual and HUF opting for new tax regime under section 115BAC of the Act.</li> </ul>
Non-corporate taxpayers (other than firms and co-operative societies), when income [excluding	> 37 percent basic surcharge on tax on income excluding dividend, capital gain under section

Assessee	Rate of surcharge applicable*
dividends# and capital gains under section 111A, section 112A, section 112 and section 115AD(1)(b) of the IT Act] exceeds Rs 50,000,000	<ul> <li>111A, section 112A, section 112 and section 115AD(1)(b) of the IT Act, and</li> <li>15 percent basic surcharge on tax on dividend, capital gains under section 111A, section 112A, section 112 and section 115AD(1)(b) of the IT Act.</li> <li>Surcharge rate shall not exceed 25% in case of individual and HUF opting for new tax regime under section 115BAC of the Act.</li> </ul>
Non-corporate taxpayers (other than firms and co-operative societies), when income [excluding dividends# and capital gains under section 111A, section 112A, section 112 and section 115AD(1)(b) of the IT Act] does not exceeds Rs 20,000,000 but income [including dividends# and capital gains under section 111A, section 112A, section 112 and section 115AD(1)(b) of the IT Act] exceeds Rs 20,000,000	15 percent basic surcharge.
Non-corporate taxpayers being firms or co- operative societies, when income exceeds Rs 10,000,000	12 percent basic surcharge.
Domestic companies (other than companies availing benefit under section115BAA of the IT Act) having taxable income equal to or less then Rs.10,000,000	No basic surcharge.
Domestic companies (other than companies availing benefit under section115BAA of the IT Act) having taxable income more than Rs. 10,000,000 but does not exceed Rs 100,000,000	7 percent basic surcharge.
Domestic companies (other than companies availing benefit under section115BAA of the IT Act) having taxable income more than Rs 100,000,000	12 percent basic surcharge.
Domestic companies availing benefit under section115BAA and section 115BAB of the IT  Act	10 percent basic surcharge (irrespective of taxable income).
Foreign Companies (including corporate Foreign Portfolio Investors (FPI)) having taxable income equal to or less than Rs. 10,000,000 per annum	No basic surcharge.
Foreign Companies (including corporate FPI) having taxable income more than Rs.10,000,000 but does not exceed Rs 100,000,000 per annum	2 percent basic surcharge.
Foreign companies (including corporate FPI) having taxable income more than Rs 100,000,000	5 percent basic surcharge.

Tax plus surcharge shall be further increased by a health and education cess of 4 percent.

# Refers to dividend received from domestic companies and not to income from units received from Mutual Funds.

For further details, please refer to the SAI.

#### **INVESTOR SERVICES**

To resolve investor queries and grievances, the Fund has set up an Investor Service Cell that ensures prompt response to all investor queries and grievances. For any queries, complaints or grievances, the investor can contact the Investor Service Cell at the following address:

## Investor Services, Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund

Good Shepherd Square, 4th Floor, No.82, MGR Salai (Erstwhile Kodambakkam High Road), Chennai-600034, Tamil Nadu.

**Tel:** 1-800-425 4255 or 1800 258 4255 (Please prefix the city STD code if calling from a mobile phone. Local call rates apply to both the numbers)

**E-mail:** service@franklintempleton.com

Ms. Rini Krishnan has been appointed as the Investor Relations Officer of the AMC. She can contacted at the above address.

#### **COMPUTATION OF NAV**

The Net Asset Value (NAV) is the value of a Unit and is computed as shown below:

NAV =	Market Value of the scheme's investments + other assets (including accrued interest)				
(Rs. Per unit)	- all liabilities except unit capital & reserves				
,					
	Number of units outstanding at the end of the day				

For example, if the market value of securities of a mutual fund scheme is INR 200 lakh and the mutual fund has issued 10 lakh units of INR 10 each to the investors, then the NAV per unit of the fund is INR 20 (i.e.200 lakh/10 lakh).

The NAV will be normally computed for all Business Days of the Scheme and will be calculated to four decimals using standard rounding criteria.

Valuation of the scheme's assets, calculation of the scheme's NAV and the accounting policies & standards will be subject to such norms and guidelines that SEBI may prescribe from time to time. For the detailed Valuation Policy and the accounting policy of the AMC, please refer the Statement of Additional Information.

#### 05. FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE SCHEME

The information that is provided under this section seeks to assist the investor in understanding the expense structure of the Scheme and types of different fees and their percentage the investor is likely to incur on purchasing and selling the units of the Scheme.

#### **ANNUAL SCHEME RECURRING EXPENSES:**

These are the fees and expenses for operating the scheme. These expenses include Investment Management and Advisory Fee charged by the AMC, Registrar and Transfer Agents' fee, marketing and selling costs etc. as given in the table below.

In accordance with Regulations, the asset management company ("AMC") is entitled to charge the scheme with investment and advisory fees. In addition to such fees, the AMC may charge the scheme such expenses as may be permitted under Regulations from time to time.

The maximum annual recurring expenses that can be charged to the Scheme, excluding issue or redemption expenses, whether initially borne by the mutual fund or by the asset management company, but including the investment management and advisory fee shall be within the limits stated in Regulations 52 read with SEBI notification no. SEBI/LAD-NRO/GN/2018/51 dated December 13, 2018 and Para 10. 1 of Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023, as follows:

(I) Recurring expenses including the investment management and advisory fee subject to the limits specified in the table below (as % of daily net assets):

on the first Rs. 500 crores	2.25%
on the next Rs. 250 crores	2.00%
on the next Rs. 1,250 crores	1.75%
on the next Rs. 3,000 crores	1.60%
on the next Rs. 5,000 crores	1.50%
On the next Rs. 40,000 crores	Total expense ratio reduction of 0.05% for every increase of Rs.5,000 crores of daily net assets or part thereof.
Above Rs. 50,000 crores	1.05%

- (II) In addition to the above, the following costs or expenses may be charged to the Scheme, as per sub regulation 52(6A) namely-
- (a) brokerage and transaction costs which are incurred for the purpose of execution of trade up to 0.12 per cent of trade value in case of cash market transactions and 0.05 per cent of trade value in case of derivatives transactions
- (b) expenses not exceeding 0.30% of daily net assets, if the new inflows from retail investors from such cities as specified by SEBI from time to time are at least (i) 30% of gross new inflows in the scheme, or; (ii) 15% of the average assets under management (year to date) of the scheme, whichever is higher.

Provided that if inflows from retail investors from such cities are less than the higher of (i) or (ii) above, such expenses on daily net assets of the scheme shall be charged on proportionate basis.

Provided further that expenses charged under this clause shall be utilised for sales, marketing and distribution expenses incurred for bringing inflows from such cities.

Provided further that amount incurred as expense on account of inflows from retail investors from such cities shall be credited back to the scheme in case the said inflows are redeemed within a period of one year from the date of investment.

These expenses are in abeyance with effect from March 1, 2023 till further instructions from SEBI.

(c) additional expenses not exceeding 0.05% of daily net assets of the scheme towards various permissible expenses.

Provided that such additional expenses shall not be charged to the schemes where the exit load is not levied or applicable.

Any expenditure in excess of the limits specified in sub-regulations 52 (6) and 52 (6A)] shall be borne by the asset management company or by the trustee or sponsors.

- (III) The AMC may charge Goods and Service Tax on investment and advisory fees to the Scheme in addition to the maximum limit of annual recurring expenses as prescribed in Regulation 52. Further, the below mentioned expenses and charges shall be borne by the Scheme within the maximum limit of annual recurring expenses as prescribed in Regulation 52.
- a) Goods and Service Tax on expenses other than investment and advisory fees; and,
- b) brokerage and transaction costs (including Goods and Service Tax) incurred for the purpose of execution of trade in excess of 0.12% in case of cash market transactions and 0.05% in case of derivatives transactions, if any.

Within such total recurring expenses charged to the scheme as above, the investment management and advisory fee (charged as a percentage of daily net assets) would be as decided by the AMC from time to time, provided that the investment management and advisory fee shall not exceed the aggregate of expenses charged under clause (I) and (II)(c) above.

The total annual recurring expenses of the Scheme including the investment management and advisory fee (together with additional management fee wherever applicable) shall not exceed the limit stated in Regulation 52 read with aforesaid Para 10.1.16 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023, as explained above.

As per Para 10.1.16 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023, the AMC shall annually set apart at least 0.02% on daily net assets within the maximum limit of recurring expenses as per Regulation 52 for investor education and awareness initiatives.

The investments under 'Direct' shall have a lower expense ratio excluding distribution expenses, commission, etc., and no commission shall be paid on investments under Direct Plan. The Direct Plan shall also have a separate NAV.

The Trustee / AMC reserves the right to charge higher operating expenses in relation to investing overseas as and when SEBI permits.

The AMC has estimated the following recurring expenses for the first Rs.500 crores of Average Daily Net Assets:

Particulars	% of Average Daily Net Assets
Recurring expenses permissible under Regulation 52(6)(c)(i):  (a) Investment Management and Advisory Fee  (b) Expenses -  - Custodial Fees	(a) + (b) - not exceeding 2.25% of daily net assets
<ul> <li>Custodial Fees</li> <li>Registrar &amp; Transfer Agent Fees including cost related to providing accounts statement, IDCW/redemption cheques/warrants etc., Listing Fees</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Marketing &amp; Selling Expenses including distributor /agent Commission, brokerage &amp; transaction Cost pertaining to the distribution of units and statutory advertisements</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Costs related to investor communications</li> <li>Expenses towards investor education and awareness initiatives (at least 0.02%)</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Fees and Expenses of Trustees / Audit Fees</li> <li>Costs of fund transfer from location to location</li> <li>Goods and Service Tax on expenses other than investment and advisory fees</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Brokerage and transaction costs (including Goods and Service Tax) incurred for the purpose of execution of trade in excess of 0.12%(in case of cash market transactions) /0.05% (in case of derivatives transactions)</li> <li>Other permissible expenses</li> </ul>	
(c) Goods and Service Tax on investment and advisory fees	At actual
(d) Additional expenses permissible under Regulation 52(6A)(c) towards various permissible expenses	not exceeding 0.05% of daily net assets
(e) Expenses in case of inflows from retail investors from cities beyond Top 30 cities charged proportionately under Regulation 52(6A)(b) (refer II(b) above)	not exceeding 0.30% of daily net asset (These expenses are in abeyance with effect from March 1, 2023 till further instructions from SEBI)

The above estimates have been made in good faith as per the information available to the Investment Manager based on past experience and are subject to change inter-se and types of the expenses charged shall be as per the Regulations.

For the actual Annual Scheme Recurring expenses currently being charged, the investor should refer to <a href="https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/investor/reports?firstFilter-14">https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/investor/reports?firstFilter-14</a>

The tables relating to Annual Scheme Recurring Expenses given above and the Load structure given below have been given to the investor to assist him / her in understanding the various costs and expenses that an investor of the scheme will bear directly or indirectly.

Investment management fees are payable monthly in arrears. The direct expenses incurred by each scheme of Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund shall be chargeable to that scheme. The common expenses incurred on various schemes could be allocated to the schemes based on various parameters such as number of unitholders, the size of the corpus / assets, equally or any other basis in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Illustration of expenses and impact on the return						
	Regular Plan		Direct Plan*			
	Amount	Units	NAV Per Unit	Amount	Units	NAV Per Unit
Opening Investment and NAV Per Unit for the Day (a)	1,000,000	100,000	10.0000	1,000,000	100,000	10.0000
Closing Investment and NAV Per Unit for the Day (b)	1,099,940	100,000	10.9994	1,099,970	100,000	10.9997
NAV Movement ( $c = a - b$ )	99,940		0.9994	99,970		0.9997
Return for the Day after expenses (d = (c / a) %)	9.9940%		9.9940%	9.9970%		9.9970%
TER % (e)	2%			1%		
Distribution Expenses %(j)	1%					
Expenses for the Day (f = (b * e)/365 days)	60		0.0006	30		0.0003
Impact on Return due to Expenses % (g = (f / a) %)	0.0060%			0.0030%		
Value of investment prior to expense (h = b + f)	1,100,000		11.0000	1,100,000		11.0000
Return prior to expenses for the Day (i = d + g)	10.00000%			10.00000%		

<sup>\*</sup>The investments under 'Direct' has lower expense ratio excluding distribution expenses, commission, etc., and no commission is paid on investments under Direct Plan. The Direct Plan also has a separate NAV as illustrated above.

#### Notes:

- The above illustration is provided only to explain the impact of expense ratio on scheme's returns, and not to be construed as providing any kind of investment advice or guarantee on returns on investments.
- The Expense are charged on the closing asset under management and are subject to change on a periodic basis.
- The tax impact has not been considered in the above illustration. In view of the individual nature of
  the implications, each investor is advised to consult his or her own tax advisors/authorised dealers
  with respect to the specific amount of tax and other implications arising out of his or her participation
  in the schemes.

#### LOAD STRUCTURE

Load is an amount which is paid by the investor to subscribe to the units or to redeem the units from the scheme. Load amounts are variable and are subject to change from time to time. For the current applicable structure, please visit Franklin Templeton India's website (www.franklintempletonindia.com) or call at 1-800-425 4255 or 1800 258 4255 (Please prefix the city STD code if calling from a mobile phone. Local call rates apply to both the numbers) or contact your distributor.

	As % of NAV
Sales / Entry load on purchase / subscription	0%
Exit Load on redemption / repurchase	In respect of each purchase of Units - 1% if the Units are redeemed/switched- out within one year from the date of allotment
Load on Switch / Exchange	Switch-in: Same as entry load Switch-out: Same as exit load

For investments under 'Direct' plan, the Exit load applicable shall be the same as the exit load applicable in the respective Scheme/Scheme Portfolio.

The applicability of exit load in respect of switches between plans and options within the same Scheme will be as follows:

Nature of investment	Exit Load applicability
Existing and new investments made under a	No load will be charged on switches to Direct Plan
Distributor code	
Existing and new investments made without a	No load will be charged on switches to Direct.

o load will be charged on switches from Direct to
her plans and options under the Scheme available rinvestment under a Distributor code.
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For determining whether an investment was made under a Distributor code or not, the Distributor code as per the records of the AMC/Registrar on the date of the switch transaction will be considered.

As per Para 10.4.1.a of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023 no entry load will be charged for purchase/additional purchase/switches accepted by the Mutual Fund. Similarly, no entry load will be charged with respect to all applications for registrations under the Systematic Investment Plan (SIP)/Systematic Transfer Plan (STP) accepted by the Mutual Fund including SIPs registered prior to August 1, 2009.

The upfront commission on investment made by the investor, if any, shall be paid to the ARN Holder (AMFI registered distributor) directly by the investor, based on the investor's assessment of various factors including service rendered by the ARN Holder.

All the switches / exchanges will be treated as redemption in the source scheme and subscription in the destination scheme, with the entry and exit load as may be applicable. The switches of Units will be considered on First-in-First-Out (FIFO) basis.

The AMC/Trustee reserves the right to modify the Load/Fee mentioned above at any time in future on a prospective basis, subject to the limits prescribed under the SEBI Regulations.

For the information of the investors, any introduction / change of load (including CDSC) in the Scheme may be put up on the website of the Mutual Fund. The addendum detailing the changes may be circulated among the Investor Service Centres / Distributors / Brokers under directions to display it at their respective offices in form of a Notice and attach it to the copies of Scheme Information Documents and Key Information Memorandum (if required) already in stock. The load may also be disclosed in the account statement issued after the introduction of such load.

The investor is requested to check the prevailing load structure of the scheme before investing.

All loads (including CDSC) collected on units shall be retained in the Fund and maintained in a separate account and would strictly and fully be utilised by the Investment Manager in providing distribution related services to the Mutual Fund relating to the sale, promotion, advertising and marketing of Units of the Scheme, including payments to brokers / registrars for their services in connection with the distribution of the Units. Any surplus in this account may be credited to the scheme, whenever felt appropriate by the AMC. As per Para 10.4.1.a of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023, effective August 01, 2009, of the exit load or CDSC charged to the investor, a maximum of 1% of the redemption proceeds shall be maintained in a separate account which can be used by the AMC to pay commissions to the distributor and to take care of other marketing and selling expenses. Any balance shall be credited to the scheme immediately.

#### Credit of exit load to scheme:

Effective October 01, 2012, Exit load/ CDSC (if any) charged to the unit holders by the Mutual Fund on redemption (including switch-out) of units shall be credited to the respective scheme net of Goods and service tax. Goods and Service tax on exit load, if any, shall be paid out of the exit load proceeds.

<u>Load on bonus/Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option units:</u> As per Para 10.6 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023, no entry and exit load shall be charged on bonus units or units allotted on reinvestment of IDCW.

#### **06. RIGHTS OF UNITHOLDERS**

Please refer the SAI for details.

#### 07. GENERAL UNITHOLDER INFORMATION

#### **FOLIO / ACCOUNT NUMBER**

Every investor will have a Folio number. Within a Folio, an investor will have an account number for each fund or scheme into which he or she invests. The number of Units issued to an investor or redeemed by an investor will be reflected in his or her Account and a statement to this effect will be issued to the

Unitholder.

#### **RESPONSE TIMES**

The Fund will endeavour to adhere to the following response times with regard to various investor services from the time of receipt of correct and complete request at Franklin Templeton Asset Management (India) Pvt. Ltd., Chennai.

Activity	Timelines
Account Statement Mailing/e-mailing	5 working days from date of receipt
Dispatch of redemption proceeds	3 working days from date of receipt. In case of exceptional situations, additional time for redemption payment may be taken. This shall be in line with AMFI letter dated January 16, 2023.
Dispatch of Payout of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option	7 working days from record date

These response times do not include postal delivery time, acts of God or disruptions beyond the control of the AMC.

#### SCHEME TO BE BINDING ON THE UNITHOLDERS

The Trustee may, from time to time, add to or otherwise vary or alter all or any of the features, investment plans and terms of this Scheme after obtaining the prior approval of SEBI and the Government of India where necessary and the Unitholders in accordance with the SEBI Regulations, and the same shall be binding on each Unitholder and any person or persons claiming through or under him as if each Unitholder or such person expressly agreed that such features, plans and terms should be so binding.

#### **SCHEME COMPARISON**

As per Para 2.6 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023, Franklin Asian Equity Fund is a unique Product. It falls under 'Equity – Thematic Schemes Category'. The list of existing open ended Schemes falling under the Equity Schemes category are mentioned below.

Equity Schemes	Scheme Category	Product Positioning
Franklin India Bluechip Fund (FIBCF)	Large Cap Fund	A diversified equity portfolio investing predominantly in large-cap stocks.
Franklin India Flexi Cap Fund (FIFCF)	Flexi Cap Fund	A diversified equity portfolio with dynamic investing in large, mid and small cap stocks.
Franklin India Equity Advantage Fund (FIEAF)	Large & Mid Cap Fund	A diversified equity portfolio investing predominantly in large and mid-cap stocks.
Franklin India Taxshield (FIT)	Equity Linked Savings Scheme	A diversified equity portfolio for investors seeking exemption under Section 80C of the Income Tax Act.
Franklin India Focused Equity Fund (FIFEF)	Focused Fund	A diversified equity portfolio investing in companies / sectors having higher growth rates or above average potential with a focused approach to portfolio construction.
Templeton India Value Fund (TIVF)	Value Fund	A diversified equity portfolio with value investment strategy.
Templeton India Equity Income Fund (TIEIF)	Dividend Yield Fund	A diversified equity portfolio of securities with current or potentially attractive dividend yield from Indian and foreign securities
Franklin India Prima Fund (FIPF)	Mid Cap Fund	A diversified equity portfolio predominantly investing in mid-cap stocks.
Franklin India Smaller Companies Fund (FISCF)	Small Cap Fund	A diversified equity portfolio predominantly investing in small-cap stocks.
Franklin Build India Fund (FBIF)	Thematic - Infrastructure	An equity fund that invests in stocks of infrastructure and allied sectors.
Franklin India Opportunities Fund (FIOF)	Thematic - Special Situations	An equity fund with an emphasis on special situations through dynamic theme selection.
Franklin India Technology Fund (FITF)	Thematic - Technology	An equity fund that invests in stocks of technology and technology related companies.
Franklin Asian Equity Fund (FAEF)	Thematic - Asian Equity	An equity fund that invests in stocks of Asian companies / sectors (excluding Japan).

# 08. PENALTIES, PENDING LITIGATION OR PROCEEDINGS, FINDINGS OF INSPECTIONS OR INVESTIGATIONS FOR WHICH ACTION MAY HAVE BEEN TAKEN OR IS IN THE PROCESS OF BEING TAKEN BY ANY REGULATORY AUTHORITY

- All disclosures regarding penalties and action(s) taken against foreign Sponsor(s) may be limited to the jurisdiction of the country where the principal activities (in terms of income / revenue) of the Sponsor(s) are carried out or where the headquarters of the Sponsor(s) is situated. Further, only top 10 monetary penalties during the last three years shall be disclosed. **NIL**
- In case of Indian Sponsor(s), details of all monetary penalties imposed and/ or action taken during the last three years or pending with any financial regulatory body or governmental authority, against Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company; for irregularities or for violations in the financial services sector, or for defaults with respect to shareholders or debenture holders and depositors, or for economic offences, or for violation of securities law. Details of settlement, if any, arrived at with the aforesaid authorities during the last three years shall also be disclosed As provided below.
- □ Details of all enforcement actions taken by SEBI in the last three years and/ or pending with SEBI for the violation of SEBI Act, 1992 and Rules and Regulations framed there under including debarment and/ or suspension and/ or cancellation and/ or imposition of monetary penalty/adjudication/enquiry proceedings, if any, to which the Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company and/ or any of the directors and/ or key personnel (especially the fund managers) of the AMC and Trustee Company were/ are a party. The details of the violation shall also be disclosed: As provided below.
  - In connection with an inspection carried out by the Registrar of Companies (ROC) in 2010 and the response filed by the company in 2011, the company and some of its directors including exdirectors received a show-cause notice dated 17-Dec-2017 from the office of the ROC. The show cause notice indicated observations made by the inspection team about some irregularity under section 193 of Companies Act 1956 The Company applied to compound the violation under section 621A/441 of Companies Act 1956/2013. The Regional Director, MCA, accepted Company's application and levied a compounding fee of INR 500/- (Rupees Five Hundred only) per officer and vide an order dated January 16, 2020, acknowledged the receipt of a total compounding fee of INR 5000/- (Rupees Five Thousand Only), concluding this matter.
  - In connection with the decision of Franklin Templeton Trustee Services Private Limited (Trustee) to wind up six fixed income schemes of Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund (Schemes) effective April 24, 2020, the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) initiated a forensic audit/inspection in May 2020 through an appointed outside auditor. The Trustee, as well as Franklin Templeton Asset Management (India) Private Limited (AMC), and certain AMC directors, officers, and employees received show cause notices in November 2020, alleging certain deficiencies and areas of non-compliance with respect to certain provisions of SEBI Act, 1992 and rules and regulations framed thereunder, including SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996. Following the respondents' responses to the show cause notices, on June 7, 2021, SEBI issued an order against the AMC and on June 14, 2021, a separate joint order against the Trustee and certain AMC officers and employees. In its orders, SEBI found violations of certain regulatory provisions, including similarity in investment strategies among the schemes, calculation of duration and valuation of portfolio securities, deficiencies in documentation relating to investment diligence and investment terms, and portfolio risk management. SEBI's orders include as applicable, aggregate monetary penalties of INR 20 crores; disgorgement of investment management and advisory fees, together with interest through the date of SEBI's order totaling INR 512.5 crores, with continuing accrual of 12% interest until paid; and a prohibition on the AMC from launching new fixed income schemes in India for a two-year period. The orders are available publicly on SEBI's website. The respondents filed appeals, as well as applications to stay enforcement of SEBI's orders pending resolution of the appeals, with the Securities Appellate Tribunal (SAT). In June 2021, the SAT granted the stay requested by the AMC, subject to the AMC's deposit of INR 250.0 crore into an escrow account, which has been deposited. In July 2021, SEBI appealed the SAT's stay order to the honorable Supreme Court (SC). Based on the AMC's submission that it would not launch new fixed income schemes pending resolution of its appeal, the SC did not interfere with the SAT's stay order with respect to the monetary amounts and disposed of SEBI's appeal. In July 2021, the SAT also granted the Trustee and AMC employees' stay requests, subject to the deposit of an aggregate of INR 7.5 crore into an escrow account, which has been deposited. The appeals before the SAT remain pending.

In July 2023, the Honorable Supreme Court allowed AMC's request to modify the undertaking and permitted it to launch new debt schemes.

SEBI also issued orders against three AMC directors finding unfair trade practices based on their personal investment redemptions from the Schemes and imposed monetary penalties. In the case of one individual, SEBI also issued an order prohibiting him from accessing or being associated with the Indian securities market among other directions. The orders are available on the website of SEBI. Each of the directors filed appeals, as well as applications to stay enforcement of SEBI's order pending resolution of those appeals, before the SAT, and the SAT granted the stay requests conditioned on deposit of a portion of the ordered monetary amounts, which amounts have been deposited.. The directors' appeals before the SAT remain pending.

Any pending material civil or criminal litigation incidental to the business of the Mutual Fund to which the Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company and/ or any of the directors and/ or key personnel are a party should also be disclosed separately:

#### INTERNATIONAL OPERATIONS

Templeton International Inc. (TII) is involved from time to time in litigation relating to claims arising in the normal course of business. To the extent any such litigation is currently pending none is currently reasonably expected to have a material adverse effect on TII's financial condition or the ability of Franklin Templeton Asset Management (India) Private Limited to provide investment management services.

#### INDIAN OPERATIONS

In May and June 2020, Franklin Resources, Inc. and certain of its subsidiaries, including the AMC, Trustee, and TII (Sponsor), as well as related individuals (collectively, the Franklin Respondents), were named as respondents, along with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) and other governmental entities, in multiple writ petition actions filed before the high courts of Gujarat, Delhi and Chennai, seeking, among other things, to challenge the Trustee's decision in April 2020 to wind up six fixed income mutual fund schemes (Schemes). The petitioners further alleged that the Franklin Respondents violated various regulations, mismanaged the Schemes, misrepresented or omitted certain information relating to the Schemes, and/or engaged in other alleged misconduct. The petitioners requested a wide range of relief, including, among other items, an order quashing the winding up notices and blocking the unitholder votes, initiating investigations into the Franklin Respondents, and allowing the unitholder petitioners to redeem their investments with interest. One of the petitioners obtained an interim injunction order staying the operation and implementation of the unitholder voting process, which had been convened by the Trustee in order to obtain unitholder consent to the appointment of a liquidator. Following appeals to the SC, the petitions were transferred to the High Court of Karnataka for consolidated proceedings.

In October 2020, the High Court of Karnataka issued its judgment, in which it upheld the decision to wind up the Schemes and held that there was "nothing wrong with the decision-making process," but determined that consent of the unitholders was required to implement the decision. Certain Franklin Respondents (the Trustee and AMC) and other parties filed cross-appeals to the SC. In December 2020, with the approval of the SC, and without prejudice to its arguments on appeal that unitholder approval of the wind-up decision is not required, the Trustee proceeded with unitholders' votes for each of the six Schemes, which concluded on December 29, 2020, and a substantial majority (above 96%) of the voting unitholders of each of the Schemes voted in favor of the winding-up of the Schemes. Meanwhile, the SC allowed the Trustee to distribute the cash available in the schemes (INR 9122 crores as of January 15, 2021) to the respective unitholders proportionately and appointed SBI Funds Management Pvt. Ltd., (SBIFM) a public sector asset manager, to undertake the distribution. In February 2021, the SC issued a decision confirming the results of the unitholder votes and appointed SBIFM to serve as the liquidator to monetize the remaining assets of the Schemes and distribute the same to unitholders.

Further, vide order dated July 14, 2021, the SC interpreted regulation 18(15)(c) and regulation 39 to 42 harmoniously and held that consent of the unitholders, as envisaged under clause (c) to regulation 18(15), is not required before publication of notices under regulation 39(3) (to suspend business including redemption) and such consent should be sought post publication of the notice by the

Trustees. The SC also observed that the trustees had complied with the requirement of publication of the notice and accordingly the cease and freeze effect of Regulation 40 (effect of winding-up) had become effective on the date of publication of the notice. The appeals before the SC remain pending. As of September 30, 2023, the schemes have distributed an amount of 27,508 crores to unitholders in the aggregate, which is 109.09% of the AUM as of April 23, 2020. The matter is sub-judice.

Any deficiency in the systems and operations of the Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees/Trustee Company which SEBI has specifically advised to be disclosed in the SID, or which has been notified by any other regulatory agency, shall be disclosed: **Nil** 

The above information has been disclosed in good faith as per the information available to the AMC.

Notwithstanding anything contained in the Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the Guidelines thereunder shall be applicable.

This Scheme Information Document is an updated version of the same in line with the current laws/regulations and other developments.

#### For FRANKLIN TEMPLETON ASSET MANAGEMENT (INDIA) PVT. LTD.

Investment Manager: FRANKLIN TEMPLETON MUTUAL FUND

Sd/-

Avinash Satwalekar

President

#### **DIRECTORY**

Sponsor Templeton International, Inc. 300 S.E. 2nd Street, 11th Floor, Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301, USA.	Investment Manager Franklin Templeton Asset Management (India) Pvt. Ltd. One International Centre, Tower 2, 12th and 13th Floor, Senapati Bapat Marg, Elphinstone Road (West), Mumbai 400013	Trustee Franklin Templeton Trustee Services Pvt. Ltd. One International Centre, Tower 2, 12th and 13th Floor, Senapati Bapat Marg, Elphinstone Road (West), Mumbai 400013
Registrars Computer Age Management Services Private Limited No.10 (Old No.178), M.G.R. Salai, Nungambakkam, Chennai – 600 034	Custodian Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited (HSBC) 52/60, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Mumbai 400 001	Auditors B S R & Co. LLP, Chartered Accountants – having its office at 5th Floor, Lodha Excelus, Appollo Mills Compound, N. M. Joshi Marg, Mahalaxmi, Mumbai – 400 011

## Franklin Templeton Branch Offices (Investor Service Centres)

Name of the Branch	Address
Ahmedabad	202 Abhijit-III, Opp. Mayor's Bunglow, Mithakhali Six Roads Navrangpura, Ahmedabad 380009 Fax: (079) 26462685
Allahabad	S N Tower, 4C Maharishi Dayananad Marg, Opp. Radio Station, Civil Lines, Allahabad-211001
Bangalore	26-27, 1st floor, Northern Area West Wing, Raheja Towers MG Road, Bangalore – 560001. Fax-080-67149595
Bhubaneswar	77, Kharavel Nagar, Unit III, Janpath, Bhubaneswar 751001 Fax: (0674) 2531026
Bhopal	Guru Arcade, 2nd Floor, Ramgopal Maheshwari Marg, Plot No.153, M P Nagar Zone 1, Bhopal – 462011
Chandigarh	S.C.O 413-414, 1st Floor, Sector 35-C, Chandigarh - 160022 Fax: (0172)-2622341
Chennai	Century Centre, 75 T.T.K. Road, Alwarpet, Chennai 600018 Fax: (044) 24987790
Cochin (Kochi)	41/418–C, Chicago Plaza, First Floor, Rajaji Road, Ernakulam, Cochin 682035 Fax: (0484) 2373076
Coimbatore	424-C Red Rose Towers, Second Floor, D. B. Road, R. S. Puram, Coimbatore 641002 Fax: (0422) 2470277
Dehradun	Shop No. 5, 1st Floor, Swaraj Complex, Opp. Hotel Madhuban, Rajpur Road, Dehradun—248001 Fax: (0135) 2719873
Guwahati	ITAG Plaza, 2nd Floor, Office No. 2C, G.S. Road, Main Road, ABC, Guwahati – 781005
Hyderabad	Unit No 402, 6-3-1085/1 4th Floor, Dega Towers Rajbhavan Road, Somajiguda , Hyderabad-500 082 Fax: (040) 23400030
Indore	101, Starlit Towers, Opp. State Bank of India, Head Office, 29/1 Y. N. Road, Indore 452001 Fax: (0731) 4201507
Jaipur	Office No.18, 2nd Floor, Laxmi Complex, M.I Road, Jaipur -302001, Rajasthan.
Jalandhar	BX III 455, Shakti Tower, Upper Basement, Below Vishal Mega Mart, G. T. Road, Jalandhar 144001 Fax: (0181) 5080783
Jamshedpur	Fair Deal Complex,1st Floor, Office Unit 1B, Main Road, Opp. Ram Mandir, Bistupur, Jamshedpur-831001
Kanpur	Office no 208, 209 & 210, 2nd floor KAN Chambers, Civil lines, Kanpur- 208001
Kolkata	4th Floor, A Block, 22, Abanindra Nath Thakur Sarani (Known as Camac Street), Kolkata – 700016
Lucknow	Office no. 2, Ground Floor, Regency Plaza, Opposite Dr. Shyama Prasad Mukherji Hospital (Civil), 5 Park road, Hazratganj, Lucknow - 226001
Ludhiana	SCO-37, First Floor, Feroze Gandhi Market, Ludhiana 141001 Fax: (0161) 3012101
Madurai	Suriya Towers, 1st floor ,Door No 272 /273 , Good Shed Street , Madurai 625001 Fax: (0452) 2350144
Mangalore	First Floor, Manasa Towers, M. G. Road, Kodialbail, Mangalore 575003 Fax: (0824) 2493749
Mumbai	(a) Unit No.202/203/204, 2nd Floor, Dalamal Tower, Plot No. 211, Free Press Journal Marg, Nariman Point, Mumbai - 400 021
	Fax: (022) 22810923 (b) Indiabulls Finance Centre, Tower 2, 13th Floor, Senapati Bapat Marg, Elphinstone Road (West), Mumbai 400013 Fax: (022) 66391284
Nagpur	Shop No. 3 & 4, Ground Floor, Maharshi Shivpad Complex, Plot No. 262, West

	High Court Road, Bajaj Nagar, Nagpur 440010
Nashik	Fax: (0712) 2242238  2nd Floor, Bedmutha's Navkar Heights, New Pandit Colony, Near Rajiv Gandhi Bhavan, Saharanpur Road, Nashik 422002 Fax: (0253) 2574329
New Delhi	707-710, 7th Floor, Ashoka Estate Building, 24 Barakhamba Road, New Delhi 110001 Fax: (011) 23752019
Patna	Unit No.402, 4th Floor, Sai Tower, New Dak Bungalow Road, Patna – 800 001
Panjim	J N Chambers, Third floor, Opp. Mahalaxmi Chambers, Dr. Shirgaonkar Road, Panaji ,Goa 403001
Pune	401, Karan Selene, above Yes Bank, 187, Bhandarkar Road, Pune 411004 Fax: (020) 25665221
Raipur	First Floor, Piyank tower, GE Road, Raja Talab, Raipur - 492001 Fax: (0771) 4033614
Rajkot	408-409, 4th Floor, Sadhana Downtown, Jubilee Chowk, Jawahar Road, Rajkot – 360 001
Ranchi	Saluja Tower, 6th Floor, Peepe Compound, Sujata Chowk, Main Road, Ranchi – 834001
Salem	214/215, Second Floor, Kandaswarna Shopping Mall, Sarada College Road, Salem 636016 Fax: (0427) 2446854
Surat	HG-29 International Trade Centre, Majura Gate Cross Road Signal, Ring Road, Surat 395002 Fax: (0261) 2473744
Trichy	Arun Arcade, 75/1, First Floor, First Cross, North East Extension, Thillainagar, Trichy 620018 Fax: (0431) 2760013
Vadodara	Unit No 306, Third Floor, Golden Icon, Opp. BSNL, Bird Circle, Old Padra Road, Vadodara – 390007
Varanasi	D-64/127, C-H, Arihant Complex, 4th Floor, Sigra, Varanasi, Uttar Pradesh
Vijayawada	White House, First Floor, Room # 2, M. G. Road, Vijayawada 520010 Fax: (0866) 6695550
Visakhapatnam	204, First Floor, Eswar Plaza, Dwaraka Nagar, Visakhapatnam 530016 Fax: (0891) 6666806

## **National Call Centre:**

1800 425 4255 or 1800 258 4255 (please prefix the city STD code if calling from a mobile phone, Local call rates apply to both the numbers) from 8:00 a.m. to 9:00 p.m., Monday to Saturday.

## **Collection Centres:**

## **Branch Office of Computer Age Management Services Limited**

Name of the branch	Address
Agartala(Tirupura)	Advisor Chowmuhani (Ground Floor),KrishnanagarAgartala,Tripura,799001
Agra(Uttarpradesh)	No. 8, II Floor Maruti Tower Sanjay Place ,Agra ,Uttarpradesh-282002
Ahmedabad(Gujarat)	111- 113,1 st Floor- Devpath Building Off C G Road Behind Lal Bungalow,Ellis Bridge, Ahmedabad Gujarat 380006
Ahmednagar(Maharashtra)	Office No.3.1st Floor,Shree Parvati,Plot No.1/175,Opp. Mauli Sabhagruh,Zopadi Canteen,Savedi,Ahmednagar-414003  AMC No. 423/30 Near ChurchOpp T B Hospital,Jaipur
Ajmer(Rajasthan)	AMC No. 423/30 Near ChurchOpp T B Hospital,Jaipur Road,Ajmer,Rajasthan,305001
Akola(Maharashtra)	Opp. RLT Science CollegeCivil Lines, Akola, Maharashtra, 444001
Aligarh(Uttarpradesh)	City Enclave, Opp. Kumar Nursing Home Ramghat Road Aligarh Uttarpradesh-202001
Allahabad(Uttarpradesh)	30/2, A&B, Civil Lines Station Besides ,Vishal Mega Mart Strachey Road, Allahabad ,Uttarpradesh-211001
Alleppey(Kerala)	Doctor's Tower Building, Door No. 14/2562, 1st floor, North of Iorn Bridge, Near Hotel Arcadia Regency, AlleppeyKerala, 688001
Alwar(Rajasthan)	256A, Scheme No:1,Arya Nagar,Alwar,Rajasthan,301001
Amaravati(Maharashtra)	81, Gulsham Tower,2nd Floor,Near Panchsheel Talkies,Amaravati,Maharashtra,444601
Ambala(Haryana)	SCO 48-49,Ground Floor,opp peer, Bal Bhawan Road, Ambala City, Haryana
Amritsar(Punjab)	3rd Floor,Bearing Unit No-313,Mukut House,Amritsar-143001
Anand(Gujarat)	101, A.P. Tower,B/H, Sardhar Gunj,Next to Nathwani Chambers,AnandGujarat388001
Anantapur(Andhra Pradesh)	15-570-33, I FloorPallavi Towers,Subash RoadOpp:Canara Bank,Anantapur,AndhraPradesh,515001
Andheri(Maharashtra)	CAMS Pvt Ltd,No.351,Icon,501,5 <sup>th</sup> Floor,Western Express Highway,Andheri East,Mumbai-400069
Angul(Orissa)	Similipada,Near Sidhi Binayak +2 Science Collage,Angul-759122
Ankleshwar(Gujarat)	Shop No - F -56First Floor,Omkar ComplexOpp Old Colony,Nr Valia Char Rasta,GIDC,Ankleshwar,Gujarat,393002
Arrah(Bihar)	Old NCC Office, Ground Floor, Club Road, Arrah-802301
Asansol(West Bengal)	Block – G 1st Floor,P C Chatterjee Market Complex Rambandhu Talab PO, Ushagram Asansol Westbengal Pin No 713303
Aurangabad(Maharashtra)	2nd Floor,Block No.D-21-D-22,Motiwala Trade Centre,Nirala Bazar,New Samarth Nagar,Opp.HDFC Bank,Aurangabad-431001
Balasore(Orissa)	B C Sen Road,Balasore,Orissa,756001
Ballari(Karnataka)	No.18/47/A,Govind Nilaya,Ward No.20,Sangankal Moka Road,Gandhinagar,Ballari-583102
Bangalore (Karnataka)	Trade Centre,1st Floor45, Dikensen Road (Next to Manipal Centre) Bangalore,Karnataka,560042

Bangalore (Wilson Garden)(Karnataka)	First Floor, No.17/1, (272) 12Th Cross Road, Wilson Garden, Bangalore-560027
Bankura(West Bengal)	1st Floor, Central Bank Building, Machantala, P.O. & District- Bankura, West Bengal- 722101
Bagalkot (Karnataka)	Shop No. 2, 1st floor,Shreyas Complex,Near Old Bus Stand, Bagalkot - 587 101
Barasat(West Bengal)	N/39, K.N.C Road, 1st Floor, Shrikrishna Apartment, (Behind HDFC Bank Barasat Branch) Dist :24PGS (North) Barasat -700 124 West Bengal
Bareilly(Uttarpradesh)	F-62-63,2nd Floor, Butler Plaza Commercial Complex Civil Lines Bareilly Uttarpradesh-243001
Basti(Uttarpradesh)	CAMS C/O RAJESH MAHADEV & CO SHOP NO 3,1st Floor JAMIA COMLEX STATION ROAD BASTI PIN 272002
Belgaum(Karnataka)	Classic Complex,Block No.104,1st Floor,Saraf Colony,Khanapur Road,Tilakwadi,Belgaum-590006  Kalika temple Street,Ground Floor,Beside SBI BAZAR
Berhampur(Orissa)	Kalika temple Street,Ground Floor,Beside SBI BAZAR Branch,Berhampur-760002
Bhadrak(Orissa)	Das & Das Complex, 1st Floor, By Pass Road, Opposite to Vishal Mega Mart, Chhapulia, Bhadrak-756100, Odisha
Bhagalpur(Bihar)	Ground Floor, Gurudwara Road, Near Old Vijaya Bank, Bhagalpur - 812001
Bharuch(Gujarat)	A-111,First Floor,R K Casta,Behind Patel Super Market,Station Road,Bharuch-392001
Bhatinda(Punjab)	2907 GH,GT Road,Near Zila Parishad,Bhatinda,Punjab,151001
Bhavnagar(Gujarat)	501 – 503 , Bhayani Skyline, Behind Joggers Park, Atabhai Road, Bhavnagar – 364001
Bhilai(Chattisgarh)	1st Floor,Plot No.3,Block No.1,Priyadarshini Pariswar west,Behind IDBI Bank,Nehru Nagar,Bhilai-490020  C/o Kodwani Associtates Shope No 211-213 2nd floor Indra Prasth
Bhilwara(Rajasthan)	Tower syam Ki Sabji Mandi Near Mukerjee Garden Bhilwara-311001 (Rajasthan)
Bhopal(Madhyapradesh)	Plot no 10, 2nd Floor,Alankar Complex,Near ICICI Bank,MP Nagar, Zone II,Bhopal,MadhyaPradesh462011
Bhubaneswar(Orissa)	Plot No -111, Varaha Complex Building3rd Floor, Station Square, Kharvel Nagar, Unit 3-Bhubaneswar-Orissa-751001
Bhuj(Gujarat)	Office No.4-5,First Floor,RTO Relocation Commercial Complex-B,Opp.Fire Station,Near RTO Circle,Bhuj-Kutch-370001
Bhusawal (Parent: Jalgaon TP)(Maharashtra)	3, Adelade Apartment, Christain Mohala, Behind Gulshan-E-Iran Hotel, Amardeep Talkies Road, Bhusawal, Maharashtra, 425201
Bijapur (Karnataka)	Padmasagar Complex,1st floor, 2nd Gate,Ameer Talkies Road, Vijayapur(Bijapur) – 586101
Bikaner(Rajasthan)	Behind rajasthan patrika In front of vijaya bank 1404,amar singh pura Bikaner.334001
Bilaspur(Chattisgarh)	Shop No.B-104, First Floor, Narayan Plaza, Link Road, Bilaspur (C.G)-495001
Bohorompur(West Bengal)	No.107/1, A C Road, Ground Floor, Bohorompur, Murshidabad, West Bengal-742103  Mazzanine FloorF-4, City Centre, Sector 4, Bokaro Steel
Bokaro(Jharkhand)	City,Bokaro,Jharkhand,827004
Bolpur (West Bengal)	Netaji Market, 1st Floor Room No Fb 28, Bolpur Birbhum Birbhum Pin No 731204
Borivali(Maharashtra)	501 – TIARA, CTS 617, 617/1-4, off Chandavarkar Lane, Maharashtra Nagar, Borivali – West, Mumbai – 400092
Burdwan(West Bengal)	399 G T Road,Basement, Building Name: - Talk of the Town, Burdwan-713101.West- Bengal

Calicut(Kerala)	29/97G 2nd Floor,S A Arcade,Mavoor Road,Arayidathupalam,CalicutKerala-673016
Chandigarh(Punjab)	Deepak TowerSCO 154-155,1st Floor-Sector 17-Chandigarh-Punjab-160017
Chandrapur(Maharashtra)	Opp Mustafa décor,Behind Bangalore, BakeryKasturba Road,Chandrapur,Maharashtra,442402
Chennai(Tamilnadu) Chennai-Satelite	Ground Floor No.178/10,Kodambakkam High RoadOpp. Hotel Palmgrove,Nungambakkam-Chennai-Tamilnadu-600034
ISC(Tamilnadu)	No.158,Rayala Tower-1,Anna salai,Chennai-600002
Chhindwara(Madhyapradesh)	2nd Floor,Parasia Road,Near Surya Lodge,Sood Complex,Above Nagpur CT Scan, Chhindwara,MadhyaPradesh 480001
Chittorgarh(Rajasthan)	3, Ashok Nagar, Near Heera Vatika, Chittorgarh, Rajasthan 312001
Cochin(Kerala)	Building Name Modayil, Door No. 39/2638 DJ, 2nd Floor 2A M.G. Road, Cochin - 682 016
Coimbatore(Tamilnadu) Coochbehar	No.1334,Thadagam Road,Thirumurthy Layout,R.S.Puram,Behind Venketeswara Bakery,Coimbatore-641002  Nipendra Narayan Road (N.N Road) Opposite Udichi Market , Near
(West Bengal)	Banik Decorators , PO & Dist : Coochbehar. Pin 736101
Cuttack(Orissa)	Near Indian Overseas BankCantonment Road,Mata Math,Cuttack,Orissa,753001
Darbhanga(Bihar)	Ground Floor , Belbhadrapur, Near Sahara Office, Laheriasarai Tower Chowk, Laheriasarai, Darbhanga- 846001.
Davangere(Karnataka)	13, Ist Floor,Akkamahadevi Samaj ComplexChurch Road,P.J.Extension,Davangere,Karnataka,577002
Dehradun(Uttarkhand)	204/121 Nari Shilp Mandir Marg(Ist Floor) Old Connaught Place,Chakrata Road,Dehradun,Uttarakhand,248001
Deoghar(Jharkhand)	S S M Jalan RoadGround floorOpp. Hotel Ashoke,Caster Town,Deoghar,Jharkhand,814112
Dhanbad(Jharkhand)	Urmila Towers,Room No: 111(1st Floor) Bank More,Dhanbad,Jharkhand,826001  16A/63A, Pidamaneri Road, Near Indoor Stadium,Dharmapuri,Tamilnadu
Dharmapuri(Tamilnadu)	636701
Dhule(Maharashtra)	House No 3140, Opp Liberty Furniture, Jamnalal Bajaj Road, Near Tower Garden, Dhule, Maharashtra 424001
Dibrugarh(Assam)	Amba Complex,Ground Floor,H S Road,Dibrugarh-786001
Dimapur(Nagaland)	H/NO-2/2, SKK Building,OPP SUB-Urban Police Station,Dr Hokishe Sema Road,Signal Point,Dimapur-797112
Durgapur(West Bengal)	Plot No.3601,Nazrul Sarani,City Centre,Durgapur-713216
Erode(Tamilnadu)	No.197, Seshaiyer Complex, Agraharam Street, Erode, Tamilnadu, 638001
Faizabad(Uttarpradesh)	1/13/196,A,Civil Lines,Behind Tripati Hotel,Faizabad,Uttarpradesh- 224001
Faridabad(Haryana)	LG3, SCO 12 Sector 16, Behind Canara Bank, Faridabad - 121002
Firozabad(Uttarpradesh)	53,1st Floor ,Shastri Market, Sadar Bazar, Firozabad, Uttarpradesh-283203
Gandhi Nagar(Gujarat)	No.507,5Th Floor,Shree Ugati Corporate Park,Opp Pratik Mall,Nr Hdfc Bank,Kudasan,Gandhinagar-382421
Gandhidham(Gujarat)	Shyam Sadan,First Floor,Plot No.120,Sector 1/A,Gandhidham-370201
Gangtok(Sikkim)	House No: GTK /006/D/20(3), (Near Janata Bhawan) D.P.H. road, Gangtok-737101, Sikkim
D(Bihar)	C/o Sri Vishwanath Kunj, Ground Floor, Tilha Mahavir Asthan, Gaya – 823001

Ghatkopar(Maharashtra)	East, Mumbai-400077
	1st Floor,C-10 RDC Rajnagar,Opp Kacheri Gate No.2,Ghaziabad-
Ghaziabad(Uttarpradesh)	201002 Office No.103,1st Floor,Unitech City Centre,M.G.Road,Panaji Goa,Goa-
Goa(Goa)	403001
Gondal (Parent	
Rajkot)(Gujarat)	A/177, Kailash Complex Opp. Khedut Decor Gondal, Gujarat, 360311
Gorakhpur(Uttarpradesh)	Shop No.5 & 6,3Rd Floor,Cross Road The Mall,A D Tiraha,bank Road,Gorakhpur-273001
Gulbarga(Karnataka)	Pal Complex, Ist Floor,Opp. City Bus Stop,SuperMarket,Gulbarga,Karnataka 585101
Guntur(Andhra Pradesh)	D No.31-13-1158,1st Floor,13/1 Arundelpet,Ward No.6,Guntur-522002
Gurgaon(Haryana)	Unit No-115, First Floor Vipul Agora Building Sector-28, Mehrauli Gurgaon Road Chakkar Pur, Gurgaon – 122001 Haryana
Guwahati(Assam)	Piyali Phukan Road,K.C.Path,House No.1,Rehabari,Guwahati-781008
	G-6 Global Apartment, Kailash Vihar Colony, Opp. Income Tax Office, City Centre
Gwalior(Madhyapradesh)	Gwalior Madhya Pradesh-474002  Mouza-Basudevpur, J.L. No. 126, Haldia Municipality, Ward No 10,
Haldia(West Bengal)	Durgachak, Haldia Pin Code :- 721602
Haldwani(Uttarpradesh)	Durga City Centre, Nainital Road, Haldwani, Uttarakhand-263139
Haridwar(Uttarpradesh)	F-3, Hotel Shaurya, New Model Colony, Haridwar-249 408
Hazaribag(Jharkhand)	Municipal MarketAnnanda Chowk,Hazaribag,Jharkhand,825301
Himmatnagar(Gujarat)	D-78, First Floor,New Durga Bazar,Near Railway Crossing,Himmatnagar,Gujarat 383001
Hisar(Haryana)	No-12, Opp. HDFC Bank,Red Square Market,Hisar,Haryana,125001
	Near Archies Gallery, Shimla Pahari Chowk, Hoshiarpur, Punjab 146001
Hoshiarpur(Punjab) Hassan	Pankaja,2nd floor,Near Hotel Palika, Race Course Road,Hassan -
(Karnataka)	573201
Hosur(Tamilnadu)	Survey No.25/204,Attibele Road,HCF Post,Mathigiri,Above Time Kids School,Oppsite To Kuttys Frozen Foods,Hosur-635110
Hubli(Karnataka)	No.204 - 205,1st Floor' B ' Block, Kundagol ComplexOpp. Court, Club Road,Hubli,Karnataka,580029
Hyderabad(Telangana)	208, II FloorJade ArcadeParadise Circle,Hyderabad,Telangana,500003
Indore(Madhyapradesh)	101, Shalimar Corporate Centre8-B, South Tukogunj,Opp.Greenpark, Indore,MadhyaPradesh,452001
Jabalpur(Madhyapradesh)	8, Ground Floor, Datt Towers,Behind Commercial Automobiles,Napier Town,Jabalpur,MadhyaPradesh,482001
Jaipur(Rajasthan)	R-7, Yudhisthir Marg C-SchemeBehind Ashok Nagar Police Station, Jaipur, Rajasthan, 302001
Jalandhar(Punjab)	144,Vijay Nagar,Near Capital Small Finance Bank,Football Chowk,Jalandar City-144001
Jalgaon(Maharashtra)	Rustomji Infotech Services70, NavipethOpp. Old Bus StandJalgaon,Maharashtra,425001
Jalna(Maharashtra)	Shop No 6, Ground Floor, Anand Plaza Complex, Bharat Nagar, Shivaji Putla Road, Jalna, Maharashtra, 431203
Jalpaiguri(West Bengal)	Babu Para, Beside Meenaar Apartment ,Ward No VIII, Kotwali Police Station,Jalpaiguri-735101 West Bengal
Jammu(Jammu & Kashmir)	JRDS Heights,Lane Opp. S&S Computers Near RBI Building, Sector 14, Nanak Nagar Jammu,Jammu &Kashmir,180004
Jamnagar(Gujarat)	207, Manek Centre, PN Marg, Jamnagar, Gujarat, 361001

	Millennium Tower, "R" RoadRoom No:15 First Floor,
Jamshedpur(Jharkhand)	Bistupur, Jamshedpur, Jharkhand, 831001  Office Number 112, 1st Floor Mahatta Tower, B Block Community Centre, Janakpuri, New Delhi -110058
Janakpuri(New Delhi)	Phone- 011-41254618
Jaunpur(Uttarpradesh)	248, Fort Road Near Amber Hotel, Jaunpur Uttarpradesh-222001
	No.372/18D,1st Floor Above IDBI Bank,Beside V-Mart,Near
Jhansi(Uttarpradesh)	RAKSHAN,Gwalior Road,Jhansi-284001
Jodhpur(Rajasthan)	1/5, Nirmal Tower,1st Chopasani Road,Jodhpur,Rajasthan,342003
Jorhat(Assam)	Dewal Road ,Second Floor, Left side second building, Near Budhi Gukhani Mandir, Gar Ali , Jorhat –785001
Junagadh(Gujarat)	"Aastha Plus", 202-A, 2nd FloorSardarbag Road, Nr. AlkapuriOpp. Zansi Rani Statue Junagadh Gujarat-362001
odnagadn(Odjarat)	-
Kadapa(Andhra Pradesh)	Bandi Subbaramaiah Complex,D.No:3/1718, Shop No: 8, Raja Reddy Street,Kadapa,AndhraPradesh,516001
Kakinada(Andhra Pradesh)	D No.25-4-29,1St floor,Kommireddy vari street,Beside Warf Road,Opp swathi medicals,Kakinada-533001
Kalyani(West Bengal)	A-1/50,Block A,Kalyani,Dist Nadia,Westbengal-741235
Kannur(Kerala)	Room No.PP.14/435Casa Marina Shopping CentreTalap,Kannur,Kerala,670004
Kangra	College Road Kangra, Opp. Vishal Mega Mart, Tehsil & Distt. Kangra
(Himachal Pradesh)	Himachal Pardesh -176001  I Floor 106 to 108City Centre Phase II,63/ 2, The Mall Kanpur
Kanpur(Uttarpradesh)	Uttarpradesh-208001
Karimnagar(Telangana)	HNo.7-1-257, Upstairs S B H mangammathota,Karimnagar,Telangana,505001
Karnal (Parent :Panipat TP)(Haryana)	No.29,Avtar Colony,Behind vishal mega mart,Karnal-132001
Karur(Tamilnadu)	126 G, V.P.Towers, Kovai Road,Basement of Axis BankKarur,Tamilnadu,639002
Katni(Madhyapradesh)	1st Floor,Gurunanak dharmakanta,Jabalpur Road,Bargawan,Katni,MadhyaPradesh 483501
Khammam(Telangana)	Shop No: 11 - 2 - 31/3, 1st floor,Philips Complex,Balajinagar, Wyra Road,Near Baburao Petrol Bunk,Khammam,Telangana 507001
Kharagpur(West Bengal)	"Silver Palace" OT Road, Inda-Kharagpur, G-P-Barakola, P.S. Kharagpur Local, Dist West Midnapore-721305
Kolhapur(Maharashtra)	2 B, 3rd Floor, Ayodhya Towers, Station Road, Kolhapur, Maharashtra, 416001
Kolkata(West Bengal)	2/1,Russell Street,2nd Floor,Kankaria Centre,Kolkata-700071
Kolkata (West Bengal)	3/1,R.N. Mukherjee Road, 3rd Floor, Office space -3C, Shreeram Chambers, Kolkata -700 001
Kollam(Kerala)	Uthram Chanmbers(Ground Floor), Thamarakulam, Kollam-691006
Korba(Chattisgarh)	KH. No. 183/2G, Opposite Hotel Blue Diamond, T.P. Nagar, Korba-495677
Kota(Rajasthan)	B-33 'Kalyan Bhawan,Triangle Part,Vallabh Nagar,Kota,Rajasthan,324007
Kottayam(Kerala)	1307 B,Puthenparambil Building,KSACS Road,Opp.ESIC Office,Behind Malayala Manorama Muttambalam P O,Kottayam-686501  No.15-31-2M-1/4,1st floor,14-A,MIG,KPHB
Kukatpally(Telangana)	colony,Kukatpally,Hyderabad-500072
Kumbakonam(Tamilnadu)	No.28/8, 1st Floor, Balakrishna Colony, Pachaiappa Street, Near VPV Lodge, Kumbakonam – 612001

Krishnanagar (West Bengal)	Municipility More , Opposite Kotwali Thana. Pin 741101
Kurnool(Andhra Pradesh)	Shop No.26 and 27,Door No.39/265A and 39/265B,Second Floor,Skanda Shopping Mall,Old Chad Talkies,Vaddageri,39th Ward,Kurnool-518001
Lucknow(Uttarpradesh)	Office No.107,1St Floor,Vaisali Arcade Building,Plot No 11, 6 Park Road,Lucknow-226001
Ludhiana(Punjab)	U/ GF, Prince Market, Green Field, Near Traffic Lights, Sarabha Nagar Pulli, Pakhowal Road, Ludhiana, Punjab, 141002
Madurai(Tamilnadu)	Shop No 3 2nd Floor, Suriya Towers, 272/273 – Goodshed Street, Madurai -625001
Malappuram(Kerala)	Kadakkadan Complex,Opp central school,Malappuram-676505
Malda(West Bengal)	Daxhinapan Abasan,Opp Lane of Hotel Kalinga,SM Pally,Malda,Westbangal 732101
Mangalore(Karnataka)	14-6-674/15(1), Shop No -UG11-2, Maximus Complex, Light House Hill Road, Mangalore- 575001
Mandi (Himachal Pradesh)	1st Floor, Above Ram Traders, 328/12, Ram Nagar, Mandi, Himachal Pradesh – 175001
Manipal(Karnataka)	Shop No-A2,Basement floor, Academy Tower,Opposite Corporation Bank,Manipal,Karnataka 576104
Mapusa (Parent ISC : Goa)(Goa)	CAMS COLLECTION CENTRE,Office No.503,Buildmore Business Park,New Canca By pass Road,Ximer,Mapusa Goa-403507
Margao(Goa)	F4-Classic Heritage, Near Axis Bank, Opp. BPS Club, Pajifond, Margao, Goa-403601
Mathura(Uttarpradesh)	159/160 Vikas Bazar Mathura Uttarpradesh-281001
Meerut(Uttarpradesh)	108 Ist Floor Shivam Plaza,Opp: Eves Cinema, Hapur Road,Meerut,Uttarpradesh,250002
Mehsana(Gujarat)	1st Floor,Subhadra ComplexUrban Bank RoadMehsana,Gujarat,384002
Mirzapur(Uttarpradesh)  Moga(Punjab)	1st Floor,Canara Bank Building,Dhundhi Katra,Mirzapur-231001 Street No 8-9 Center, Aarya Samaj Road. Near Ice Factory. Moga -142 001
woga(i diijab)	H 21-22, Ist Floor
	Ram Ganga Vihar Shopping Complex, Opposite Sale Tax Office,
Moradabad(Uttarpradesh)	Moradabad-244001
Mumbai(Maharashtra)	Rajabahdur Compound,Ground FloorOpp Allahabad Bank, Behind ICICI Bank30, Mumbai Samachar Marg, FortMumbai,Maharashtra,400023
Muzaffarnagar(Uttarpradesh)	No.235,Patel Nagar,Near Ramlila Ground,New Mandi,Muzaffarnagar
Muzaffarpur(Bihar)	Brahman Toli, Durgasthan Gola Road, Muzaffarpur, Bihar, 842001
Mysore(Karnataka)	No.1,1st Floor,CH.26 7th Main, 5th Cross (Above Trishakthi Medicals),Saraswati Puram,Mysore,Karnataka,570009
Nadiad(Gujarat)	F 134, First Floor, Ghantakarna Complex Gunj Bazar, Nadiad, Gujarat, 387001
Nagpur(Maharashtra)	145 ,Lendra,New Ramdaspeth,Nagpur,Maharashtra,440010
Namakkal(Tamilnadu)	156A / 1, First Floor, Lakshmi Vilas BuildingOpp. To District Registrar Office, Trichy Road,Namakkal,Tamilnadu 637001
Nanded(Maharashtra)	Shop No.8,9 Cellar "Raj Mohammed Complex" Main Road Shri Nagar,Nanded-431605
Nasik(Maharashtra)	1st Floor, "Shraddha Niketan", Tilak Wadi, Opp Hotel City Pride, Sharanpur Road, Nasik-422002
Navsari(Gujarat)	214-215,2nd floor, Shivani Park, Opp.Shankheswar Complex,Kaliawadi,Navsari –396445,Gujarat

Nellore(Andhra Pradesh)	Shop No. 2, 1st Floor,NSR Complex,James Garden, Near Flower Market,Nellore - 524001
New Delhi(New Delhi)	7-E, 4th FloorDeen Dayaal Research Institute BuildingSwami Ram Tirath Nagar,Near Videocon Tower Jhandewalan Extension,New Delhi,NewDelhi,110055
New Delhi-CC(New Delhi)	Flat no.512, Narian Manzil, 23 Barakhamba Road Connaught Place,NewDelhi,110001
Nizamabad(Telangana)	5-6-208, Saraswathi nagar, Opposite Dr.Bharathi rani nursing home, Nizamabad, AndhraPradesh503001
Noida(Uttarpradesh)	Commercial Shop No.GF 10 & GF 38, Ground Floor, Ansal Fortune Arcade, Plot No. K-82, Sector -18, Noida-201301
Ongole (Andhra Pradesh)	Shop No 1128, 1st Floor, 3rd Line, Sri Bapuji Market complex, Ongole-523001
Palakkad(Kerala)	10 / 688, Sreedevi Residency, Mettupalayam Street, Palakkad, Kerala, 678001
Palanpur(Gujarat)	Gopal Trade center, Shop No.13-14,3Rd Floor, Nr.BK Mercantile bank, Opp. Old Gunj, Palanpur-385001
Panipat(Haryana)	SCO 83-84, First Floor, Devi Lal Shopping Complex, Opp RBL Bank, G.T.Road , Panipat, Haryana, 132103
Pathankot(Punjab)	13 - A, Ist Floor, Gurjeet Market, Dhangu Road, Pathankot, Punjab 145001
Patiala(Punjab)	No.35 New Lal Bagh,Opp.Polo Ground,Patiala-147001  G-3, Ground Floor,OM ComplexNear Saket Tower, SP Verma
Patna(Bihar)	Road,Patna,Bihar,800001
Pitampura(New Delhi)	Number G-8, Ground Floor,Plot No C-9, Pearls Best Height -II, Netaji Subhash Place,Pitampura, New Delhi – 110034
Pondicherry(Pondicherry)	S-8, 100, Jawaharlal Nehru Street (New Complex, Opp. Indian Coffee House), Pondicherry, Pondicherry, 605001
Pune(Maharashtra)	Vartak Pride,1st Floor,Survey No.46,City Survey No.1477,Hingne budruk,D.P.Road,Behind Dinanath mangeshkar Hospital,Karvenagar,Pune-411052
Rae Bareli(Uttarpradesh)	17, Anand Nagar Complex Opposite Moti Lal Nehru Stadium SAI Hostel Jail Road Rae Bareilly Uttar pradesh -229001
Raipur(Chattisgarh)	HIG,C-23 Sector - 1Devendra Nagar,Raipur,Chattisgarh,492004
Rajahmundry(Andhra Pradesh)	Door No: 6-2-12, 1st Floor,Rajeswari Nilayam,Near Vamsikrishna Hospital,Nyapathi Vari Street, T Nagar,Rajahmundry,AndhraPradesh,533101
Rajapalayam(Tamilnadu)	No 59 A/1, Railway Feeder Road(Near Railway Station)RajapalayamTamilnadu626117
Rajkot(Gujarat)	Office 207 - 210, Everest BuildingHarihar ChowkOpp Shastri Maidan,Limda Chowk,Rajkot,Gujarat,360001
Ranchi(Jharkhand)	4,HB RoadNo: 206,2nd Floor Shri Lok ComplexH B Road Near Firayalal,Ranchi,Jharkhand,834001
Ratlam(Madhyapradesh)	Dafria & Co,No.18, Ram Bagh, Near Scholar's School,Ratlam, MadhyaPradesh 457001
Ratnagiri(Maharashtra)	Orchid Tower,Gr Floor,Gala No.06,S.V.No.301/Paiki 1/2,Nachane Municiple Aat,Arogya Mandir,Nachane Link Road,At,Post,Tal.Ratnagiri Dist.Ratnagiri-415612
Rohtak(Haryana)	SCO 06,Ground Floor,MR Complex,Near Sonipat Stand Delhi Road,Rohtak-124001  22, Civil Lines, Ground Floor,Hotel Krish
Roorkee(Uttarkhand)	Residency,Roorkee,Uttarakhand 247667
Rourkela(Orissa)	2nd Floor,J B S Market Complex,Udit Nagar,Rourkela-769012
Sagar(Madhyapradesh)	Opp. Somani Automobile,s Bhagwanganj Sagar, MadhyaPradesh 470002
Saharanpur(Uttarpradesh)	I Floor, Krishna ComplexOpp. Hathi GateCourt Road,Saharanpur,Uttarpradesh,247001

Salem(Tamilnadu)	No.2, I Floor Vivekananda Street,New Fairlands,Salem,Tamilnadu,636016
Sambalpur(Orissa)	C/o Raj Tibrewal & AssociatesOpp.Town High School,Sansarak Sambalpur,Orissa,768001
Sangli(Maharashtra)	Jiveshwar Krupa BldgShop. NO.2, Ground Floor, Tilak ChowkHarbhat Road, Sangli, Maharashtra-416416  117 / A / 3 / 22, Shukrawar Peth, Sargam ,
Satara(Maharashtra)	Apartment,Satara,Maharashtra,415002
Seerampur(West Bengal)	47/5/1, Raja Rammohan Roy SaraniPO. Mallickpara, Dist. Hoogly, Seerampur, Westbangal, 712203  Bijlipura, Near Old Distt Hospital, Jail Road, Shahjahanpur Uttarpradesh-
Shahjahanpur(Uttarpradesh)	242001
Shillong(Meghalaya)	3rd FloorRPG Complex,Keating Road,Shillong,Meghalaya,793001
Shimla(Himachal Pradesh)	I Floor, Opp. Panchayat Bhawan Main gateBus stand,Shimla,HimachalPradesh,171001
Shimoga(Karnataka)	No.65 1st FloorKishnappa Compound1st Cross, Hosmane Extn,Shimoga,Karnataka,577201
Silchar (Assam)	House No 18B , 1st Fllor , C/o Lt. Satyabrata Purkayastha Ambicapatty , Silchar 788004
Siliguri(West Bengal)	No.78,Haren Mukherjee Road,1st Floor,Beside SBI Hakimpara,Siliguri-734001
Sirsa(Haryana)	M G Complex, Bhawna marg , Beside Over Bridge, Sirsa Haryana,125055
Sitapur(Uttarpradesh)	Arya Nagar Near Arya Kanya School Sitapur Uttarpradesh-261001
Solan(Himachal Pradesh)	1st Floor, Above Sharma General Store, Near Sanki Rest house, The Mall, Solan, Himachal Pradesh 173212
Solapur(Maharashtra)	Flat No 109, 1st FloorA Wing, Kalyani Tower126 Siddheshwar Peth,Near Pangal High SchoolSolapur,Maharashtra,413001
Sri Ganganagar(Rajasthan)	18 L BlockSri Ganganagar,Rajasthan,335001
Srikakulam(Andhra Pradesh)	Door No 4—4-96,First Floor.Vijaya Ganapathi Temple Back Side,Nanubala Street ,Srikakulam, AndhraPradesh 532001
Sultanpur(Uttarpradesh)	967, Civil Lines Near Pant Stadium Sultanpur Uttarpradesh-228001
Surat(Gujarat)	Shop No.G-5,International Commerce Center,Nr.Kadiwala School,Majura Gate,Ring Road,Surat-395002
Surendranagar(Gujarat)	2 M I Park, Near Commerce College, Wadhwan City, Surendranagar Gujarat 363035
Suri (West Bengal)	Police Line , Ramkrishna Pally , Suri , Birbhum 731101
Tambaram(Tamilnadu)	3rd Floor, B R Complex,No.66,Door No.11A,Ramakrishna lyer Street,Opp.National Cinema Theatre,West Tambaram,Chennai-600045
Tezpur(Assam)	Kanak Tower -1st Floor Opp. IDBI Bank/ ICICI Bank C.K. Das Road, Tezpur Sonitpur, Assam - 784001
Thane(Maharashtra)	Dev Corpora,1st Floor,Office No.102,Cadbury Junction,Eastern Express Way,Thane-400601
Tinsukia(Assam)	CAMS Transaction Point, Bhowal Complex Ground Floor, Near Dena Bank, Rongagora Road PO / Dist - Tinsukia Assam PIN -786 125
Tirunelveli(Tamilnadu)	No.F4,Magnam Suraksaa Apatments,Tiruvananthapuram Road,Tirunelveli-627002
Tirupati(Andhra Pradesh)	Shop No: 6,Door No: 19-10-8,(Opp to Passport Office),AIR Bypass Road,Tirupati-517501,AndhraPradesh
Tirupur(Tamilnadu)	1(1), Binny Compound,II Street,Kumaran Road,Tirupur,Tamilnadu,641601

	1st Floor,Room No-61(63),International shopping Mall,Opp.ST Thomas
Tiruvalla(Kerala)	Evangelical Church, Above Thomsan Bakery, Manjady, Thiruvalla-689105
Trichur(Kerala)	Room No. 26 & 27Dee Pee Plaza, Kokkalai, Trichur, Kerala, 680001
Trichy(Tamilnadu)	No 8, I Floor, 8th Cross West Extn, Thillainagar, Trichy, Tamilnadu, 620018
Trivandrum(Kerala)	TC No: 22/902, 1st - Floor "Blossom" Bldg, Opp.Nss Karayogam, Sasthamangalam Village P.O, Thiruvananthapuram, Trivandrum-695010
Tuticorin(Tamilnadu)	4B/A16, Mangal Mall Complex,Ground Floor,Mani Nagar,TuticorinTamilnadu628003
Udaipur(Rajasthan)	No.32,Ahinsapuri,Fatehpura Circle,Udaipur-313001
Ujjain(Madhyapradesh)	109, 1st Floor, Siddhi Vinayak Trade Center, , Shahid Park, Ujjain – 456010
Vadodara(Gujarat)	103 Aries Complex,Bpc Road, Off R.C.Dutt Road,Alkapuri,Vadodara,Gujarat,390007
Valsad(Gujarat)	3rd floor,Gita Nivas, opp Head Post Office,Halar Cross LaneValsad,Gujarat,396001
Vapi(Gujarat)	208, 2nd Floor HEENA ARCADE,Opp. Tirupati TowerNear G.I.D.C. Char Rasta,Vapi,Gujarat,396195
Varanasi(Uttarpradesh)	Office no 1, Second floor, Bhawani Market, Building No. D-58/2-A1, Rathyatra Beside Kuber Complex, Varanasi, Uttarpradesh-221010
Vasco(Parent Goa)(Goa)	No DU 8, Upper Ground Floor, Behind Techoclean Clinic, Suvidha Complex Near ICICI Bank, Vasco, Goa, 403802
Vashi(Maharashtra)	BSEL Tech Park,B-505,Plot No.39/5 & 39/5A,Sector 30A,Opp.Vashi Railway StationmVashi,Navi Mumbai-400705
Vellore(Tamilnadu)	Door No. 86, BA Complex, 1 <sup>st</sup> Floor, Shop No.3, Anna Salai (Officer Line), Tollgate, Vellore - 632 001
Vijayawada(Andhra Pradesh)	40-1-68, Rao & Ratnam Complex, Near Chennupati Petrol Pump, M.G Road, Labbipet, Vijayawada, Andhra Pradesh, 520010
Vijaynagaram (Andhra Pradesh)	Door No. 4-8-73, Beside Sub Post Office, Kothagraharam, Vizianagaram – 535001, Andhra Pradesh
Visakhapatnam (Andhra Pradesh)	Flat No GF2, D NO 47-3-2/2, Vigneswara Plaza, 5th Lane, Dwarakanagar, Visakhapatnam- 530 016
Warangal(Telangana)	Hno. 2-4-641, F-7, 1st Floor, A.B.K Mall, Old Bus Depot Road, Ramnagar, Hanamkonda, Warangal.Telangana- 506001
Yamuna Nagar(Haryana)	124-B/R,Model TownYamunanagar,Yamuna Nagar,Haryana,135001
Yavatmal(Maharashtra)	Pushpam, Tilakwadi,Opp. Dr. Shrotri Hospital,Yavatmal,Maharashtra 445001